



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Prepared by Administrative Services Department City of Rolling Hills Estates, California

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2011

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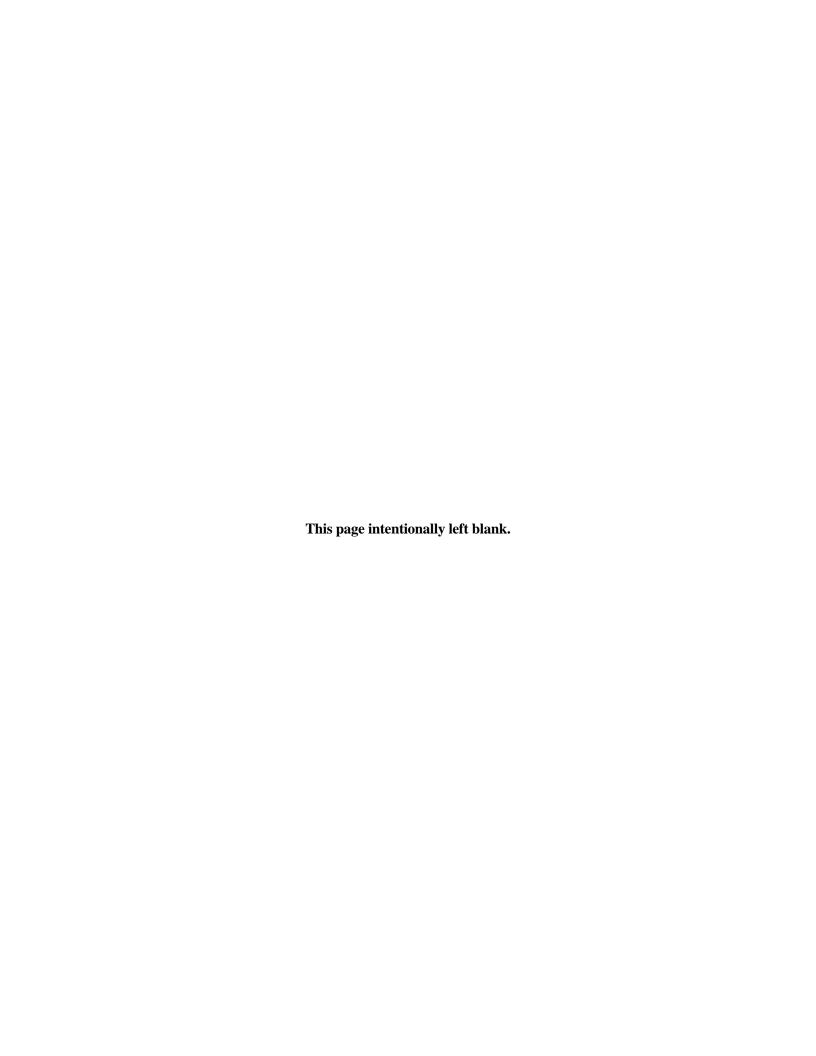
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STEVEN ZUCKERMAN
Mayor
SUSAN SEAMANS
Mayor Pro Tem
JUDY MITCHELL
Council Member
FRANK V. ZERUNYAN
Council Member
JOHN C. ADDLEMAN
Council Member
DOUGLAS R. PRICHARD
City Manager



City of

ROLLING HILLS ESTATES

4045 Palos Verdes Drive North • Rolling Hills Estates, CA 90274 310-377-1577 • FAX 310-377-4468 www.ci.Rolling-Hills-Estates.ca.us

January 13, 2012

Honorable Mayor and City Council

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Rolling Hills Estates City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, is hereby submitted as mandated by both local ordinances and state statutes. These ordinances and statutes require that the City of Rolling Hills Estates issue annually a report on its financial position and activity, and that an independent firm of certified public accountants audit this report. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and component units of the City of Rolling Hills Estates. In addition, to the best of our knowledge, there are no untrue statements of material fact within the financial statements or omissions of material fact to cause the financial statements to be misleading. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

The financial reporting entity (the government) includes all the funds of the primary government (i.e., the City of Rolling Hills Estates as legally defined), as well as its component unit, the Peppertree Foundation. A component unit is a legally separate entity for which the primary government is financially accountable. The City provides a broad range of services, including police protection, solid waste collection, construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and infrastructure, planning and zoning activities, recreational activities, cultural events, and general administrative services. The City of Rolling Hills Estates is a contract city, meaning that some of these services are provided by contract with other agencies (both public and private) and some services are delivered by the City's own employees.

Special districts provide library services, fire protection services, and sewer services. The City has excluded the County of Los Angeles, as well as the State of California and various school districts, from the financial reporting entity because they do not meet the established criteria for inclusion.

GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE, ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City of Rolling Hills Estates is located on a coastal peninsula overlooking the Pacific Ocean in Los Angeles County, 15 miles south of the City of Los Angeles. The City was incorporated September 18, 1957. The City currently has a land area of 4.18 square miles and a population of 8,118. The City is a "bedroom" community with a commercial center. Rolling Hills Estates is home to the Promenade

on the Peninsula mall, Peninsula Center Shopping Center, and several other businesses in the City's commercial district.

The City has operated under the council-manager form of government since incorporation. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the governing council, which consists of five council members, including the mayor and mayor pro-tem. The governing council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and hiring the City Manager and the City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the government's departments. The Council is elected on a non-partisan, atlarge basis. Council members are elected to four-year staggered terms with two or three council members elected every two years. The council designates the mayor and mayor pro-tem for a one-year term.

Though the City's overall fund balance decreased during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, it is important to continue to measure the City's financial strength over time, not just on the basis of the most recent three or four years experience. The budget adopted by the City Council for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011 presents the expectation of a positive net operating result. Management continues to practice conservative fiscal policies as directed by Council.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City's staff, following specific directives of the City Council and the City Manager, has been involved in a variety of projects throughout the year. These projects reflect the government's commitment to ensuring that its citizens are able to live and work in an enviable environment.

Planning, Building, and Code Enforcement

- The Planning Commission and City Council approved amendments to the Municipal Code for the storage of large vehicles and to the Horse Overlay Zone for the keeping of horses.
- The Planning Commission and City Council reviewed and approved the Chandler Ranch and Rolling Hills Country Club project for the development of 114 single family homes and the development of a new country club building and redesigned 18-hole golf course.
- The Planning Commission approved a proposal for an expansion to Rolling Hills Covenant Church.
- The City continues to process plans for the Brickwalk project to repair the Indian Peak Landside project.
- The City continues to process plans for the Peter Weber Equestrian Center.
- The City continued to provide review and inspection services for commercial and residential projects of various types.
- The City continued to process code enforcement cases and adopted an administrative citation ordinance to assess fines for code violations.

Public Works

- Completed the Environmental Analysis and Preliminary Engineering phases of the PVDN Bikelane Project. This project is funded by a combination of Federal and State grants totaling \$2,081,000 and \$544,580, respectively. The improvements include the construction of an onstreet bike path on both sides of PVDN between Crenshaw Boulevard and the west City limits, street resurfacing, drainage, and intersection improvements.
- Undertook the preliminary engineering phases of the Underground Utility District that will remove utility lines and poles on PVDN adjacent the intersection of PVDE. This project, with an estimated cost of \$1,525,000, is funded entirely with SCE Rule 20A funds at no cost to the City. Staff evaluated the feasibility of expanding the limits of the project in conjunction with the Butcher Project.
- Completed construction of the Palos Verdes Drive North resurfacing and rehabilitation project between Crenshaw Blvd. and Rolling Hills Road funded by American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 (\$391,080) and Prop C funds (\$90,115) in the total amount of \$481,195.
- Completed construction of the Illuminated Street Name Signs Project (\$65,765) the Traffic Signal Modification Project (\$52,228) funded by the federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA).
- Completed construction of the Pinto, Pony, Palomino and Shadow Lanes street resurfacing and rehabilitation project (\$218,725), utilizing Prop 1B, Measure R and General Funds.

Community Services

- The City continued to offer the use of regional and local park facilities to residents and local non-profit youth sports organizations.
- Docents and paid contractor staff from the Palos Verdes Peninsula Land Conservancy continued their successful docent-led hike programs at George F. Canyon Nature Center.
- The City hosted the annual City Celebration, Tracy Austin Doubles Tennis Tournament, Mayor's Breakfast Ride, Hills Are Alive Race, and Holiday Parade events.

Administration

• The City Council engaged in extensive lobbying efforts on behalf of local government, particularly pertaining to protection of local revenues, and regional representation due in large to part to active roles Council Members took in League of California Cities and CCCA and South Bay Cities COG leadership and policy committees.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Administrative Services Department of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an appropriate internal control structure. The internal control system is designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgements by management.

<u>Single Audit.</u> As a recipient of federal, state, and county financial assistance, the City is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management. In years when over \$500,000 is expended on Federal financial assistance programs, the City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations</u>. For the year ended June 30, 2011, less than \$500,000 was expended on Federal financial assistance programs; and therefore, a single audit was not required.

Budgeting Controls. The City of Rolling Hills Estates maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions contained in the annual appropriated budgets approved by the City Council. Activities of the General fund, Special Revenue funds, and Proprietary funds are included in the annual appropriated budgets of the government units. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the program level. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device. Additionally, unexpected capital project account balances are carried over to the following year's budget appropriations with Council approval.

<u>Debt Administration</u>. At June 30, 2011, the City had no general obligation debt and certificates of participation or revenue bonds. Feasible is a new debt obligation in the near future with the restricting of the City's Public Employee's Retirement System Miscellaneous Plan Unfunded Accrued Actuarial Liability.

<u>Fiduciary Operations.</u> The City of Rolling Hills Estates has one fiduciary fund that is used to account for assets (cash) held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for other governmental units, private organizations or individuals. The Peninsula Parking Agency funds is restricted as to its use and is not available to fund the operating activities of the City, and as such, is offset by a liability equal to the carrying amount of the assets.

OTHER INFORMATION

<u>Independent Audit.</u> The City requires an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Macias Gini & O'Connell LLP conducted this year's audit. The auditor's report is included in the financial section of this report.

GFOA Certificate of Achievement Award. The Government Finance Officer's Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement in Financial Reporting to the City of Rolling Hills Estates for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. This was the sixteenth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

CSMFO Certificate of Award for Outstanding Financial Reporting. The California Society of Municipal Finance Officers (CSMFO) is a state organization which sponsors extensive training and emphasizes high standards in all aspects of municipal finance operations, including financial reporting. However, CSMFO decided to decrease duplication of awards from CSMFO and GFOA, and as such, the City can only participate in CSMFO's program if the City did not receive the GFOA CAFR award the previous year. Therefore, the City is not eligible to participate in CSMFO's award program.

<u>Acknowledgments.</u> Preparation of this report was the accomplishment by combined efforts of many individuals. We wish to acknowledge the assistance of our auditors, Macias Gini & O'Connell LLP, and the contributions of the Administrative Services Department staff: Amelia Chan and Laurie Moromisato. Additionally, we want to acknowledge the contributions of the Department Heads and the Assistant City Manager.

Respectfully submitted,

for Aller

Douglas R. Prichard

City Manager

Michael C. Whitehead Administrative Services Director

Muhub White

Directory of City Officials June 30, 2011

STEVEN ZUCKERMAN MAYOR

SUSAN SEAMANS JUDY MITCHELL MAYOR PRO TEMPORE COUNCIL MEMBER

FRANK V. ZERUNYAN JOHN C. ADDLEMAN COUNCIL MEMBER COUNCIL MEMBER

City Manager Douglas R. Prichard

Assistant City Manager Gregory Grammer

City Attorney Robert J. Tyson

Administrative Services Director Michael C. Whitehead

Director of Planning David Wahba

Director of Community Services Andy Clark

Code Enforcement Environmental Advisory Committee Traffic & Safety Committee Planning Equestrian Committee Planning Commission Rolling Hills Estates City Government Public Safety Information Technology Administrative Services Assistant City Manager Rolling Hills Estates City Manager City Council Citizens of Finance & Treasurer Public Works Human Resources Analyst Deputy City Clerk Maintenance Services Equestrian Services Recreation Services Park & Acti Community Services

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

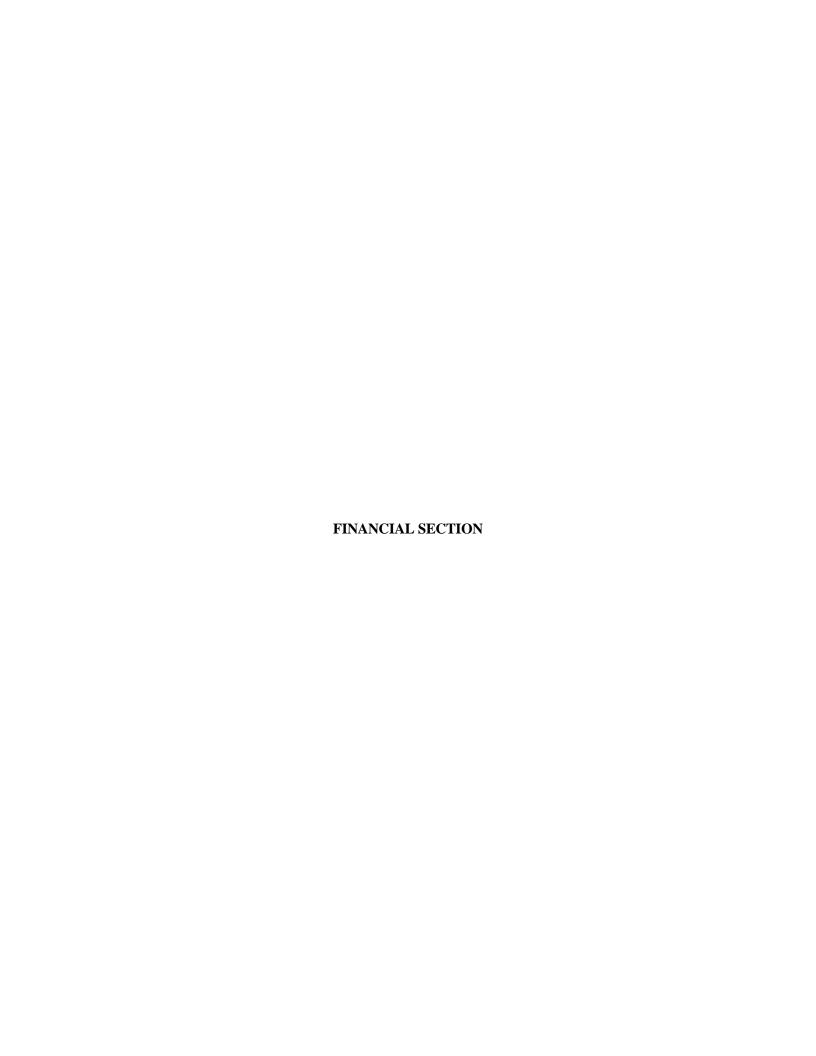
City of Rolling Hills Estates California

