City of Rolling Hills Estates California

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Rolling Hills Estates
CITY HALL

Year Ended June 30, 2012



Prepared by Administrative Services Department





Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Prepared by Administrative Services Department City of Rolling Hills Estates, California

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2012

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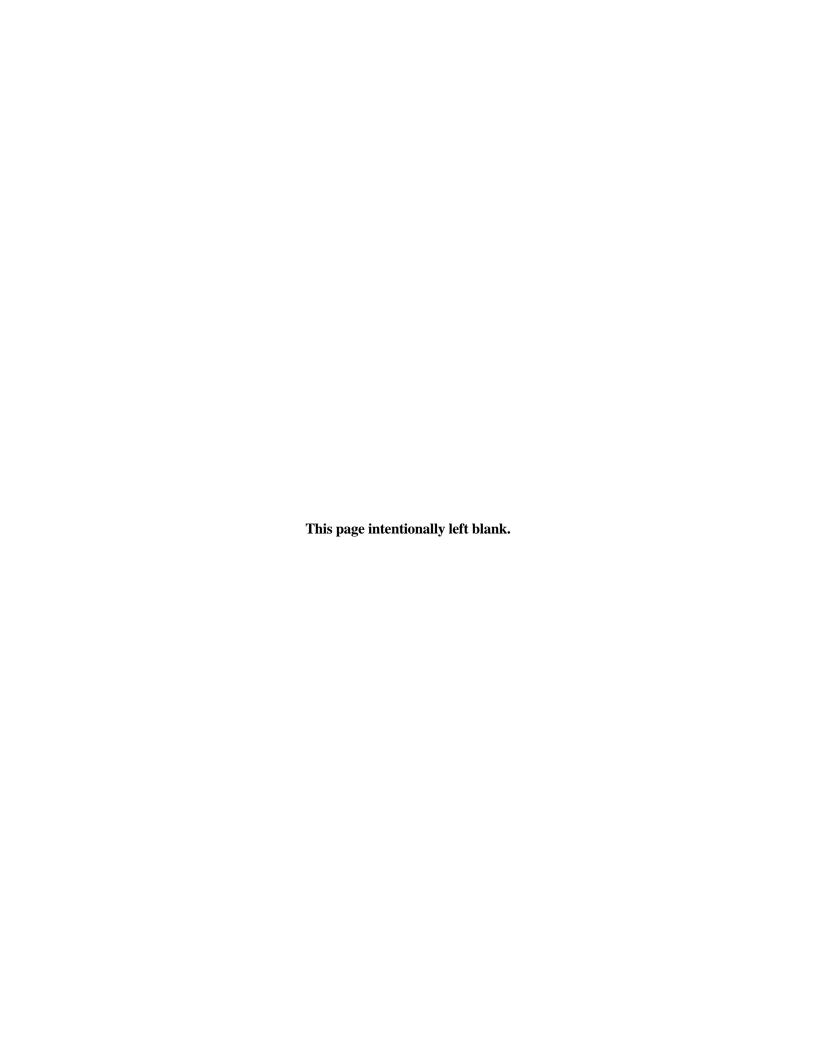
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SUSAN SEAMANS
Mayor
FRANK V. ZERUNYAN
Mayor Pro Tem
JUDY MITCHELL
Council Member
JOHN C. ADDLEMAN
Council Member
STEVEN ZUCKERMAN
Council Member
DOUGLAS R. PRICHARD
City Manager



City of

ROLLING HILLS ESTATES

4045 Palos Verdes Drive North • Rolling Hills Estates, CA 90274 310-377-1577 • FAX 310-377-4468 www.ci.Rolling-Hills-Estates.ca.us

December 6, 2012

Honorable Mayor and City Council

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Rolling Hills Estates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, is hereby submitted as mandated by local ordinances. These ordinances and statutes require that the City of Rolling Hills Estates issue annually a report on its financial position and activity, and that an independent firm of certified public accountants audit this report. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and component units of the City of Rolling Hills Estates. In addition, to the best of our knowledge, there are no untrue statements of material fact within the financial statements or omissions of material fact to cause the financial statements to be misleading. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and should be read in conjunction with it.