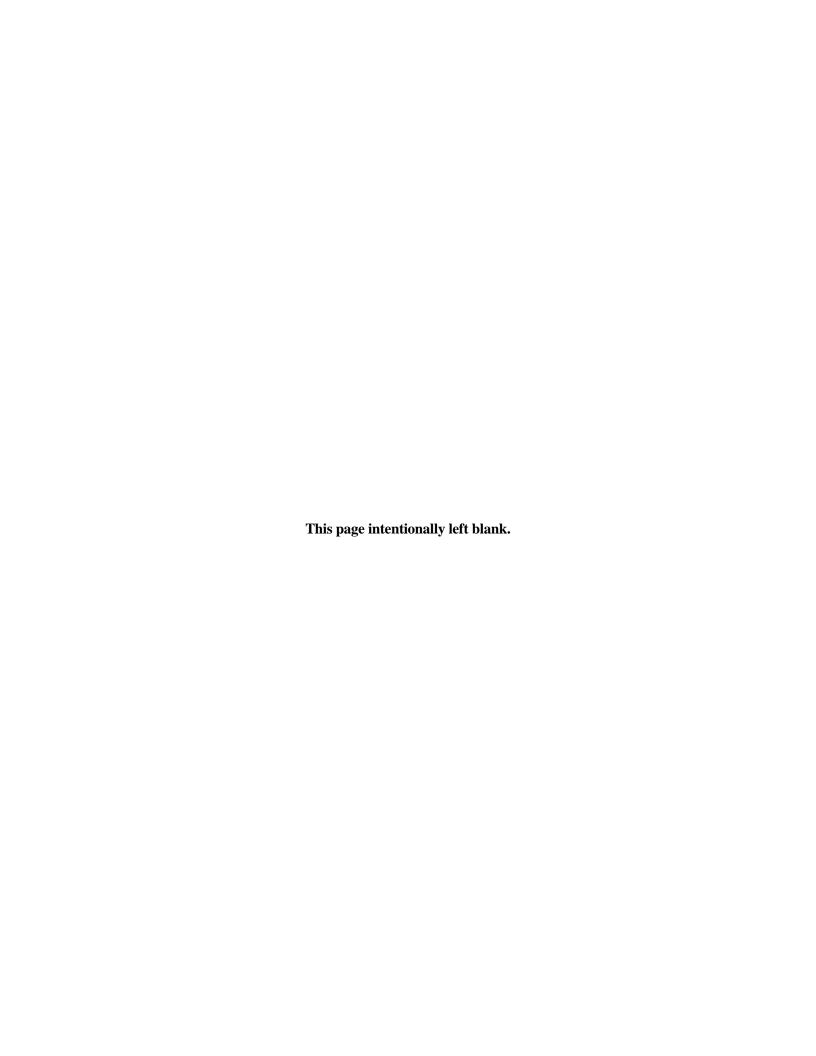
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

OF THE C. Danism
UNITED STATES
AND
CANADA
CORPORATION
SECAL

CHICAGO
Executive Director







Sacramento • Walnut Creek • Oakland • Los Angeles/Century City • Newport Beach • San Diego

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable City Council of the City of Rolling Hills Estates, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Rolling Hills Estates, California (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 13, 2012, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 10 and 47 through 51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to

the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

maciar Jini & O'Connell LCP

Los Angeles, California

January 13, 2012

CITY OF ROLLING HILLS ESTATES, CALIFORNIA



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Rolling Hills Estates, we offer readers of the City of Rolling Hills Estates' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Rolling Hills Estates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Rolling Hills Estates exceed its liabilities, at the close of the fiscal year by \$10,331,123 (net assets). Of this amount, \$1,260,978 unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- ➤ The City's total net assets increased by \$239,273 from the prior fiscal year.
- ➤ The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,120,041, a decrease of \$120,405 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$1,330,742 (unassigned fund balance) is available for spending at the government's discretion.
- The unassigned fund balance for the General fund was \$1,766,793 or 28%, of total General fund current operating expenditures. Out of the General fund balance, \$66,264 has been assigned for capital projects, \$50,000 for insurance claims, \$60,000 for equipment revolving, and \$326,000 for capital asset replacement. The total of assigned and unassigned fund balance is \$2,269,057.
- The City has no bonded debt or certificates of participation debt.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Rolling Hills Estates is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation and sick leave).

Both the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include its general government, public safety, public works, community services, and public health programs. The business-type activities of the City include its equestrian and tennis operations.

CITY OF ROLLING HILLS ESTATES, CALIFORNIA



Management's Discussion and Analysis

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Rolling Hills Estates itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Peppertree Foundation for which the City of Rolling Hills Estates is financially accountable. Financial information for this *component unit* has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Rolling Hills Estates, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Rolling Hills Estates maintains 18 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, State Gas Tax, Proposition A – Parks, Quimby Fees Special Revenue Funds are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 14 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these *non-major* governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* (see table of contents).

The City of Rolling Hills Estates adopts an annual appropriated budget for each of its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are listed in the table of contents.

Proprietary funds. The City of Rolling Hills Estates maintains one type of *proprietary funds*.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily by user charges. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the operations of the City-owned stables, horse shows, and pony camps for young equestrians and to account for the operations of the City-owned tennis courts.

Individual proprietary fund financial statements are included as part of the government-wide financial statements on pages 20-23 of this report.

Fiduciary fund. The City of Rolling Hills Estates maintains one *fiduciary fund,* the Peninsula Parking Agency Fund. The balance sheets present the assets and liabilities (no net assets are associated with fiduciary funds).

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CITY OF ROLLING HILLS ESTATES, CALIFORNIA

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* including comparisons of budgeted revenues and expenditures to actual revenues and expenditures.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found in the table of contents.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Rolling Hills Estates, assets exceeded liabilities by \$10,331,123 in FY 2010-11 an increase from 2009-10 when assets exceeded liabilities by \$10,091,850. The largest portion of the City's total net assets (76 percent in 2010-11, and 74 percent in 2009-10) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, building, facilities, vehicles, equipment and infrastructure). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

An additional portion of the City's total net assets (\$1,200,294 or 12 percent in 2010-11, and \$963,108 or 10 percent in 2009-10) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted total net assets (\$1,260,978 or 12 percent in 2010-11, and \$1,641,442 or 16 percent in 2009-10) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

City of Rolling Hills Estates	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-Type	Total			
Net Assets	Activ	ities	Activities		Activ	ities		
	2010-2011	2009-2010	2010-2011	2009-2010	2010-2011	2009-2010		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 3,663,410	\$ 3,898,538	\$ (122,826)	\$ (26,131)	\$ 3,540,584	\$ 3,872,407		
Capital Assets	7,823,648	7,437,235	46,203	50,065	7,869,851	7,487,300		
Total Assets	11,487,058	11,335,773	(76,623)	23,934	11,410,435	11,359,707		
Long-Term Liabilities	391,532	455,173	64,691	64,328	456,223	519,501		
Other Liabilities	543,369	658,082	79,720	90,174	623,089	748,256		
Total Liabilities	934,901	1,113,255	144,411	154,502	1,079,312	1,267,757		
Invested in Capital Assets	7 922 649	7 427 225	46 202	E0 065	7 960 951	7 497 200		
Invested in Capital Assets	7,823,648	7,437,235	,	50,065	, ,	7,487,300		
Restricted	1,200,294	963,108		-	1,200,294	963,108		
Unrestricted	1,528,215	1,822,165	(267,237)	(180,723)	1,260,978	1,641,442		
Total Net Assets	\$10,552,157	\$10,222,508	\$ (221,034)	\$ (130,658)	\$10,331,123	\$10,091,850		



CITY OF ROLLING HILLS ESTATES, CALIFORNIA

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$329,649 in 2010-11, and decreased by \$566,188 in 2009-10.

City of Rolling Hills Estates	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-Type	Total		
Changes in Net Assets	Activ	vities .	Activities		Activities		
	<u>2010-11</u>	2009-2010	<u>2010-11</u>	2009-2010	<u>2010-11</u>	2009-2010	
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 1,287,430			\$ 789,333			
Operating grants and contributions	1,295,997				1,295,997	776,625	
Capital grants and contributions	758,259	158,306			758,259	158,306	
General Revenues:							
Property taxes	2,494,828	2,369,270			2,494,828	2,369,270	
Local sales taxes	917,016	917,855			917,016	917,855	
Other taxes	899,681	803,805			899,681	803,805	
Other general revenues	59,233	185,913	477	753	59,710	186,666	
Total Revenues	7,712,444	6,506,372	745,515	790,086	8,457,959	7,296,458	
Expenses:							
General government	3,075,846	3,004,041			3,075,846	3,004,041	
Public safety	1,830,016	1,819,095			1,830,016	1,819,095	
Public works	1,114,138	912,695			1,114,138	912,695	
Community Services	1,341,466	1,302,670			1,341,466	1,302,670	
Public health	21,329	34,059			21,329	34,059	
Equestrian			760,759	775,686	760,759	775,686	
Tennis			75,132	71,075	75,132	71,075	
Total Expenses	7,382,795	7,072,560	835,891	846,761	8,218,686	7,919,321	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	329,649	(566,188)	(90,376)	(56,675)	239,273	(622,863)	
Net Assets, beginning of year	10,222,508	10,788,696	(130,658)	(73,983)	10,091,850	10,714,713	
Net Assets, end of year	\$10,552,157	\$10,222,508	\$ (221,034)	\$ (130,658)	\$10,331,123	\$10,091,850	

Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the City's net assets by \$90,376 compared to 2009-10, which decreased \$56,675.

Key elements of the \$239,273 increase in total net assets from all activities are as follows:

- Operating and Capital grants increased from prior year due to three new grants received in 2010-11 relating to renovation projects and road construction.
- Increased spending on Public Work Projects than prior year due to increase in renovation projects.
- Property tax revenues increased from prior year due to slightly better property assessments during 2010-11
- > Overall sluggish economy is slowly rebounding with improved revenues.

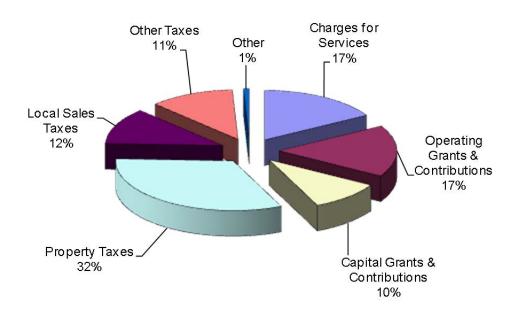
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CITY OF ROLLING HILLS ESTATES, CALIFORNIA

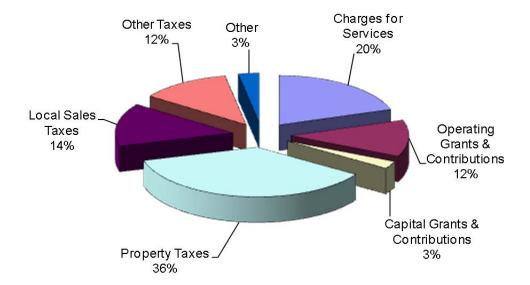
Management's Discussion and Analysis

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

Revenue 2010-2011



Revenue 2009-2010



CITY OF ROLLING HILLS ESTATES, CALIFORNIA



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,120,041, decrease of \$120,405 in comparison with the prior year, which ending fund balance was \$3,240,446. Approximately 43 percent of the combined ending fund balances (\$1,330,742) constitute unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. This is no change from the 43 percent reported for 2009-10. The remainder of the combined ending fund balances is restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted to: 1) the unspent portion of the CLEEP grant (\$27,172), 2) to the maintenance of Hawthorne Canyon (\$10,000), 3) transportation (\$1,088,377), 4) capital projects (\$74,745); and Nonspendable are: 1) note receivable for sale of real property (\$80,000), and 2) for inventories (\$6,741).

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Rolling Hills Estates. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General fund was \$1,766,793 a decrease from the prior year unassigned fund balance by \$115,329.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the City's General fund decreased by \$424,017. The key factor in this decrease is as follows:

Loss of General Fund Revenue due to developer fees not received in the current year as most developmental projects were completed in the prior year.

Special revenue fund highlights. The special revenue funds, State Gas Tax, Proposition A - Parks, and Quimby Fees, are reported as major funds on the balance sheet. The State Gas Tax fund is utilized for various street improvements and repairs and these funds will used as needed by specified projects. The Proposition A Parks Grant fund is to account for grant monies received from Los Angeles County for maintenance and development of parks. The Quimby Fees fund is to account for park-in-lieu fees for all new residential projects from developers who cannot provide land and park improvements as part of their development.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The major proprietary fund is the Equestrian Operation, and the nonmajor proprietary fund is the Tennis Operations. The total decrease in proprietary fund net assets was \$90,376 compared to a prior year's decrease of \$56,675.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was a net decrease in fund balance of \$335,917; and can be briefly summarized as follows:

➤ The budget was reduced because revenues fell short of expectations, as several planning projects did not materialize in FY 2010-11.