The financial reporting entity (the government) includes all the funds of the primary government (i.e., the City of Rolling Hills Estates as legally defined), as well as its component unit, the Peppertree Foundation. A component unit is a legally separate entity for which the primary government is financially accountable. The City provides a broad range of services, including police protection, solid waste collection, construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and infrastructure, planning and zoning activities, recreational activities, cultural events, and general administrative services. The City of Rolling Hills Estates is a contract city, meaning that some of these services are provided by contract with other agencies (both public and private) and some services are delivered by the City's own employees.

Special districts provide library services, fire protection services, and sewer services. The City has excluded the County of Los Angeles, as well as the State of California and various school districts, from the financial reporting entity because they do not meet the established criteria for inclusion.

GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE, ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City of Rolling Hills Estates is located on a coastal peninsula overlooking the Pacific Ocean in Los Angeles County, 15 miles south of the City of Los Angeles. The City was incorporated September 18, 1957. The City currently has a land area of 4.18 square miles and a population of 8,097. The City is a "bedroom" community with a commercial center. Rolling Hills Estates is home to the Promenade

on the Peninsula mall, Peninsula Center Shopping Center, and several other businesses in the City's commercial district.

The City has operated under the council-manager form of government since incorporation. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the governing council, which consists of five council members, including the mayor and mayor pro-tem. The governing council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and hiring the City Manager and the City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the government's departments. The Council is elected on a non-partisan, atlarge basis. Council members are elected to four-year staggered terms with two or three council members elected every two years. The Council designates the mayor and mayor pro-tem for a one-year term.

Though the City's overall fund balance increased during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, it is important to continue to measure the City's financial strength over time, not just on the basis of the most recent three or four years experience. The budget adopted by the City Council for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012 presents the expectation of a positive net operating result. Management continues to practice conservative fiscal policies as directed by Council.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City's staff, following specific directives of the City Council and the City Manager, has been involved in a variety of projects throughout the year. These projects reflect the government's commitment to ensuring that its citizens are able to live and work in an enviable environment.

Planning, Building, and Code Enforcement

- The Planning Commission and City Council approved amendments to the Municipal Code for the storage of large vehicles and to the Horse Overlay Zone for the keeping of horses.
- The City Continued to implement the Housing Element of the General Plan.
- The City continued to monitor the development of the Butcher Ranch project and the 627 Deep Valley Drive project for a new 58 unit mixed use project.
- The Planning Commission approved construction of a new Chase Bank located in the Commercial District at 872 Silver Spur Road.
- The City continues to process plans for the Brickwalk project to repair the Indian Peak Landside project.
- The City continues to process plans for the Peter Weber Equestrian Center.
- The City continued to provide review and inspection services for commercial and residential projects of various types.
- The City continued to process code enforcement cases.

Public Works

- Completed the final engineering design phase and prepared construction drawings to solicit bids for the Palos Verdes Drive North Bike Lane & Improvement Project. This project is funded by a combination of Federal and State grants totaling \$2,081,000 and \$544,580, respectively. The project includes the construction of an on-street bike path on both sides of PVDN between Crenshaw Boulevard and the west City limits, as well as new medians and street resurfacing, drainage, and intersection improvements. Construction is expected to commence in spring 2013.
- Completed the engineering design of the Underground Utility District that will remove 12 utility poles and related utility lines on Palos Verdes Drive North adjacent to the intersection of Palos Verdes Drive East. This project, with an estimated cost of \$1,525,000, is funded entirely with Southern California Edison Rule 20A funds at no cost to the City. Construction is anticipated to start by summer 2013.
- Completed the Hawthorne Boulevard resurfacing and rehabilitation project between Indian Peak and Silver Spur Road and Palos Verdes Drive North and the Torrance boundary through a combination of Proposition C and Measure R funds and a Highway-Through-Cities grant from Fourth District Supervisor Don Knabe.
- The total estimated replacement cost for all City roadways is \$31,210,000. About 53% of all City streets qualify for major maintenance at an estimated cost of \$7,010,000. As indicated in the 2011 Pavement Management System (PMS) report, a recommended annual budget of \$550,000 would result in a gradual improvement in the condition of City streets over a 15-year period to a "Good" level. A variety of funding sources are available for street maintenance, including Measure R, Proposition C, Gas Tax, and Highway-Through-Cities discretionary funds.