Additionally, general fund nonspendable and restricted fund balances are \$123,913 (restricted for CLEEP grant and Hawthorne Canyon, and nonspendable inventories and note receivable). The general fund assigned fund balances are \$502,264 for capital improvements projects, insurance claims, equipment revolving, and capital asset replacement. Lastly, there is \$1,766,793 in the general fund's unassigned fund balance.

CITY OF ROLLING HILLS ESTATES, CALIFORNIA



Management's Discussion and Analysis

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2011, amounts to \$7,823,648 (net of accumulated depreciation). The business-type activities investment is \$46,203. These investments in capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, facilities and improvements, vehicles and equipment, furniture and fixtures, and infrastructure. During the current fiscal year, the City's investment in capital assets increased by 5.1 percent primarily due to equipment purchases and infrastructure upgrades.

City of Rolling Hills Estates							
Capital Assets	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-Type	Total		
(Net Depreciation)	Activ	rities	Activ	rities	Activities		
	<u>2010-2011</u>	2009-2010	<u>2010-2011</u>	<u>2009-2010</u>	<u>2010-2011</u>	2009-2010	
					•		
Land	\$ 3,864,943	\$ 3,864,943			\$ 3,864,943	\$ 3,864,943	
Buildings & Improvements	592,375	618,351	40,531	41,333	632,906	659,684	
Facilities & Improvements	564,948	509,201	5,672	8,732	570,620	517,933	
Vehicles & Equipment	182,371	89,341			182,371	89,341	
Furniture & Fixtures	1	620			1	620	
Infrastructure	2,619,010	2,354,779			2,619,010	2,354,779	
Total	\$ 7,823,648	\$ 7,437,235	\$ 46,203	\$ 50,065	\$ 7,869,851	\$ 7,487,300	

Additional information regarding the City's capital assets can be found in Note 1(e)4 on pages 30-31, and Note 3(c) on pages 38-39.

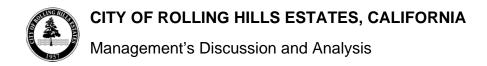
Long-term liabilities. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Rolling Hills Estates had total debt outstanding of \$456,223 down slightly from the previous year, which was \$519,501. The City has no bonded debt or certificates of participation debt.

City of Rolling Hills Estates Outstanding Debt As of June 30, 2011	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total Activities						
·	20	10-2011	20	09-2010	201	0-2011	200	9-2010	20	10-2011	20	09-2010
Employee Compensated												
Absences	\$	391,532	\$	455,173	\$	64,691	\$	64,328	\$	456,223	\$	519,501
Total	\$	391,532	\$	455,173	\$	64,691	\$	64,328	\$	456,223	\$	519,501

The City's total debt decreased by \$63,278 (-12.2 percent) during the current fiscal year, due to employee retirements and not back filling the positions creating lower staffing levels.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 15 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City of Rolling Hills Estates is \$366,953,026. With no general obligation debt, the City operates well within the legal limit imposed by the State.

Additional information on the City's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 3(e) on pages 40-41 of this report.



Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- ➤ Local property values remain modest, and account for approximately 29 percent of General Fund revenues. Los Angeles County Net Local Roll of Assessed Property Valuations is forecasted to increase by 0.99%.
- ➤ Revenues from other agencies have eliminated the Motor Vehicle License Fees for FY 2011-2012, and Property Tax in lieu of Sales Tax is anticipated to remain flat. As mentioned above, the "Triple Flip" increases State subventions to supplement the lost one-quarter of local sales tax revenues, however, the City receives back less than one-quarter after administration fees. The VLF backfill has been eliminated, replaced by a "Property Tax in lieu of VLF State" account which has a slight increase in revenue for FY 2011-2012.

All factors above were considered in preparing the City's budget for FY 2011-2012. The uncertainty of the economy and declining revenues has made the City's budgeting process more complex.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the financial position of the City of Rolling Hills Estates for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Administrative Services Department, 4045 Palos Verdes Drive North, Rolling Hills Estates, CA 90274. Also refer to the City's website www.ci.Rolling-Hills-Estates.ca.us for additional financial information (Click "City Departments and Services" and then click "Administrative Services Department").



Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		 Total
Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	2,623,336	\$	113,311	\$ 2,736,647
Accounts receivable		672,535		31,631	704,166
Note receivable		80,000		-	80,000
Internal balances		280,798		(280,798)	-
Inventories		6,741		13,030	19,771
Capital assets:					
Not being depreciated		3,864,943		-	3,864,943
Being depreciated (net of accumulated					
depreciation)		3,958,705		46,203	 4,004,908
Total assets		11,487,058		(76,623)	11,410,435
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		388,808		32,371	421,179
Deposits payable		154,561		33,749	188,310
Unearned revenue		-		13,600	13,600
Non-current liabilities:					
Due within one year		39,153		6,433	45,586
Due in more than one year		352,379		58,258	 410,637
Total liabilities		934,901		144,411	 1,079,312
Net assets (deficit):					
Invested in capital assets		7,823,648		46,203	7,869,851
Restricted for:					
Cleep grant		27,172		-	27,172
Maintenance of Hawthorne Canyon		10,000		-	10,000
Transportation		1,088,377		-	1,088,377
Capial projects		74,745		-	74,745
Unrestricted		1,528,215		(267,237)	 1,260,978
Total net assets (deficit)	\$	10,552,157	\$	(221,034)	\$ 10,331,123

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2011

		I	Program Revenues						
	Charge		Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions					
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 3,075,846	\$ 957,765	\$ 8,836	\$ -					
Public safety	1,830,016	92,018	100,679	-					
Public works	1,114,138	178,088	546,870	-					
Community services	1,341,466	59,559	623,202	758,259					
Public health	21,329		16,410						
Total governmental activities	7,382,795	1,287,430	1,295,997	758,259					
Business-type activities:									
Equestrian	760,759	688,871	-	-					
Tennis	75,132	56,167							
Total business-type activities	835,891	745,038							
Total	\$ 8,218,686	\$ 2,032,468	\$ 1,295,997	\$ 758,259					

General revenues:

Intergovernmental:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Motor vehicle in lieu taxes unrestricted

Taxes:

Business license taxes

Franchise taxes

Other taxes

Use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets (deficit), beginning

Net assets (deficit), ending

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total			
\$ (2,109,245) (1,637,319) (389,180) 99,554 (4,919)	\$ - - - - -	\$ (2,109,245) (1,637,319) (389,180) 99,554 (4,919)			
(4,041,109)		(4,041,109)			
(4,041,109)	(71,888) (18,965) (90,853) (90,853)	(71,888) (18,965) (90,853) (4,131,962)			
2,494,828 917,016 41,550	- - -	2,494,828 917,016 41,550			
267,177 518,175 72,779 18,467 40,766	- - - 477 -	267,177 518,175 72,779 18,944 40,766			
4,370,758	477	4,371,235			
329,649	(90,376)	239,273			
10,222,508	(130,658)	10,091,850			
\$ 10,552,157	\$ (221,034)	\$ 10,331,123			

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

		General	Sta	nte Gas Tax		Proposition A - Parks
Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	1,485,510	\$	59,169	\$	-
Accounts receivable		625,928		34,596		
Note receivable		80,000		-		-
Due from other funds		716,700		-		-
Inventories		6,741		-	_	-
Total assets	\$	2,914,879	\$	93,765	_	
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	367,348	\$	18,112	\$	1,454
Due to other funds		-		-		301,461
Deposits payable	_	154,561		-	_	
Total liabilities		521,909		18,112	_	302,915
Fund balances (deficit):						
Nonspendable:						
Note receivable		80,000		-		-
Inventories		6,741		-		=
Restricted for:						
Cleep grant		27,172		-		-
Maintenance of Hawthorne Canyon		10,000		-		-
Transportation		-		75,653		-
Capital projects		-		-		-
Assigned to:						
Equipment		60,000		-		-
Capital asset replacement		326,000		-		-
Capital projects		66,264		-		-
Insurance claims		50,000		-		-
Unassigned	_	1,766,793		-	_	(302,915)
Total fund balances (deficit)		2,392,970		75,653	_	(302,915)
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficit)	\$	2,914,879	\$	93,765	\$	-

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

 Quimby Fees	lonmajor vernmental	Go	Total overnmental
\$ 656,711	\$ 421,946	\$	2,623,336
368	11,643		672,535
-	-		80,000
-	-		716,700
	 		6,741
657,079	\$ 433,589	\$	4,099,312
	\$ 1,894	\$	388,808
-	134,441		435,902
-	 		154,561
 	 136,335		979,271
-	-		80,000
-	-		6,741
-	-		27,172
-	-		10,000
657,079	355,645		1,088,377
-	74,745		74,745
-	-		60,000
-	-		326,000
-	-		66,264
-	-		50,000
_	 (133,136)		1,330,742
 657,079	 297,254		3,120,041
\$ 657,079	\$ 433,589	\$	4,099,312

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

Total fund balances, governmental funds	\$ 3,120,041
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	7,823,648
Long-term liabilities, such as compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in	
the funds.	 (391,532)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 10,552,157

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

	General	State Gas Tax		Proposition A - Parks
Revenues:	 			
Sales and use taxes	\$ 917,016	\$ -	\$	-
Business license taxes	267,177	-		-
Property taxes	2,494,828	-		-
Other taxes	590,954	-		-
Licenses and permits	681,549	-		-
Fines and forfeitures	64,733	-		-
Use of money and property	30,192	160		-
Charges for services	299,674	-		-
Revenues from other agencies	419,336	238,194		159,249
Other revenues	15,317	-		-
Total revenues	 5,780,776	238,354		159,249
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	2,886,610	-		-
Public safety	1,756,145	-		-
Public works	227,667	189,926		
Community services	1,246,778	-		17,453
Public health	21,329	-		-
Capital outlay	 66,264	-		50,194
Total expenditures	 6,204,793	189,926		67,647
Net change in fund balances	(424,017)	48,428		91,602
Fund balances (deficit), beginning	 2,816,987	 27,225	_	(394,517)
Fund balances (deficit), ending	\$ 2,392,970	\$ 75,653	\$ _	(302,915)

Net change in fund balances

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay
Depreciation expense

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in net assets of governmental activities

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Quimby Fees	Nonmajor Governmental		Total Governmental		
\$ -	\$ -	\$	917,016		
-	-		267,177		
-	-		2,494,828		
-	-		590,954		
-	-		681,549		
-	38,525		103,258		
1,943	2,194		34,489		
-	46,197		345,871		
392,206	1,053,000		2,261,985		
-	-		15,317		
394,149	1,139,916		7,712,444		
-	153,899		3,040,509		
-	73,871		1,830,016		
	127,577		545,170		
-	36,259		1,300,490		
-	-		21,329		
-	978,877		1,095,335		
_	1,370,483		7,832,849		
394,149	(230,567)		(120,405)		
 262,930	 527,821		3,240,446		
\$ 657,079	\$ 297,254	\$	3,120,041		
\$ 657,079	\$ 297,254	\$	3,120,041		

650,005 (263,592)

\$ (120,405)

\$ 329,649

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2011

	Equestrian Operations	Nonmajor Tennis Operations	Total
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 113,311	\$ 113,311
Accounts receivable	27,694	3,937	31,631
Inventories	13,030		13,030
Total current assets	40,724	117,248	157,972
Capital assets			
being depreciated, net	33,925	12,278	46,203
Total assets	74,649	129,526	204,175
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and			
accrued liabilities	30,597	1,774	32,371
Due to other funds	280,798	-	280,798
Deposits	33,749	-	33,749
Unearned revenue	13,600	-	13,600
Due within one year	6,433		6,433
Total current liabilities	365,177	1,774	366,951
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due in more than one year	58,258		58,258
Total liabilities	423,435	1,774	425,209
Net assets (deficit):			
Invested in capital assets	33,925	12,278	46,203
Unrestricted	(382,711)	115,474	(267,237)
Total net assets (deficit)	\$ (348,786)	\$ 127,752	\$ (221,034)

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Equestrian Operations		Nonmajor Tennis Operations		Total	
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 688,871	\$	56,167	\$	745,038	
Operating expenses:						
Personnel	434,056		52,378		486,434	
Administrative	37,000		11,000		48,000	
Materials and supplies	288,901		8,694		297,595	
Depreciation	 802		3,060		3,862	
Total operating expenses	760,759		75,132		835,891	
Operating loss	(71,888)		(18,965)		(90,853)	
Nonoperating revenues:						
Interest income	 		477		477	
Change in net assets	(71,888)		(18,488)		(90,376)	
Total net assets (deficit), beginning	 (276,898)		146,240		(130,658)	
Total net assets (deficit), ending	\$ (348,786)	\$	127,752	\$	(221,034)	

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

	questrian perations	onmajor Tennis perations	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from customers	\$ 678,070	\$ 57,854	\$ 735,924
Cash paid to suppliers of			
goods and services	(343,663)	(18,860)	(362,523)
Cash paid to employees	(433,693)	(52,378)	 (486,071)
Net cash used for			
operating activities	(99,286)	(13,384)	(112,670)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Cash received from other funds	99,286	-	99,286
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest on investments		477	 477
Net decrease			
in cash and cash equivalents	-	(12,907)	(12,907)
Cash and cash equivalents,			
beginning	 -	 126,218	 126,218
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$ -	\$ 113,311	\$ 113,311

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2011

	questrian perations	onmajor Tennis perations	 Total
Reconciliation of operating loss			
to net cash used for			
operating activities:			
Operating loss	\$ (71,888)	\$ (18,965)	\$ (90,853)
Adjustments to reconcile operating			
loss to net cash used for			
operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	802	3,060	3,862
Changes in operating assets			
and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(12,685)	1,687	(10,998)
(Increase) in inventory	(4,500)	-	(4,500)
Increase (decrease) in accounts			
payable and accrued liabilities	(13,262)	834	(12,428)
Increase in unearned revenue	8,430	-	8,430
(Decrease) in deposits	(6,546)	-	(6,546)
Increase in compensated absences	 363	 	 363
Net cash used for			
operating activities	\$ (99,286)	\$ (13,384)	\$ (112,670)

CITY OF ROLLING HILLS ESTATES Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund June 30, 2011

	Peninsu Parkin	
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 2,	318
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 2,3	318

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Reporting Entity

The City of Rolling Hills Estates (City) was incorporated on September 18, 1957, as a general law city and operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The Council is composed of five members. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements present the government and its component units for which the government is considered financially accountable. A blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from this unit is combined with the data of the primary government.