Community Services

- The City continued to offer the use of regional and local park facilities to residents and local non-profit youth sports organizations.
- Docents and paid contractor staff from the Palos Verdes Peninsula Land Conservancy continued their successful docent-led hike programs at George F. Canyon Nature Center.
- The City hosted the annual City Celebration, Tracy Austin Doubles Tennis Tournament, Mayor's Breakfast Ride, Hills Are Alive Race, and Holiday Parade events.

Administration

• The City Council engaged in extensive lobbying efforts on behalf of local government, particularly pertaining to protection of local revenues, and regional representation due in large to part to active roles Council Members took in League of California Cities and the California Contract Cities Association (CCCA) and South Bay Cities Council of Governments (COG) leadership and policy committees.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Administrative Services Department of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an appropriate internal control structure. The internal control system is designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgements by management.

<u>Single Audit.</u> As a recipient of federal, state, and county financial assistance, the City is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management. In years when over \$500,000 is expended on Federal financial assistance programs, the City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations</u>. For the year ended June 30, 2012, less than \$500,000 was expended on Federal financial assistance programs; and therefore, a single audit was not required.

Budgeting Controls. The City of Rolling Hills Estates maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions contained in the annual appropriated budgets approved by the City Council. Activities of the General fund, Special Revenue funds, and Proprietary funds are included in the annual appropriated budgets of the government units. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the program level. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device. Additionally, unexpected capital project account balances are carried over to the following year's budget appropriations with Council approval.

<u>Fiduciary Operations.</u> The City of Rolling Hills Estates has one fiduciary fund that is used to account for assets (cash) held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for other governmental units, private organizations or individuals. The Peninsula Parking Agency fund is restricted as to its use and is not available to fund the operating activities of the City, and as such, is offset by a liability equal to the carrying amount of the assets.

OTHER INFORMATION

<u>Independent Audit.</u> The City requires an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Macias Gini & O'Connell LLP conducted this year's audit. The auditor's report is included in the financial section of this report.

GFOA Certificate of Achievement Award. The Government Finance Officer's Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement in Financial Reporting to the City of Rolling Hills Estates for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. This was the sixteenth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

CSMFO Certificate of Award for Outstanding Financial Reporting. The California Society of Municipal Finance Officers (CSMFO) is a state organization, which sponsors extensive training and emphasizes high standards in all aspects of municipal finance operations, including financial reporting. However, CSMFO decided to decrease duplication of awards from CSMFO and GFOA, and as such, the City can only participate in CSMFO's program if the City did not receive the GFOA CAFR award the previous year. Therefore, the City is not eligible to participate in CSMFO's award program.

<u>Acknowledgments.</u> Preparation of this report was the accomplishment by combined efforts of many individuals. We wish to acknowledge the assistance of our auditors, Macias Gini & O'Connell LLP, and the contributions of the Administrative Services Department staff: Amelia Chan and Laurie Moromisato. Additionally, we want to acknowledge the contributions of the Department Heads and the Assistant City Manager.