Peppertree Foundation (the Foundation)

The Foundation is an organization responsible for the development and maintenance of the parks in the City. The City is financially accountable for the Foundation as the City Council serves as members of the Foundation's governing board and controls its operations. The financial transactions and balances of the Peppertree Foundation have been blended into the City's basic financial statements and are presented in a special revenue fund. Additional information on the Foundation are available at:

City of Rolling Hills Estates 4045 Palos Verdes Drive North Rolling Hills Estates, California 90274

Joint Ventures

The City is a member of the Palos Verdes Peninsula Transit Joint Powers Authority. The Transit Authority is comprised of three member cities and is organized under a Joint Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. Each member City provides an annually determined contribution towards the ongoing operation. The City does not have a specified equity interest; however, in the event of dissolution of the Authority, available assets shall be distributed to the member agencies in proportion to the aggregate contribution made by each member agency during the entire term of the agreement. The purpose of the Authority is to study, implement, and provide a public transit system within and around the Palos Verdes Peninsula. These transit services include Palos Verdes Transit (expanded to include two MTA routes effective July 1, 2006), Dial-A-Ride, and a fixed route shuttle service.

The Palos Verdes Peninsula Transit Authority's fiscal year ended on June 30. As of June 30, 2010 (most recent information available), audited financial statements indicated the following:

Total assets	\$ 2,363,286
Total liabilities	\$ 272,865
Total equity	\$ 2,090,421
Charges for services	\$ 393,483
JPA member contributions and other income	 249,504
Total operating revenues	642,987
Total operating expenses	(2,247,399)
Total non-operating revenues	1,930,748
Net income	\$ 326,336

Separate financial statements are available at:

Palos Verdes Peninsula Transit Joint Powers Authority 38 Crest Road West Rolling Hills, CA 90274

(b) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements and eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

(c) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments are not recognized until paid.

Property taxes, motor vehicle in lieu taxes, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales taxes collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the City are also recognized as revenue. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirement have been met. Grant funds received before the revenue recognition criteria have been met are reported as deferred revenues.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government, which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

The State Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund is used to account for State gasoline taxes received by the City. Revenue received is used for street maintenance, construction, and/or right of way acquisition.

The Proposition A- Parks Special Revenue Fund is used to account for grant monies received from Los Angeles County for the maintenance and development of parks.

The Quimby Fees Special Revenue Fund is used to account for park-in-lieu fees for all new residential projects from developers who cannot provide land and park improvements as part of their development.

The City reports a major proprietary fund:

The Equestrian Operation Fund is used to account for the financial activity of the City-owned stables and horse shows. The costs of providing these services to the general public are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds:

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or otherwise designated for specific purposes.

Proprietary Funds:

The Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Costs are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary Funds financial statements include a statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities. The City fiduciary funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City has two agency funds. The agency funds are accounted for on an accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary funds explained above.

The City reports the following fiduciary fund which is excluded from the government-wide financial statements:

<u>Peninsula Parking Fund</u> – To account for monies received from parking citation processing under a joint three-city agreement and held by Rolling Hills Estates on behalf of the cities of Rancho Palos Verdes and Rolling Hills.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the business-type activities in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and

enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's enterprise function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to members, customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Equestrian Operations Enterprise Fund and the Tennis Operations Enterprise Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then use unrestricted resources as needed.

(d) Property Taxes

Under California law, the property tax rate is limited to 1% of market value plus other increases approved by the voters. Property taxes are levied by the County Tax Assessor and shared among local taxing authorities. The County of Los Angeles collects and distributes property taxes on the basis of each taxing authority's tax rate percentage.

As a "No Property Tax City," Rolling Hills Estates' city tax rate is zero. However, under state legislation (AB 1197), the City began receiving a share of property tax revenue in 1990.

Property taxes are levied on July 1 and are due on November 1 and February 1. Property taxes become delinquent after December 10 and April 10 for the first and second installments, respectively. The lien date is January 1. The City recognizes property tax revenue based upon distributions received from the County of Los Angeles which occurs shortly after the delinquency dates.

(e) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Investments

Investments are reported in the accompanying statement of net assets at fair value. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as investment income reported for that fiscal year. Investment income includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments.

The City pools cash and investments of all funds, except for assets held by fiscal agents. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as cash and investments. Investment income, earned by the pooled investments, is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash invested in the City's cash management pool is also considered to be cash equivalents.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

The amounts recorded as a receivable due from other governments include amounts collected or provided by Federal, State and County governments and not remitted to the City as of June 30, 2011. The County of Los Angeles assesses, bills, and collects taxes for the City.

3. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost using the average-cost method. Inventories in the governmental fund types are accounted for using the consumption method.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. As a phase 3 government under GASB Statement 34, the City has elected to report only major general infrastructure assets acquired subsequent to June 30, 2003. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are valued at the fair value of

the assets on the date on which they were contributed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. The City utilizes a capitalization threshold of \$5,000.

Depreciation is charged to operations using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings and improvements	35-50 years
Facilities and improvements	7-20 years
Vehicles and equipment	4-18 years
Furniture and fixtures	3-13 years
Infrastructure	20-50 years

5. Compensated Absences

City employees receive from 10 to 20 days vacation each year depending upon length of service. An employee may accumulate earned vacation time to a maximum not to exceed 35 days. Upon termination, employees are paid the full value of their unused vacation time at their existing salary. City employees receive 12 personal necessity/sick leave days each year to a maximum not to exceed 60 days. Upon termination, employees with a minimum of 30 days accumulated are paid the full value of their unused personal necessity/sick leave time at their existing salary.

In the government-wide financial statements, a liability is accrued for all earned but unused vacation leave benefits relating to the operations of the funds. This liability will be liquidated as either additional cash payments in the event of employee termination or as part of budgeted salary expenditures if used by employees as compensated leave time while still employed by the City. Non-current amounts will be recorded in the long-term liability section of the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds accrue current liabilities for material vacation leave benefits due on demand to governmental fund employees that have terminated prior to year-end. Non-current amounts will be recorded, as fund expenditures in the year in which they are paid or become due on demand to terminated employees.

6. Fund Equity

Fund balance for governmental funds is classified as follows:

- Nonspendable includes amounts that are (a) not in a spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, and long-term notes receivable.
- Restricted includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling

legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

- Committed includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally (for example: resolution and ordinance).
- Assigned comprises amounts intended to be used by the City for specific purposes
 that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the City Council or
 (b) a body (for example: a budget or finance committee) or Administrative Service
 Director.
- Unassigned is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

The City Council adopts the City Fund Balance Policy annually. The policy establishes guidelines for budget decisions as to the appropriate use of General Fund resources and the maintenance of adequate reserves for contingencies, emergencies, capital improvements, and other such uses as determined by the City Council. Assigned fund balance for capital projects expenditures is based on the Six Year Capital Improvement plan forecast, within the limits of the overall Fund Balance Policy. Capital improvements are funded by prior year operating surpluses.

General Fund reserve requirements - Appropriation for contingencies are maintained at approximately two months of operating expenditures. Unassigned fund balance is eligible for use at the discretion of the City Council at a time of an unforeseen fiscal crisis. Such determinations are made by the City Council on a case-by-case basis. The unassigned fund balance of the General Fund must not be less than \$1.2M at any time. At June 30, 2011, \$200,000 of unassigned fund balance has been identified for PERS rate stabilization, which is for any unforeseen change in the City's PERS rates.

(2) STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

(a) Budgetary Data

On or before June 30 of each year, the City Council adopts a budget for the ensuing fiscal year. The City Manager is responsible for the preparation and administration of the annual budget.

Budgets are reported on the same basis as the fund types and are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds. The legal level of control or the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is at the program level. The program level includes General Government, Public Safety, Public Works, Community Services, Public Health and Capital Outlay. Unexpended budgetary appropriations lapse at year-end.

Management may amend budgets within the program level. Budgetary revisions that alter the total appropriations of a program must be approved by City Council.

(b) Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

The following individual funds exceeded the expenditures budget:

General Fund- General government	\$ 1,767
General Fund- Community services	25,225
General Fund- Capital outlay	16,264
State Gas Tax Fund	32,926
Special revenue funds:	
Local Transportation- Capital outlay	4,000
Traffic Safety - Public safety	11,156
Air Quality Improvement- General government	16,464
Peppertree Foundation - Capital outlay	5,018
Measure R- Capital outlay	3,167
Federal ARRA- Capital outlay	73,499

These expenditures are funded with a combination of excess revenues or by the available fund balance.

(c) Deficit Fund Equity

The following funds have an accumulated deficit at June 30, 2011:

Proprietary:	
Equestrian Operations \$	348,786
Special Revenue:	
Peppertree Foundation	28,715
Proposition 40 Parks Grant	53,442
Proposition A Parks	302,915
Federal STIP	26,372
Traffic Safety	13,852
Measure R	4,439
Federal ARRA	6,316

These deficits will be funded with future grant revenues or transfers from other funds.

(3) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

(a) Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2011 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:
Cash and investments

\$ 2,736,647

\$ 2,738,965

Fiduciary funds:

Cash and investments

2,318

Cash and investments were comprised of the following as of June 30, 2011:

Cash on hand	\$ 685
Deposits with financial institution	967,498
Investments	1,770,782
Total cash and investments	\$ 2,738,965

Investments Authorized by the Entity's Investment Policy

The City of Rolling Hills Estates' Statement of Investment Policy is reviewed and adopted by the City Council each year. The investment policy is more conservative and the investment types authorized are more restrictive than the investment vehicles authorized by Section 53601 of the California Government Code. Investment vehicles not specifically mentioned in the City's investment policy are not authorized unless the policy is amended by the City Council or are approved as part of the provisions of the bond indentures. Investments are limited to:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentages of Portfolio *	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Bills **	1 year	N/A	90%
U.S. Treasury Notes **	10 years	N/A	90%
U.S. Treasury Bonds **	30 years	N/A	90%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	90% ***	\$50M
Savings Passbook	N/A	None	90%

^{*} Excluding amounts held by bond trustees that are not subject to California Government Code restrictions.

The City's investment policy does not contain any specific provisions intended to limit the City's exposure to interest rate risk and credit risk. The primary objective of the City's investment function shall be safety, since the safeguarding of City assets is of paramount importance. Most investments will be highly liquid with maturities selected to anticipate cash needs and avoid the need for forced liquidations. Yield shall be a consideration only after the basic requirements of safety and liquidity have been met.

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

Information about the sensitivity of fair values of the City's investments to market interest rate is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

^{**} A maximum of 25% of the total investment portfolio may be invested for a period exceeding 5 years.

^{***}When LAIF yields exceed those of other allowable investment vehicles, the City is permitted to maintain up to 100% of excess funds in LAIF.

	Remaining Maturity (in Months)				
Investment Types		2 Months Or Less			
LAIF	\$	1,301,430			
Negotiable certificates of deposit		469,352			
Total	\$	1,770,782			

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by the California Government Code or the City's investment policy, and the actual rating as of year end for each investment type.

	Minimum	1					
		Total	Legal		Not		
Investment Type	1	Investment	Rated				
LAIF	\$	1,301,430	N/A	\$	1,301,430		
Negotiable certificates of deposit		469,352	N/A		469,352		
Total	\$	1,770,782		\$	1,770,782		

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investments are as follows:

Issuer	Investment Type	Reported Amount	% of Portfolio
Bank of China	Negotiable certificate of deposit	\$ 200,000	11.3%
Malaga Bank	Negotiable certificate of deposit	201,352	11.4%

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

The total amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF as of June 30, 2011 was \$23.9 billion. LAIF is part of the California Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA), which at June 30, 2011 had a balance of \$66.4 billion. Of that amount 5.01% was invested in medium-term and short-term structured notes and asset-backed securities. The average maturity of PMIA investments was 237 days as of June 30, 2011. LAIF is unrated as to credit quality.

(b) Note Receivable

The City has sold parcels of land in exchange for a promissory note in the amount of \$800,000 to Chandler Ranch Properties, LLC, for the purpose of redevelopment of the site. The loan is secured by a deed of trust and bears interest at a rate of 5% per annum on the unpaid principal balance. As of June 30, 2011, \$80,000 of the note receivable remains outstanding. Payments of principal and interest shall be paid semi-annually.

For the Year Ending June 30	Princ	cipal	Interest			
2012	\$8	0,000 \$_	2,000			
Total	\$ 8	0,000 \$	2,000			

(c) Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital asset activity for the City's governmental and business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2011 is as follows:

		Balance at July 1, 2010		Increases		Decreases		Balance at June 30, 2011	
Governmental activities									
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	Φ.	2054042	Φ.		•		.	2051012	
Land	\$	3,864,943	\$		\$		\$	3,864,943	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Buildings and improvements		1,429,516		15,000		-		1,444,516	
Facilities and improvements		1,518,620		107,892		-		1,626,512	
Vehicles and equipment		713,011		139,244		-		852,255	
Furniture and fixtures		86,064		-		-		86,064	
Infrastructure		2,833,854		387,869		-		3,221,723	
Total capital assets,									
being depreciated		6,581,065		650,005		-		7,231,070	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings and improvements		(811,165)		(40,976)		-		(852,141)	
Facilities and improvements		(1,009,419)		(52,145)		-		(1,061,564)	
Vehicles and equipment		(623,670)		(46,214)		-		(669,884)	
Furniture and fixtures		(85,444)		(619)		-		(86,063)	
Infrastructure		(479,075)		(123,638)		-		(602,713)	
Total accumulated									
depreciation		(3,008,773)		(263,592)		-		(3,272,365)	
Total capital assets, being									
depreciated, net		3,572,292		386,413				3,958,705	
Governmental activities									
capital assets, net	\$	7,437,235	\$	386,413	\$	-	\$	7,823,648	

	Balance at						Balance at		
	\mathbf{J}_{1}	uly 1, 2010	Ir	creases	Decreases		June 30, 2011		
Business-type activities									
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Buildings and improvements	\$	287,570	\$	-	\$	-	\$	287,570	
Facilities and improvements		237,951		-		-		237,951	
Vehicles and equipment		41,055		-		-		41,055	
Furniture and fixtures		21,033						21,033	
Total capital assets,									
being depreciated		587,609						587,609	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings and improvements		(246,237)		(802)		-		(247,039)	
Facilities and improvements		(229,219)		(3,060)		_		(232,279)	
Vehicles and equipment		(41,055)		-		-		(41,055)	
Furniture and fixtures		(21,033)						(21,033)	
Total accumulated									
depreciation		(537,544)		(3,862)				(541,406)	
Business-type activities									
capital assets, net	\$	50,065	\$	(3,862)	\$		\$	46,203	

Depreciation expense of \$267,454 was charged to the following functions:

	vernmental Activities	Business-type Activities			
General government	\$ 76,838	\$	-		
Community services	80,012		-		
Public works	106,742		-		
Equestrian operations	-		802		
Tennis operations	 		3,060		
Total	\$ 263,592	\$	3,862		

(d) Interfund Receivable and Payable

Due to/from other funds:

		Due from other funds
	' <u></u>	General
Due to other funds		Fund
Proposition A- Parks Special Revenue Fund	\$	301,461
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		134,441
Equestrian Operations Enterprise Fund		280,798
	\$	716,700

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, (3) payments between funds are made, and (4) short-term borrowings.

(e) Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental Activities:

Compensated Absences Payable

The City's policies relating to compensated absences are described in Note (1)(e)5. This liability will be paid from future resources primarily from the General Fund.

\$ 391,532

Summary of Changes in Long-term Liabilities for Governmental Activities:

	В	alance at					В	alance at	Dı	ue within
	Ju	ly 1, 2010	A	dditions	R	eductions	Jun	ne 30, 2011	0	ne year
Compensated Absences										
Payable	\$	455,173	\$	35,058	\$	(98,699)	\$	391,532	\$	39,153

Business-type Activities:

Compensated Absences Payable

The City's policies relating to employee leave benefits are described in Note (1)(e)5. This liability will be paid from future resources.

\$ 64,691

Summary of Changes in Long-term Liabilities for Business-type Activities:

		alance at ly 1, 2010	Additions Reductions			ductions		alance at e 30, 2011	Due within one vear		
Compensated Absences	<u> </u>	. 		241110115		<u>uucuons</u>	our	200, 2011		io y cui	
Payable	\$	64,328	\$	2,150	\$	(1,787)	\$	64,691	\$	6,433	

(4) OTHER INFORMATION

(a) Liability, Property and Workers' Compensation Protection

1. Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement

The City of Rolling Hills Estates is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Authority). The Authority is composed of 122 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The Authority began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

2. Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority

General Liability - Each member government pays a primary deposit to cover estimated losses for a fiscal year (claims year). After the close of a fiscal year, outstanding claims are valued. A retrospective deposit computation is then made for each open claims year. Claims are pooled separately between police and non-police. Costs are allocated to members by the following methods within each of the four layers of coverage: (1) the first \$30,000 of each occurrence is charged directly to the member's primary deposit; (2) costs from \$30,000 to \$750,000 and the loss development reserves associated with losses up to \$750,000 are pooled based on the member's share of losses under \$30,000; (3) losses from \$750,000 to \$5,000,000 and the associated loss development reserves are pooled based on payroll; (4a) costs of covered claims from \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000 are paid under reinsurance policies and are subject to a \$2,500,000 annual aggregate deductible; (4b) costs of covered claims from \$10,000,000 to \$50,000,000 are covered through excess insurance policies; (4c) Costs of covered claims for subsidence losses are paid by excess insurance with a sub-limit of \$25,000,000 per occurrence per member. This \$25,000,000 subsidence sub-limit is composed of \$10,000,000 in reinsurance and \$15,000,000 in excess insurance. The excess insurance layer has a \$15,000,000 annual aggregate. The costs associated with 4a, 4b, and 4c are estimated using actuarial models and pre-funded as part of the primary and retrospective deposits.

The overall policy limit for each member including all layers of coverage is \$50,000,000 per occurrence.

Workers' Compensation – The City of Rolling Hills Estates also participates in the workers' compensation pool administered by the Authority. Each member pays a primary deposit to cover estimated losses for a fiscal year (claims year). After the close of a fiscal year, outstanding claims are valued. A retrospective deposit computation is then made for each open claims year. Claims are pooled separately between public safety and non-public safety. Costs are allocated to members by the following methods within each of the four layers of coverage: (1) the first \$50,000 of each loss is charged directly to the member's primary deposit; (2) losses from \$50,000 to \$100,000 and the loss development reserve associated with losses up to \$100,000 are pooled based on the member's share of losses under \$50,000; (3) losses from \$100,000 to \$2,000,000 and the loss development reserves associated with those losses are pooled based on payroll; (4) losses from \$2,000,000 up to statutory limits are paid under an excess insurance policy. Protection is provided per statutory liability under California Workers' Compensation law.

Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$2,000,000, coverage from \$2,000,000 to \$4,000,000 is purchased as part of an excess insurance policy, and losses from \$4,000,000 to \$10,000,000 are pooled among members.

3. Purchased Insurance

Environmental Insurance – The City of Rolling Hills Estates participates in the pollution legal liability and remediation legal liability insurance which is available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City of Rolling Hills Estates. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$50,000 deductible. The Authority has a limit of \$50,000,000 for the 3-year period from July 1, 2008 through July 1, 2011. Each member of the Authority has a \$10,000,000 sub-limit during the 3-year term of the policy.

Property Insurance – The City of Rolling Hills Estates participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. The City of Rolling Hills Estates property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City of Rolling Hills Estates to the Authority. The City of Rolling Hills Estates currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$5,574,970. There is a \$5,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$1,000 deductible. Premiums for the coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retroactive adjustments.

<u>Earthquake and Flood Insurance</u> – The City of Rolling Hills Estates purchases earthquake and flood insurance on a portion of its property. The earthquake insurance is part of the property protection insurance program of the Authority. City of Rolling Hills Estates property currently has earthquake protection in the amount of \$5,400,647. There is a deductible of 5% per unit of value with a minimum deductible of \$100,000. Premiums for the coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retroactive adjustments.

<u>Crime Insurance</u> – The City of Rolling Hills Estates purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of Non Participant with a Non Participant deductible. The fidelity coverage is arranged by the Authority. Premiums are paid annually and are not subject to retroactive adjustments.

4. Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal (claims) years, none of the above programs of protection have had settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There have been no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage from coverage in the last three years.

(b) City Employees Retirement Plans

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description: The City of Rolling Hills Estates contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and city ordinance. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office: 400 "P" Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

Funding Policy: Participants are required to contribute 7% of their annual covered salary. The City makes the contributions required of the City employees on their behalf and for their account. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 19.38% for non-safety employees of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by PERS.

Annual Pensions Cost: For 2011, the City's annual pension cost of \$391,415 for PERS was equal to the City's required and actual contributions.

Three-Year Trend Information for PERS

Schedule of Employer Contributions (\$ Amount in Thousands)

	A	Annual				
Fiscal	P	Percentage of	Net Pension			
Year	Co	st (APC)	APC Contributed	Obligation		
6/30/09	\$	412	100%	\$	-	
6/30/10		401	100%		-	
6/30/11		391	100%		-	

2. Defined Contribution Retirement System

The City contributes to the Public Agency Retirement System (PARS), which is a defined contribution retirement plan. A defined contribution retirement plan provides retirement benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant, and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and city ordinance.

Under a defined contribution pension plan, the benefits a participant will receive depend solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account, the returns earned on investments of those contributions, and forfeitures of other participant's benefits that may be allocated to such participant's account.

The City of Rolling Hills Estates has adopted this tax qualified governmental defined contribution plan for the benefit of its eligible employees (full-time employee) to provide supplemental retirement benefits to eligible employees in addition to the benefits employees will receive from the Public Employees' Retirement System (Note (4)(b)1).

The City contributes a percentage of gross earnings based on the number of years of service.

During the year, the City contributed \$50,528. The total covered payroll of employees participating in the plan for the year ended June 30, 2011, was \$2,134,732.

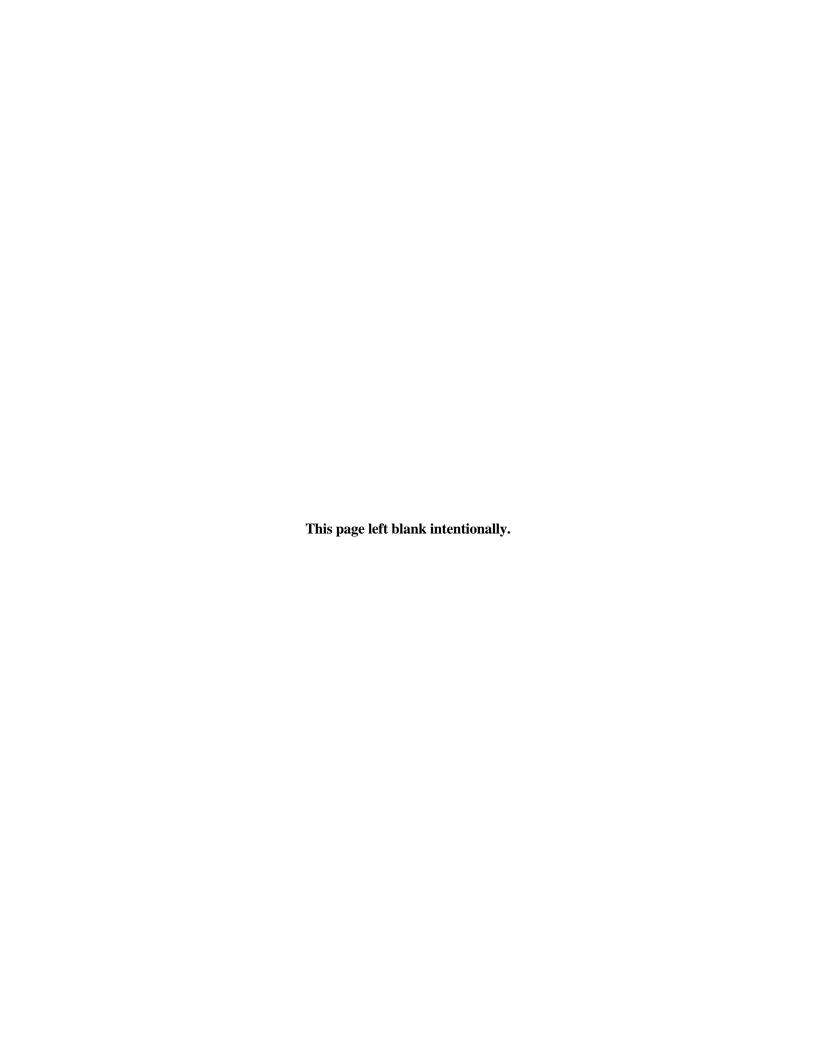
No changes in the plan provisions occurred during the year. The plan held no securities of the City or other related parties during or at the close of the fiscal year.

(c) Subsequent Event

On December 1, 2011, the City entered into an agreement with PWEC Enterprises, Inc., a California corporation to maintain and operate the City-owned stables and horse facilities. This agreement will expire on February 28, 2013.