Respectfully submitted,

for Philad

Douglas R. Prichard

City Manager

Michael C. Whitehead Administrative Services Director

Michael Whatel

CITY OF ROLLING HILLS ESTATES Directory of City Officials June 30, 2012

SUSAN SEAMANS MAYOR

FRANK V. ZERUNYAN JUDY MITCHELL
MAYOR PRO TEMPORE COUNCIL MEMBER

STEVEN ZUCKERMAN JOHN C. ADDLEMAN COUNCIL MEMBER COUNCIL MEMBER

City Manager Douglas R. Prichard

Assistant City Manager Gregory Grammer

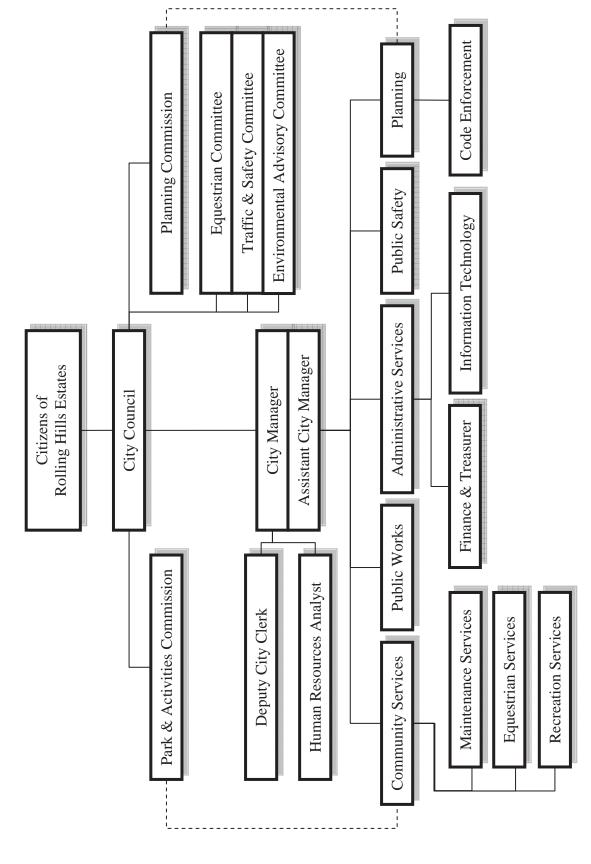
City Attorney Donald M. Davis