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General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Original Budget Amounts	Final Budget Amounts	Actual		Variance With Final Budget
Revenues:						
Sales and use taxes	\$	916,049	\$ 934,127	\$ 917,016	\$	(17,111)
Business license taxes		240,000	240,000	267,177		27,177
Property taxes		2,570,803	2,644,154	2,494,828		(149,326)
Other taxes		561,400	515,000	590,954		75,954
Licenses and permits		997,000	697,000	681,549		(15,451)
Fines and forfeitures		69,000	69,000	64,733		(4,267)
Use of money and property		45,000	43,500	30,192		(13,308)
Charges for services		398,000	293,000	299,674		6,674
Revenues from other agencies		296,410	296,410	419,336		122,926
Other revenues		53,199	 101,000	15,317	_	(85,683)
Total revenues		6,146,861	5,833,191	5,780,776		(52,415)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		2,882,029	2,884,843	2,886,610		(1,767)
Public safety		1,772,062	1,760,562	1,756,145		4,417
Public works		303,589	313,422	227,667		85,755
Community services		1,200,453	1,221,553	1,246,778		(25,225)
Public health		30,000	30,000	21,329		8,671
Capital outlay		50,000	50,000	66,264	_	(16,264)
Total expenditures		6,238,133	6,260,380	 6,204,793		55,587
Net change in fund balance	•	(91,272)	(427,189)	(424,017)		3,172
Fund balance, beginning		2,816,987	2,816,987	 2,816,987		
Fund balance, ending	\$	2,725,715	\$ 2,389,798	\$ 2,392,970	\$	3,172

State Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Original			Final		7	⁷ ariance	
		Budget		Budget			With	
	Amounts		A	mounts	 Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues:								
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 160	\$	160	
Revenues from other agencies		157,200		157,200	 238,194		80,994	
Total revenues		157,200		157,200	238,354		81,154	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public works		157,000		157,000	 189,926		(32,926)	
Net change in fund balance		200		200	48,428		48,228	
Fund balance, beginning		27,225		27,225	 27,225			
Fund balance, ending	\$	27,425	\$	27,425	\$ 75,653	\$	48,228	

Proposition A - Parks Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Original Budget	Final Budget Amounts				•	Variance With
		Amounts			Actual		Final Budget	
Revenues:								
Revenues from other agencies	\$	14,000	\$	159,298	\$	159,249	\$	(49)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community services		-		19,000		17,453		1,547
Capital outlay		50,194		50,194	_	50,194		
Total expenditures	_	50,194		69,194		67,647		1,547
Net change in fund balance		(36,194)		90,104		91,602		1,498
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	_	(394,517)	_	(394,517)		(394,517)		-
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	(430,711)	\$	(304,413)	\$	(302,915)	\$	1,498

Quimby Fees Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Original Budget Amounts	Final Budget Amounts	 Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
Revenues:						
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,943	\$	1,943
Revenues from other agencies		300,000	 370,000	 392,206		22,206
Total revenues		300,000	370,000	394,149		24,149
Fund balance, beginning	_	262,930	 262,930	 262,930		-
Fund balance, ending		562,930	\$ 632,930	\$ 657,079	\$	24,149

CITY OF ROLLING HILLS ESTATES Note to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2011

(1) Budgetary Data

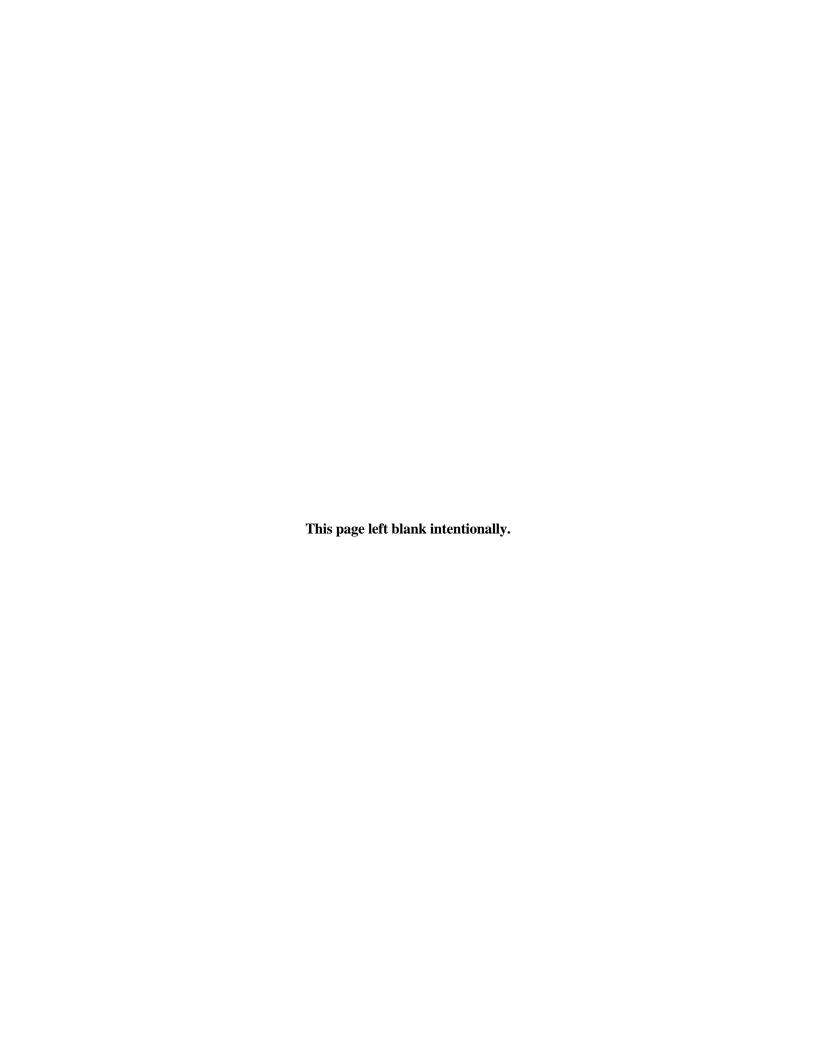
On or before June 30 of each year, the City Council adopts a budget for the ensuing fiscal year. The City Manager is responsible for the preparation and administration of the annual budget.

Budgets are reported on the same basis as the fund types and are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The legal level of control or the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is at the program level. The program level includes general government, public safety, public works, community services, public health and capital outlay. Unexpended budgetary appropriations lapse at year-end.

Management may amend budgets within the program level. Budgetary revisions that alter the total appropriations of a program must be approved by City Council.

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DESCRIPTION OF NONMAJOR FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative regulation for specified purposes. Special Revenue Funds include the following:

<u>Local Transportation Fund</u> - To account for grant moneys received from the State of California for the development of bike lanes.

<u>Traffic Safety Fund</u> - To account for traffic fines to be used for traffic safety purposes.

<u>Transit Improvement Tax Fund</u> - To account for funds received through the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transit Authority to be used to provide transportation services.

<u>Proposition C Fund</u> - To account for the City's share of an additional one-half cent sales tax collected by the County of Los Angeles to finance transit projects within the City.

<u>Air Quality Improvement Fund</u> - To account for monies received from the Department of Motor Vehicles to be used for the purpose of reducing air pollution.

<u>State Park Grant Fund</u> - To account for revenues received from developers for the purpose of park development.

<u>Peg Fees Fund</u> - To account for revenues received from the cable operator to be used for equipment, upgrades and maintenance.

<u>Proposition 1B Fund</u> - To account for revenue received from the Proposition 1 B Transportation Bond. The funds are used for projects that will assist in reducing local traffic congestion

<u>Peppertree Foundation Fund</u> - To account for monies received from donations for special recreational purposes.

<u>Proposition 40 Parks Grant Fund</u> - To account for grant monies received from the State of California for the maintenance and development of parks, recreation facilities, and open space.

<u>Traffic Signal Fund</u> - To account for grant monies received for the upgrade of traffic signals city-wide that included the installation of UPS (Uninterruptible Power Source) units and energy efficient LED modules.

<u>Measure R Fund</u> - To account for the City's share of the half-cent sales tax approved by of Los Angeles County voters to finance new transportation projects and programs within the City.

<u>Federal STIP Fund</u> - To account for grant monies received from the State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) for transportation projects.

<u>Federal ARRA Fund</u> - To account for grant monies received from the American Recovery and Reinvestments Act (ARRA) for the street name sign, traffic signal modification and street resurfacing projects.

AGENCY FUND

The Agency Fund is used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, other governments and/or other funds.

<u>Peninsula Parking Fund</u> - To account for monies received from parking citation processing under a joint three-city agreement and held by Rolling Hills Estates on behalf of the Cities of Rancho Palos Verdes and Rolling Hills.

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Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

	Trai	Local sportation		Traffic Safety	Transit provement Tax	Pı	roposition C	<u>I</u> ı	Air Quality nprovement
Assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	11,486	\$	-	\$ 72,040	\$	244,873	\$	18,263
Accounts receivable		8		3,015	 38		142		1,847
Total assets	\$	11,494	\$	3,015	\$ 72,078	\$	245,015	\$	20,110
Liabilities and fund balances (deficits):									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	1,094	\$ 111	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		15,773	 -		-		
Total liabilities			_	16,867	 111	_	-	_	
Fund balances (deficits):									
Restricted for:									
Transportation		11,494		-	71,967		245,015		20,110
Capital projects		-		-	-		-		-
Unassigned			_	(13,852)	 		-		
Total fund balances (deficits)		11,494		(13,852)	 71,967		245,015		20,110
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$	11,494	\$	3,015	\$ 72,078	\$	245,015	\$	20,110

State rk Grant	Peg Fees	Pro	position 1B	eppertree oundation	position 40 rks Grant	 Traffic Signal
\$ 61,889 27	\$ 6,341 6,488	\$	- 29	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,054 5
\$ 61,916	\$ 12,829	\$	29	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 7,059
\$ - -	\$ - -	\$	29	\$ 689 28,026	\$ 53,442	\$ - -
 	-		29	 28,715	 53,442	 -
_	-		-	-	-	7,059
 61,916	12,829		-	 (28,715)	 (53,442)	-
 61,916	12,829		-	 (28,715)	 (53,442)	 7,059
\$ 61,916	\$ 12,829	\$	29	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 7,059

Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

	<u>N</u>	Measure Federal R STIP		Federal ARRA		Total Nonmajor Governmental	
Assets:							
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	421,946
Accounts receivable		44			 		11,643
Total assets	\$	44	\$	-	\$ -	\$	433,589
Liabilities and fund balances (deficits):							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,894
Due to other funds		4,483		26,372	 6,316		134,441
Total liabilities		4,483		26,372	 6,316		136,335
Fund balances (deficits):							
Restricted for:							
Transportation		-		-	-		355,645
Capital projects		-		-	-		74,745
Unassigned		(4,439)		(26,372)	 (6,316)		(133,136)
Total fund balances (deficits)		(4,439)		(26,372)	 (6,316)		297,254
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$	44	\$	-	\$ -	\$	433,589

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Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Tra	Local nsportation	Traffic Safety	Transit Improvement Tax		Proposition C		Im	Air Quality provement
Revenues:									
Fines and forfeitures	\$	-	\$ 38,525	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Use of money and property		37	32		203		812		328
Charges for services		-	-		-		-		-
Revenues from other agencies		15,250	 -		110,214		100,605		8,836
Total revenues		15,287	 38,557		110,417		101,417		9,164
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government		-	-		-		-		153,899
Public safety		-	73,871		-		-		-
Public works		-	-		127,577		-		-
Community services		-	-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		4,000	 		-		34,180		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures		4,000	 73,871		127,577		34,180		153,899
Net change in fund balances		11,287	(35,314)		(17,160)		67,237		(144,735)
Fund balances (deficits), beginning		207	 21,462		89,127		177,778		164,845
Fund balances (deficits), ending	\$	11,494	\$ (13,852)	\$	71,967	\$	245,015	\$	20,110

]	State Park Grant	. <u> </u>	Peg Fees	 Proposition 1 B	eppertree oundation	position 40 rks Grant		Traffic Signal
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
	149		4	288	_	-		28
	-		-	-	46,197	-		-
	25,549		12,825	 	 	 241,460		-
	25,698		12,829	 288	 46,197	 241,460		28
	-		-	-	-	-		-
	-		-	-	-	-		-
	-		-	-	-	-		-
	-		-	70.412	36,259	251 201		-
	-	-		 79,413	 5,018	 251,291	_	
	-	_	-	 79,413	 41,277	 251,291		
	25,698		12,829	(79,125)	4,920	(9,831)		28
	36,218	_	-	 79,125	 (33,635)	 (43,611)	_	7,031
\$	61,916	\$	12,829	\$ 	\$ (28,715)	\$ (53,442)	\$	7,059

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

	M	leasure R	F	ederal STIP		Federal ARRA		Total Nonmajor overnmental
Revenues:	-		-				-	
Fines and forfeitures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	38,525
Use of money and property		313		-		-		2,194
Charges for services		-		-		-		46,197
Revenues from other agencies		71,333			_	466,928		1,053,000
Total revenues		71,646		-		466,928		1,139,916
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		153,899
Public safety		-		-		-		73,871
Public works		-		-		-		127,577
Community services		-		-		=		36,259
Capital outlay		128,167		3,309		473,499		978,877
Total expenditures		128,167		3,309		473,499		1,370,483
Net change in fund balances		(56,521)		(3,309)		(6,571)		(230,567)
Fund balances (deficits), beginning		52,082		(23,063)		255		527,821
Fund balances (deficits), ending	\$	(4,439)	\$	(26,372)	\$	(6,316)	\$	297,254

Local Transportation Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

	В	Final udget		•	
.	An	nounts	 Actual	<u>Va</u>	ariance
Revenues:					
Use of money and property	\$	1	\$ 37	\$	36
Revenues from other agencies		15,250	 15,250		-
Total revenues		15,251	15,287		36
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay		-	 4,000		(4,000)
Net change in fund balance		15,251	11,287		4,036
Fund balance, beginning		207	 207		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	15,458	\$ 11,494	\$	4,036

Traffic Safety Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Final Budget Amounts	Actual	•	Variance
Revenues:			_	
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 42,000	\$ 38,525	\$	(3,475)
Use of money and property	 200	 32		(168)
Total revenues	42,200	38,557		(3,643)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public safety	 62,715	 73,871		(11,156)
Net change in fund balance	(20,515)	(35,314)		(14,799)
Fund balance, beginning	 21,462	 21,462		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ 947	\$ (13,852)	\$	(14,799)

Transit Improvement Tax Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Final Budget Amounts	Actual	7	Variance
Revenues:	1			_	
Use of money and property	\$	400	\$ 203	\$	(197)
Revenues from other agencies		127,000	 110,214		(16,786)
Total revenues		127,400	110,417		(16,983)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public works		131,356	 127,577		3,779
Net change in fund balance		(3,956)	(17,160)		(13,204)
Fund balance, beginning		89,127	 89,127		
Fund balance, ending	\$	85,171	\$ 71,967	\$	(13,204)

Proposition C Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Final Budget			
	mounts	 Actual	_	Variance
Revenues:				
Use of money and property	\$ 750	\$ 812	\$	62
Revenues from other agencies	 108,000	 100,605		(7,395)
Total revenues	108,750	101,417		(7,333)
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	 140,000	 34,180		105,820
Net change in fund balance	(31,250)	67,237		98,487
Fund balance, beginning	 177,778	 177,778		
Fund balance, ending	\$ 146,528	\$ 245,015	\$	98,487