Administrative Services Director Michael C. Whitehead

Director of Planning David Wahba

Director of Community Services Andy Clark

Rolling Hills Estates City Government



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

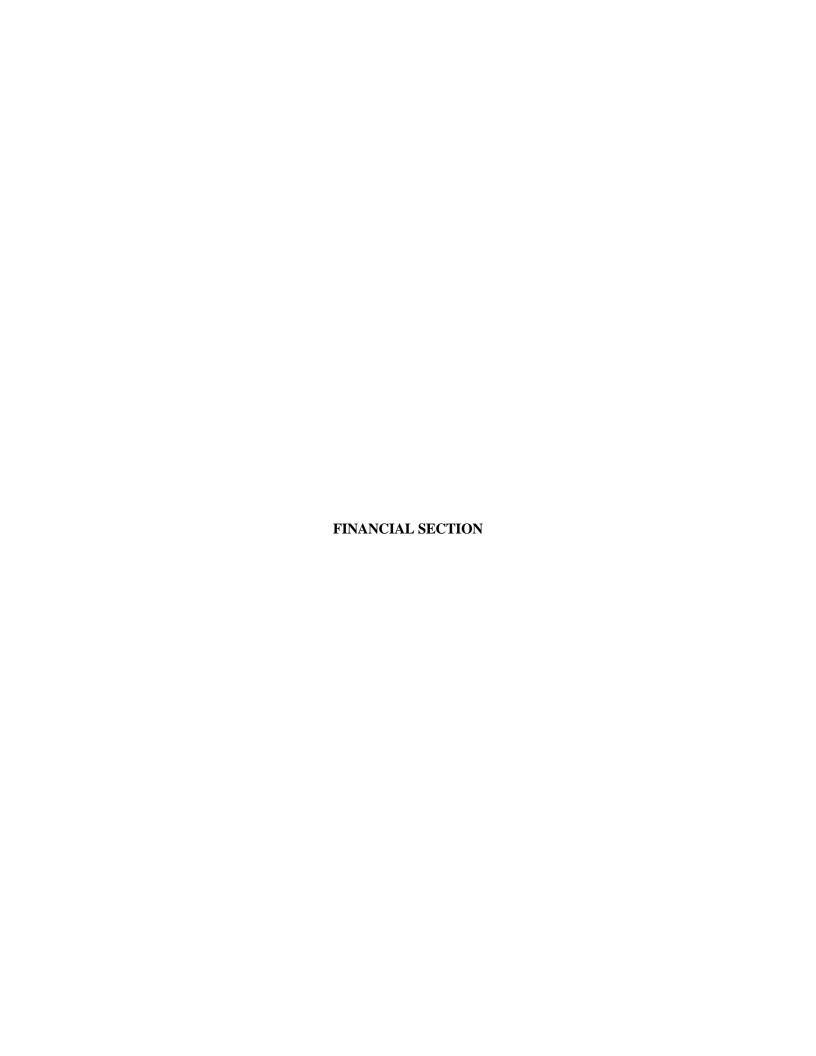
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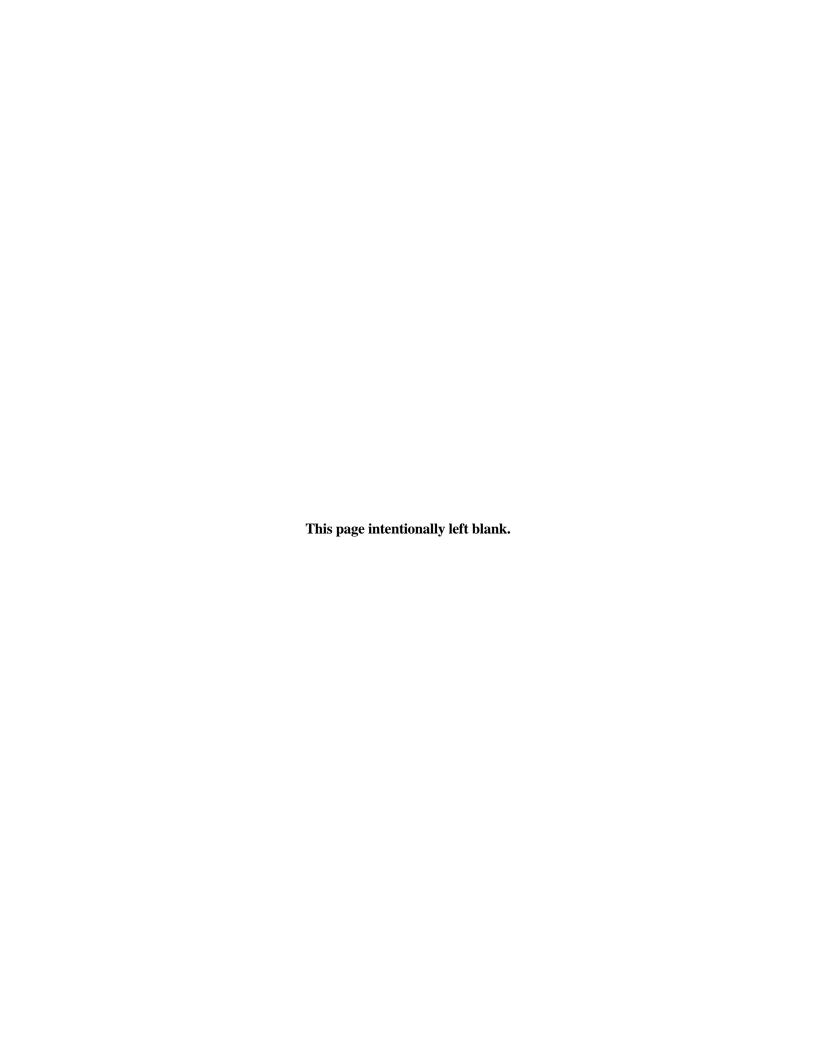
City of Rolling Hills Estates California

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2011

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.









Sacramento

Walnut Creek

Oakland

Newport Beach

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Rolling Hills Estates, California

San Diego Seattle

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Rolling Hills Estates, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 6, 2012, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audits.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 10 and 47 through 51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States

of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

maciar Jini & O'Connell LLP

Los Angeles, California December 6, 2012



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Rolling Hills Estates, we offer readers of the City of Rolling Hills Estates' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Rolling Hills Estates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- ➤ The assets of the City of Rolling Hills Estates exceed its liabilities, at the close of the fiscal year by \$11,167,600 (net assets). Of this amount, \$1,673,796 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- ➤ The City's total net assets increased by \$836,477 from the prior fiscal year.
- ➤ The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,588,808, an increase of \$438,769 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$1,799,557 (unassigned fund balance) is available for spending at the government's discretion.
- The unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,101,763 or 35%, of total General Fund current operating expenditures. Out of the General Fund balance, \$173,333 has been assigned for capital projects, \$50,000 for insurance claims, \$100,000 for equipment, and \$327,890 for capital asset replacement. The unassigned fund balance is \$2,101,763 bringing the total of assigned and unassigned fund balance to \$2,800,564.
- The City had no bonded debt or certificates of participation debt as of June 30, 2012.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Rolling Hills Estates is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation and sick leave).

Both the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include its general government, public safety, public works, community services, and public health programs. The business-type activities of the City include its equestrian and tennis operations.



Management's Discussion and Analysis

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Rolling Hills Estates itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Peppertree Foundation for which the City of Rolling Hills Estates is financially accountable. Financial information for this *component unit* has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Rolling Hills Estates, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Rolling Hills Estates maintains 21 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Federal STIP, Proposition A Parks, and Quimby Fees which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 17 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these *non-major* governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* (see table of contents).

The City of Rolling Hills Estates adopts an annual appropriated budget for each of its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are listed in the table of contents.

Proprietary funds. The City of Rolling Hills Estates maintains two *proprietary funds*.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily by user charges. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the operations of the City-owned, concessionaire-operated stables, and to account for the operations of the City-owned tennis courts. A change in the City's stables became effective December 1, 2011 as the City turned over operations to a concessionaire, thus eliminating City staff and direct costs. The Equestrian Fund will remain in place until the net deficit is paid off by the revenues due to the City by the concessionaire.

Individual proprietary fund financial statements are included as part of the government-wide financial statements on pages 20-23 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Fiduciary fund. The City of Rolling Hills Estates maintains one *fiduciary fund*, the Peninsula Parking Agency Fund. The balance sheets present the assets and liabilities (no net assets are associated with fiduciary funds).

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* including comparisons of budgeted revenues and expenditures to actual revenues and expenditures.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found in the table of contents.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Rolling Hills Estates, assets exceeded liabilities by \$11,167,600 in FY 2011-12 an increase from 2010-11 when assets exceeded liabilities by \$10,331,123. The largest portion of the City's total net assets (75 percent in 2011-12, and 76 percent in 2010-11) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, building, facilities, vehicles, equipment and infrastructure). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

An additional portion of the City's total net assets (\$1,097,622 or 10 percent in 2011-12, and \$1,200,294 or 8 percent in 2010-11) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted total net assets (\$1,673,796 or 15 percent in 2011-12, and \$1,260,978 or 15 percent in 2010-11) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