Air Quality Improvement Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

	1	Final Budget Amounts	Actual	•	Variance
Revenues:					
Use of money and property	\$	800	\$ 328	\$	(472)
Revenues from other agencies		9,100	 8,836		(264)
Total revenues		9,900	9,164		(736)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government		137,435	 153,899		(16,464)
Net change in fund balance		(127,535)	(144,735)		(17,200)
Fund balance, beginning		164,845	 164,845		
Fund balance, ending	\$	37,310	\$ 20,110	\$	(17,200)

State Park Grant Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Final Budget mounts	Actual	 ariance
Revenues:	 		
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ 149	\$ 149
Revenues from other agencies	 25,500	 25,549	 49
Net change in fund balance	25,500	25,698	198
Fund balance, beginning	36,218	36,218	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 61,718	\$ 61,916	\$ 198

Peg Fees Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Final Budget mounts	Actual	Va	riance		
Revenues:	 					
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ 4	\$	4		
Revenues from other agencies	 12,000	12,825		825		
Net change in fund balance	12,000	12,829		829		
Fund balance, beginning	 	 		-		
Fund balance, ending	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,829	\$	829		

Proposition 1B - Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Final Budget Amounts	Actual	Variance	
Revenues:				
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ 288	\$	288
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	 80,000	 79,413		587
Net change in fund balance	(80,000)	(79,125)		875
Fund balance, beginning	 79,125	 79,125		-
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (875)	\$ -	\$	875

Peppertree Foundation Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Final Budget		
	Amounts	Actual	Variance
Revenues:			
Use of money and property	\$ 1,000	\$ -	\$ (1,000)
Charges for services	50,000	46,197	(3,803)
Total revenues	51,000	46,197	(4,803)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Community services	41,000	36,259	4,741
Capital outlay		5,018	(5,018)
Total expenditures	41,000	41,277	(277)
Net change in fund balance	10,000	4,920	(5,080)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	(33,635)	(33,635)	-
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (23,635)	\$ (28,715)	\$ (5,080)

Proposition 40 - Parks Grant Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Final Budget		
	 Amounts	 Actual	 Variance
Revenues:			
Revenue from other agencies	\$ -	\$ 241,460	\$ 241,460
Expenditures: Capital outlay	 251,291	251,291	-
Net change in fund balance	(251,291)	(9,831)	241,460
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	(43,611)	 (43,611)	
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (294,902)	\$ (53,442)	\$ 241,460

Traffic Signal Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

	B	Final udget nounts	Actual	Variance		
Revenues: Use of money and property	\$	-	\$ 28	\$	28	
Fund balance, beginning		7,031	 7,031			
Fund balance, ending	\$	7,031	\$ 7,059	\$	28	

Measure R Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Final Budget mounts	Actual	,	Variance
Revenues:		 110000		· ur uricc
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ 313	\$	313
Revenues from other agencies	 80,000	 71,333		(8,667)
Total revenues	80,000	71,646		(8,354)
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	 125,000	 128,167		(3,167)
Net change in fund balance	(45,000)	(56,521)		(11,521)
Fund balance, beginning	 52,082	 52,082		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ 7,082	\$ (4,439)	\$	(11,521)

Federal STIP Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Final Budget mounts	 Actual	Va	riance
Expenditures: Capital outlay	\$ 3,309	\$ 3,309	\$	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	(3,309)	(3,309)		-
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	(23,063)	(23,063)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (26,372)	\$ (26,372)	\$	

Federal ARRA Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Final Budget			
	 Amounts	 Actual	1	Variance
Revenues:		 _		_
Revenues from other agencies	\$ 499,775	\$ 466,928	\$	(32,847)
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	 400,000	 473,499		(73,499)
Net change in fund balance	99,775	(6,571)		(106,346)
Fund balance, beginning	 255	255		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ 100,030	\$ (6,316)	\$	(106,346)

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund Year Ended June 30, 2011

Peninsula Parking	_	Balance e 30, 2010	A	dditions	<u>D</u>	Deletions	_	Balance e 30, 2011
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	7,058	\$	45,904	\$	50,644	\$	2,318
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	7,058	\$	45,904	\$	50,644	\$	2,318

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STATISTICAL INFORMATION

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CITY OF ROLLING HILLS ESTATES Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2011

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Rolling Hills Estates comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

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Page(s)
Financial Trends
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time
Revenue Capacity
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the government's most significant current local revenue source, the property tax
Debt Capacity
These schedules contain present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future
Demographic and Economic Information
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place
Operating Information
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs

Net Assets by Component Last Eight Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	 Fiscal Year					
	2004		2005		2006	
Governmental activities:	 _		_			
Invested in capital assets	\$ 5,251,555	\$	5,341,886	\$	5,987,248	
Restricted	179,635		215,475		529,600	
Unrestricted	 4,687,641	_	5,031,669		4,342,205	
Total governmental						
activities net assets	\$ 10,118,831	\$	10,589,030	\$	10,859,053	
Business-type activities:						
Invested in capital assets	\$ 77,958	\$	70,600	\$	65,512	
Unrestricted	 172,296		167,105	_	111,250	
Total business-type						
activities net assets	\$ 250,254	\$	237,705	\$	176,762	
Primary government:						
Invested in capital assets	\$ 5,329,513	\$	5,412,486	\$	6,052,760	
Restricted	179,635		215,475		529,600	
Unrestricted	4,859,937		5,198,774		4,453,455	
Total primary government						
net assets	\$ 10,369,085	\$	10,826,735	\$	11,035,815	

The City of Rolling Hills Estates implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. Therefore, the City only shows eight years of data for this schedule.

Source: City Administrative Services Department.

Fiscal Year

2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
\$ 7,494,508 144,809 5,102,324	\$ 7,507,337 378,721 4,451,803	\$ 7,522,061 533,470 2,733,165	\$ 7,437,235 963,108 1,822,165	\$ 7,823,648 1,200,294 1,528,215
\$ 12,741,641	\$ 12,337,861	\$ 10,788,696	\$ 10,222,508	\$ 10,552,157
\$ 61,650 60,942	\$ 57,789 20,132	\$ 53,927 (127,910)	\$ 50,065 (180,723)	\$ 46,203 (267,237)
\$ 122,592	\$ 77,921	\$ (73,983)	\$ (130,658)	\$ (221,034)
\$ 7,556,158 144,809 5,163,266	\$ 7,565,126 378,721 4,471,935	\$ 7,575,988 533,470 2,605,255	\$ 7,487,300 963,108 1,641,442	\$ 7,869,851 1,200,294 1,260,978
\$ 12,864,233	\$ 12,415,782	\$ 10,714,713	\$ 10,091,850	\$ 10,331,123

Changes in Net Assets Last Eight Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year	
2005	
_	

	2004		2005	2006
Expenses:				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 2,280,561	\$	2,254,568	\$ 2,973,724
Public safety	1,666,584		1,666,787	1,705,592
Public works	493,892		765,218	606,608
Community services	1,352,068		1,408,536	1,531,124
Public health	31,600		34,968	 37,026
Total governmental				
activities expenses	5,824,705		6,130,077	6,854,074
Business-type activities:		_		
Equestrian	596,933		627,980	704,009
Tennis	62,512		53,302	43,402
Total business-type	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
activities expenses	659,445		681,282	747,411
Total primary			_	 _
government expenses	6,484,150		6,811,359	7,601,485
Program revenues:		_		
Governmental activities:				
Charges for services:				
General government	809,092		1,063,064	1,187,773
Public safety	117,180		106,084	110,482
Public works	50,226		110,005	121,529
Community services	144,718		177,682	118,074
Operating grants and contributions	594,393		704,988	903,422
Capital grants and contributions	-		-	-
Total governmental activities		_		
program revenues	1,715,609		2,161,823	2,441,280
Business-type activities:		_		
Charges for services:				
Equestrian	535,648		619,158	630,146
Tennis	41,597		44,040	46,354
Capital grants and contributions	33,244.00		, -	-
Total business-type activities	<u> </u>	_	-	
The City of Rolling Hills Estates has electe	d 610,489		663,198	676,500
Total primary government		_		
program revenues	2,326,098		2,825,021	3,117,780
Net revenues (expenses):	2,020,000	_	2,020,021	2,117,700
Governmental activities	(4,109,096)		(3,968,254)	(4,412,794)
Business-type activities	(48,956)		(18,084)	(70,911)
Total net revenues (expenses)	(4,158,052)	_	(3,986,338)	 (4,483,705)
Total liet revenues (expenses)	(4,130,032)	_	(3,700,330)	 (+,+03,703)

Fiscal Year

	2007		2008		2009		2010		2011
					_				
\$	3,221,350	\$	3,747,375	\$	3,369,758	\$	3,004,041	\$	3,075,846
Ф	1,878,066	Ф	1,898,712	Ф	2,111,932	Ф	1,819,095	Ф	1,830,016
	711,452		831,273		1,170,470		912,695		1,114,138
	1,712,418		1,571,983		1,432,368		1,302,670		1,341,466
	44,290		24,148		28,101		34,059		21,329
	44,230		24,140		20,101	-	34,039		21,329
	7,567,576		8,073,491		8,112,629		7,072,560		7,382,795
	716,304		727,488		803,244		775,686		760,759
	48,595		47,910		79,890		71,075		75,132
	764,899		775,398		883,134		846,761		835,891
	8,332,475		8,848,889		8,995,763		7,919,321		8,218,686
	1,683,238		1,269,611		839,830		927,498		957,765
	107,778		154,439		118,323		120,235		92,018
	128,179		145,452		167,659		171,782		178,088
	108,927		52,704		60,771		75,083		59,559
	851,242		1,132,788		722,578		776,625		1,295,997
	570,000				76,110		158,306		758,259
	3,449,364		2,754,994		1,985,271		2,229,529		3,341,686
	650,405		670,547		668,641		730,410		688,871
	49,250		52,838		59,804		58,923		56,167
	<u>-</u>								
	699,655		723,385		728,445		789,333		745,038
	4,149,019		3,478,379		2,713,716		3,018,862		4,086,724
	(4,118,212)	((5,318,497)		(6,127,358)		(4,843,031)		(4,041,109)
	(65,244)		(52,013)		(154,689)		(57,428)		(90,853)
	(4,183,456)	((5,370,510)		(6,282,047)		(4,900,459)	-	(4,131,962)
									(Continued)

Changes in Net Assets Last Eight Fiscal Years (Continued) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year						
		2004		2005		2006	
General revenues and other	·						
changes in net assets:							
governmental activities:							
Intergovernmental:							
Property taxes	\$	1,175,763	\$	2,028,224	\$	2,189,508	
Sales taxes		1,519,280		1,176,372		1,252,817	
Motor vehicle in lieu							
taxes -general purpose		390,246		196,408		60,142	
Taxes:							
Business license taxes		414,400		469,858		447,760	
Franchise taxes		381,790		360,033		449,007	
Other taxes		82,115		83,640		88,058	
Use of money and property		46,668		84,432		183,821	
Loss on sale of capital asset	-			-		-	
Miscellaneous		17,875	_	39,486		11,704	
Total governmental activities		4,028,137	_	4,438,453		4,682,817	
Business-type activities:							
Use of money and property		2,866		5,535		9,968	
Total primary government		4,031,003	_	4,443,988		4,692,785	
Changes in net assets:							
Governmental activities		(80,959)		470,199		270,023	
Business-type activities		(46,090)	_	(12,549)		(60,943)	
Total primary government	\$	(127,049)	\$_	457,650	\$	209,080	

The City of Rolling Hills Estates implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. Therefore, the City only shows eight years of data for this schedule.

Source: City Administrative Services Department.

Fiscal Year

	Fiscal Year										
	2007		2007 2008			7 2008 2009					2011
\$	2,387,652	\$	2,492,172	\$	2,525,072	\$	2,369,270	\$	2,494,828		
	1,192,703		1,199,466		986,408		917,855		917,016		
									41,550		
	47,500		36,304		27,834		24,024				
									267,177		
	508,260		407,451		383,777		221,600		518,175		
	474,638		530,806		513,902		492,746		72,779		
	156,565		52,394		40,548		65,435		18,467		
	334,457		206,181		91,946		30,770		_		
	800,000		(25,560)		-		-		40,766		
	99,025		15,503		8,706		155,143				
	6,000,800		4,914,717		4,578,193		4,276,843		4,370,758		
	0,000,800		4,914,717		4,376,133		4,270,043		4,370,736		
	11,074		7,342		2,785		753		477		
	6,011,874		4,922,059		4,580,978		4,277,596		4,371,235		
	1,882,588		(403,780)		(1,549,165)		(566,188)		329,649		
	(54,170)		(44,671)		(151,904)		(56,675)		(90,376)		
\$	1,828,418	\$	(448,451)	\$	(1,701,069)	\$	(622,863)	\$	239,273		

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Eight Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year						
		2004		2005		2006	
General fund:							
Reserved	\$	143,075	\$	142,169	\$	151,099	
Unreserved		3,748,269		4,032,898		4,513,907	
Total general fund	\$	3,891,344	\$	4,175,067	\$	4,665,006	
All other governmental funds:							
Unreserved, reported in:							
Special revenue funds	\$	227,795	\$	353,650	\$	529,600	
Total all other governmental funds	\$	227,795	\$	353,650	\$	529,600	
General fund:		2010 ¹		2011			
Nonspendable	\$	247,242	_	\$ 86,741			
Restricted		44,823		37,172			
Assigned		642,800		502,264			
Unassigned		1,882,122	_	1,766,793			
Total general fund	\$	2,816,987	=	\$ 2,392,970	=		
All other governmental funds:							
Restricted	\$	918,285		\$ 1,163,122			
Unassigned		(494,826)		(436,051)			
Total other governmental funds	\$	423,459	_	\$ 727,071			

The City of Rolling Hills Estates has elected to show only eight years of data for this schedule.

Source: City Administrative Services Department.

Note:

¹ The City early implemented GASB Statement No. 54 under which governmental fund balances are reported as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned compared to reserved and unreserved.

Fiscal '	Year
----------	------

	 cui i cui	
2007	2008	 2009
\$ 833,201 4,606,973	\$ 664,853 3,836,098	\$ 502,156 2,838,092
\$ 5,440,174	\$ 4,500,951	\$ 3,340,248
\$ 144,809	\$ 729,352	\$ 361,329
\$ 144,809	\$ 729,352	\$ 361,329

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Eight Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year					
		2004		2005		2006
Revenues:	<u> </u>					
Sales and use taxes	\$	1,519,280	\$	1,176,372	\$	1,252,817
Business license taxes		404,400		469,858		447,760
Property taxes		1,175,763		2,028,224		1,252,817
Other taxes		463,906		443,673		1,473,756
Licenses and permits		728,509		943,695		1,012,310
Fines and forfeitures		110,207		97,555		104,315
Use of money and property		89,995		118,395		239,659
Charges for services		231,346		311,571		316,052
Revenues from other agencies		992,994		949,400		1,034,968
Other revenues		6,904		27,762		3,150
Total revenues		5,723,304		6,566,505		7,137,604
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		2,224,260		2,359,003		2,891,255
Public safety		1,666,584		1,666,786		1,705,599
Public works		445,103		678,543		428,794
Community services		1,327,666		1,365,740		1,444,252
Public health		31,600		34,968		37,026
Capital outlay		570,639		51,887		959,921
Total expenditures		6,265,852		6,156,927		7,466,847
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(542,548)		409,578		(329,243)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		-		67,874		-
Transfers out		-		(67,874)		-
Gain on sale of capital asset						
Total other financing sources (uses)						
Net change in fund balances	\$	(542,548)	\$	409,578	\$	(329,243)
Debt service as a percentage of						
noncapital expenditures		N/A		N/A		N/A

The City of Rolling Hills Estates has elected to show only eight years of data for this schedule.

Source: City Administrative Services Department.

Fiscal Year

2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
\$ 1,192,703	\$ 1,199,467	\$ 986,408	\$ 917,855	917,016
508,260	407,452	383,777	221,600	267,177
2,387,652	2,492,172	2,525,072	2,369,270	2,494,828
631,202	583,202	554,450	558,182	590,954
968,981	733,268	491,632	674,137	681,549
100,602	150,491	114,203	123,547	103,258
363,487	221,489	107,527	49,555	34,489
842,995	630,758	442,179	345,137	345,871
1,558,834	1,269,099	955,535	1,099,465	2,261,985
95,449	7,873	2,681	147,624	15,317
8,650,165	7,695,271	6,563,464	6,506,372	7,712,444
3,134,345	3,619,451	3,257,757	2,913,496	3,040,509
1,878,066	1,898,712	2,111,932	1,819,095	1,830,016
589,891	551,488	533,166	591,294	545,170
1,617,366	1,472,495	1,347,204	1,215,844	1,300,490
44,290	24,148	28,101	34,059	21,329
1,795,830	483,657	814,030	393,715	1,095,335
9,059,788	8,049,951	8,092,190	6,967,503	7,832,849
(409,623)	(354,680)	(1,528,726)	(461,131)	(120,405)
	40.062			
-	48,062	-	-	-
-	(48,062)	-	-	-
800,000				
800,000				
\$ 390,377	\$ (354,680)	\$ (1,528,726)	\$ (461,131)	\$ (120,405)
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Business Tax Rates June 30, 2011

FEE TYPE	BUSINESS TYPE / DESCRIPTION
Application fee	
\$20	New license
\$10	Renewal
Flat fee	
\$40	Contractor
\$100	Delivery, gardener, maintenance, seasonal businesses
400	Horse trainer
\$25	Performing arts theatre
Base fee	-
\$25	home occupation
Base + gross receipts	(gross receipt formulas vary according to business type)
\$25 + gross receipts formula	Retail, restaurant, private school, recreational business, wholesale
\$100 + gross receipts formula	Alarm companies
\$150 + gross receipts formula	Landfills
\$500 + gross receipts formula	Ready mix plants
\$75 + gross receipts formula	Vending machines
Base + owner/employee fee	
\$150 + \$15 per owner/employee	
\$75 + \$10 per owner/employee	Research & development
Base + square footage	
\$25 + square footage formula	Commercial property rental/leasing
AB 939	10% of any of the above fees for businesses located within Rolling Hills
	Estates, excluding home occupation, alarm and vending machine businesses.
Daily fee	
\$500/day	Motion picture filming - non-commercial/non-public areas
\$1,000/day	Motion picture filming - commercial/public areas
\$200/day	Still photography - City property
\$100/day	Still photography - other property
Daily/Quarterly/Annually	
\$50/day	Solicitation permit (commercial)
\$200/quarterly	Solicitation permit (commercial)
\$500/annually	Solicitation permit (commercial)

Note: Business tax rates have not changed within the past three years.

Source: City's Administrative Services Department.

Business Tax - Principal Payers June 30, 2011 and 2002

June 30, 2011 Principal Payers

Abercrombie & Fitch Ann Taylor Retail, Inc. Arco Am/Pm Mini Marts Banana Republic #8557 Borders #523 **Bristol Farms** Chico's Fas, Inc. #216 Coldwater Creek U.S. Inc. Cvs/Pharmacy #9607 Domino's Pizza Gap #279 J Crew Marmalade, Llc. Morgan's Jewelers Palos Verdes Bicycle Center Petco Animal Supplies Stores, Inc. Red Onion Rite Aid #5480 Rolling Hills Country Club Ruby's Diner Standard Concrete Products Inc Stein Mart Inc #701 T.J. Maxx Of Ca Llc The Vons Companies, Inc.

Williams-Sonoma #408

June 30, 2002 Principal Payers

Abercrombie & Fitch Ann Taylor Retail, Inc. Arco Am/Pm Mini Marts Banana Republic #8557 **Bristol Farms** Chicos Cvs/Pharmacy #9607 Gap #279 **IL Posto Restaurant** J Crew Morgan's Jewelers Palos Verdes Auto Service Petco Animal Supplies Stores, Inc Red Onion Restoration Hardware Rite Aid #5480 Rolling Hills Country Club Ruby's Diner Saks Fifth Avenue Standard Concrete Products Inc T.J. Maxx Of Ca Llc The Talbots Inc The Vons Companies, Inc. Tommy Hilfiger Williams-Sonoma

Source: MuniServices, LLC

Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2011

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX	Debt June 30, 2011	% Applicable ⁽¹⁾	ty's Share of Debt une 30, 2011
AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>
Los Angeles County Flood Control District	\$ 53,795,000	0.265%	\$ 142,557
Metropolitan Water District	227,670,000	1.330%	302,801
Los Angeles Community College District	3,536,745,000	0.458%	16,198,292
Palos Verdes Peninsula Unified School District	80,877,350	13.596%	10,996,085
City of Rolling Hills Estates	0.00	100%	0.00
Palos Verdes Library District	6,520,000	13.930%	843,036
Los Angeles County Regional Park and			
and Open Space Assessment District	 197,285,000	25.900%	510,968
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT	\$ 4,102,892,350		\$ 28,993,739
OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:			
Los Angeles County General Fund Obligations Los Angeles County Superintendent of	\$ 1,496,977,775	0.259%	\$ 3,877,172
Schools Certificates of Participation Los Angeles County Sanitation District	12,204,890	25.900%	31,611
No. 5 Authority	54,005,754	3.297%	1,780,570
Los Angeles County Sanitation			
District South Bay Cities Authority	 9,201,462	0.018%	 1,656
TOTAL OVERLAPPING GENERAL			
FUND DEBT	\$ 1,572,389,881		\$ 5,691,009
Net Combined Total Debt	\$ 5,675,282,231		\$ 34,684,748 (2)

⁽¹⁾ Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the city.

Ratios to Assessed Valuation:

Direct Debt	0.00%
Total Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	1.22%
Net Combined Total Debt	1.46%

STATE SCHOOL BUILDING AID REPAYABLE AS OF 6/30/11: \$0

Source: MuniServices, LLC

⁽²⁾ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue, and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

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CITY OF ROLLING HILLS ESTATES Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year 2002 2003 2004 2005 \$ 1,554,235,124 \$ 1,627,324,230 \$ 1,732,493,353 Assessed valuation \$ 1,909,388,088 Debt limit percentage 15% 15% 15% 15% Debt limit 233,135,269 244,098,635 259,874,003 286,408,213 Total net debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds 244,098,635 Legal debt margin 233,135,269 259,874,003 286,408,213 Total debt applicable to the limit 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% as a percentage of debt limit 0.0%

Source: City's Administrative Services Department & County of Los Angeles Department of Auditor-Controller

Fiscal Year

2006	2007	2008	2009		2010		2011
\$ 1,990,314,921	\$ 2,127,086,250	\$ 2,265,129,361	\$ 2,357,954,115	\$	2,370,314,558	\$	2,446,353,508
 15%	 15%	 15%	 15%		15%	-	15%
298,547,238	319,062,938	339,769,404	353,693,117		355,547,184		366,953,026
	 	 	 -	_	-		-
\$ 298,547,238	\$ 319,062,938	\$ 339,769,404	\$ 353,693,117	\$	355,547,184	\$	366,953,026
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%

CITY OF ROLLING HILLS ESTATES Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (in millions) (2)	Per Capita Personal Income ⁽²⁾	Unemployment Rate (3)
2002	7,918	301,003	30,856	1.8%
2003	8,051	309,827	31,512	1.9%
2004	8,125	326,402	33,034	1.8%
2005	8,191	346,423	35,022	1.4%
2006	8,073	369,174	37,362	1.2%
2007	8,099	209,302	25,843	1.2%
2008	8,185	217,549	26,579	1.3%
2009	8,138	224,609	27,600	1.9%
2010	8,118	223,253	27,501	3.4%
2011	8,093	226,539	27,992	3.8%

Sources:

- (1) MuniSerices, LLC from the California Department of Finance Projections
- (2) MuniServices, LLC from the U.S. Census Data and is adjusted for inflation
- (3) MuniServices, LLC from the EDD's Bureau of Labor Statistics Department

Principal Employers Current Year

2011

Employer	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment
Palos Verdes Peninsula Unified School District	1,350 *	34.62%
Equinox Palos Verdes	117	3.00%
Rolling Hills Country Club	105	2.69%
Pavilions	100	2.56%
Rolling Hills Covenant Church	78	2.00%
Marmalade Café	57	1.46%
Bristol Farms	55	1.41%
Longs Drugs	55	1.41%
Abercrombie & Fitch	52	1.33%
Red Onion Restaurant	40	1.03%
Spectrum Health Club	40	1.03%
Cox Communications	37	0.95%
Total Top Employers	2,086	53.49%
Total City Employment (1)	3,900	

The City of Rolling Hills Estates has elected to present only current year data.

Source: MuniServices, LLC

Results based on direct correspondence with City's local businesses.

⁽¹⁾ Total City Employment provided by EDD Local Force Data.

^{*}Palos Verdes Peninsula Unified School District's employment count represents the entire district, employee counts are not tracked by location.

Full-Time and Part-Time City Employees by Function Last Six Fiscal Years

Full-Time and Part-Time Employees as of June 30,

Function	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General government	15	15	15	15	15	13
Public safety	3	1	1	1	2	2
Community services	12	9	10	10	7	7
Equestrian	7	6	7	7	7	6
Tennis	4	4	3	4	4	3
Total	41	35	36	37	35	31

The City of Rolling Hills Estates has elected to show only six years of data for this schedule.

Source: City's Administrative Services Department

Operating Indicators by Function Last Six Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year		
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Police:						
Arrests	113	87	186	184	113	80
Parking citations issued	434	562	783	519	635	333
Fire:						
Number of emergency calls	521	*	*	487	531	691
Inspections	1,110	*	*	4	3	5
Public works:						
Street resurfacing (miles)	3	3	2	2	<1	1.2
Community services:						
Number of recreation classes	20	21	21	5	5	5
Number of facility rentals	9	0	0	10	10	10
Equestrian:						
Number of equestrain classes	45	48	48	40	40	40
Number of facility rentals	20	18	16	16	16	16
Tennis:						
Number of tennis classes	80	80	80	80	80	80

The City of Rolling Hills Estates has elected to show only six years of data for this schedule.

Source: Various City's Departments, L.A. County Sheriffs Dept., & L.A. County Fire Dept.

^{*}Data not readily available

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Six Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year					
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Police:						
Stations	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fire:						
Fire stations	1 LA County's					
Public works:						
Streets (miles)	28	28	28	28	28	28
Streetlights	0	0	0	0	0	0
Traffic signals	17 intersections					
Community services:						
Parks	7	7	7	7	7	7
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1
Equestrian:						
Facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis:						
Facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1

The City of Rolling Hills Estates has elected to show only six years of data for this schedule.

Source: Various City's Departments, L.A. County Sheriffs Dept., & L.A. County Fire Dept.

Miscellaneous Statistics June 30, 2011

Date of incorporation September 18, 1957

Population 8,093

Form of government Council/Manager

Contract Services:

Police protection County Sheriff

Fire protection County Fire Protection Dist.
Sewers County Sanitation Dist. #5

Utilities:

Water California Water Company
Gas Southern California Gas Co.
Electricity Southern California Edison
Telephone Verizon & XO Communication

City Facilities:

Streets 28 miles
Bike paths 10 miles
Bridle trails 16 miles

Parks 7 with 52.5 acres Stables 1 with 116 stalls

Employees:

Full-time 28 Other 3

Business licenses issued 1,400

Number of Registered Voters 5,693

Source: City Departments & Los Angeles County Registrar - Recorder