City of Rolling Hills Estates	Governi		Business-Type		Total			
Net Assets	Activi	ities	Activi	ties	Activities			
	<u>2011-2012</u>	<u>2010-2011</u>	<u>2011-2012</u>	2010-2011	2011-2012	<u>2010-2011</u>		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 4,297,867	\$ 3,663,410	\$ (378,046)	\$ (122,826)	\$ 3,919,821	\$ 3,540,584		
Capital Assets	8,353,841	7,823,648	42,341	46,203	8,396,182	7,869,851		
Total Assets	12,651,708	11,487,058	(335,705)	(76,623)	12,316,003	11,410,435		
Long-Term Liabilities	407,786	391,532	-	64,691	407,786	456,223		
Other Liabilities	739,059	543,369	1,558	79,720	740,617	623,089		
Total Liabilities	1,146,845	934,901	1,558	144,411	1,148,403	1,079,312		
	0.050.044	7 000 040	40.044	40.000	0.000.400	7 000 054		
Invested in Capital Assets	8,353,841	7,823,648	,	46,203	, ,	7,869,851		
Restricted	1,097,622	1,200,294	-	-	1,097,622	1,200,294		
Unrestricted	2,053,400	1,528,215	(379,604)	(267,237)	1,673,796	1,260,978		
Total Net Assets (Deficit)	\$ 11,504,863	\$ 10,552,157	\$ (337,263)	\$ (221,034)	\$ 11,167,600	\$ 10,331,123		



Management's Discussion and Analysis

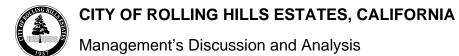
Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$952,706 in 2011-12, and increased by \$329,649 in 2010-11.

City of Rolling Hills Estates Changes in Net Assets	Govern Activ		71.			
	2011-2012	<u>2010-2011</u>	2011-2012	<u>2010-2011</u>	2011-2012	<u>2010-2011</u>
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,978,335	\$ 1,287,430	\$ 393,955	\$ 745,038	\$ 2,372,290	\$ 2,032,468
Operating grants and						
contributions	885,398	1,295,997	-	-	885,398	1,295,997
Capital grants and						
contributions	356,336	758,259	-	-	356,336	758,259
General Revenues:					-	
Property taxes	2,492,529	2,494,828	-	-	2,492,529	2,494,828
Local sales taxes	871,060	917,016	-	-	871,060	917,016
Other taxes	857,217	899,681	-	-	857,217	899,681
Other general revenues	130,347	59,233	310	477	130,657	59,710
Total Revenues	7,571,222	7,712,444	394,265	745,515	7,965,487	8,457,959
Expenses:						
General government	2,881,374	3,075,846	-	-	2,881,374	3,075,846
Public safety	1,588,967	1,830,016	-	-	1,588,967	1,830,016
Public works	846,106	1,114,138	-	-	846,106	1,114,138
Community Services	1,285,501	1,341,466	-	-	1,285,501	1,341,466
Public health	16,568	21,329	-	-	16,568	21,329
Equestrian	-	-	431,121	760,759	431,121	760,759
Tennis	-	-	79,373	75,132	79,373	75,132
Total Expenses	6,618,516	7,382,795	510,494	835,891	7,129,010	8,218,686
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	952,706	329,649	(116,229)	(90,376)	836,477	239,273
Net Assets (Deficit), beginning of year	10,552,157	10,222,508	(221,034)	(130,658)	10,331,123	10,091,850
Net Assets (Deficit), end of year	\$ 11,504,863	\$ 10,552,157	\$ (337,263)	\$ (221,034)	\$ 11,167,600	\$ 10,331,123

Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the City's net assets by \$116,229 compared to 2010-11, which decreased \$90,376.

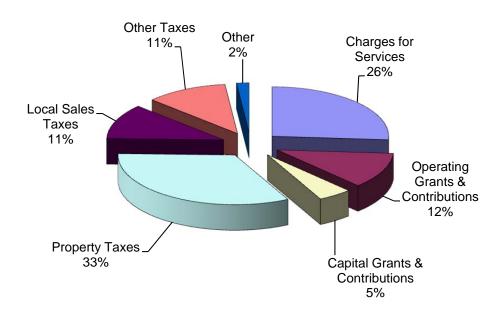
Key elements of the \$836,477 increase in total net assets from all activities are as follows:

- Charges for services increased from prior year as the economy strengthens.
- Decrease in General Government expenses due to less staff positions.
- Scaled back public works projects.
- > Overall trimming expenses and holding projects until fiscal health of the economy improves.

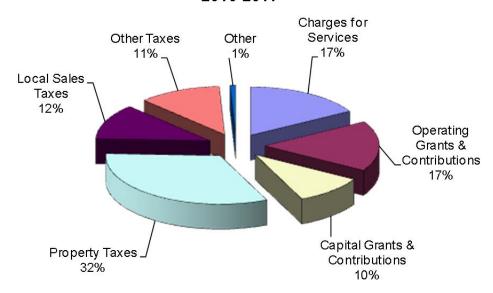


Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities

Revenue 2011-2012



Revenue 2010-2011





Management's Discussion and Analysis

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,558,808, increase of \$438,769 in comparison with the prior year, which ending fund balance was \$3,120,041. Approximately 51 percent of the combined ending fund balances (\$1,799,557) constitute unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. This is an increase from 43 percent reported for 2010-11. The remainder of the combined ending fund balances is restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted for: 1) the unspent portion of the CLEEP grant (\$27,172) and 2) to the maintenance of Hawthorne Canyon (\$10,000), 3) transportation (\$962,549), 4) capital projects (\$97,901); and Non-spendable are inventories (\$10,406).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Rolling Hills Estates. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,101,763, an increase from the prior year unreserved fund balance by \$334,970.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$407,595. The key factor in this increase is as follows:

> Revenues from other agencies for streets and infrastructure projects.

Special revenue fund highlights. The special revenue funds, Federal STIP, Proposition A (Parks), and Quimby Fees, are reported as major funds on the balance sheet. The Federal STIP fund is used to account for grant monies received from the State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) for transportation projects. The Proposition A Parks Grant fund is to account for grant monies received from Los Angeles County for maintenance and development of parks. The Quimby Fees fund is to account for park-in-lieu fees for all new residential projects from developers who cannot provide land and park improvements as part of their development.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The major proprietary fund is the Equestrian Operation, and the non-major proprietary fund is the Tennis Operations. The total decrease in proprietary fund net assets was \$116,539 compared to a prior year's decrease of \$90,376. This was primarily due to the transfer of the horse stables management and operations to a concessionaire on December 1, 2011.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was a net increase in fund balance of \$1,061,373; and can be briefly summarized as follows:

> The budget increased due to Licenses and permits rebounding positively and revenue from other agencies as stated prior.

Additionally, General Fund non-spendable and restricted fund balances are \$47,578 (restricted for CLEEP grant and Hawthorne Canyon, and non-spendable inventories). The General Fund assigned fund balances are \$651,223 for capital improvements projects, insurance claims, equipment revolving, and capital asset replacement. Lastly, there is \$2,101,763 in the General Fund's unassigned fund balance including \$650,000 for future operating expenses.



Management's Discussion and Analysis

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2012, amounts to \$8,353,841 (net of accumulated depreciation). The business-type activities investment is \$42,341. These investments in capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, facilities and improvements, vehicles and equipment, furniture and fixtures, and infrastructure. During the current fiscal year, the City's investment in capital assets increased by 6.7 percent primarily due to land and infrastructure upgrades.

City of Rolling Hills Estates Capital Assets (Net Depreciation)	Governmental Activities			ss-Type vities	Total Activities			
	<u>2011-2012</u>	<u>2010-2011</u>	<u>2011-2012</u>	<u>2010-2011</u>	2011-2012	2010-2011		
Land	\$ 3,864,943	\$ 3,864,943	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,864,943	\$ 3,864,943		
Construction in Progress	368,329	-	-	-	368,329	-		
Buildings & Improvements	601,482	592,375	38,406	40,531	639,888	632,906		
Facilities & Improvements	642,682	564,948	3,935	5,672	646,617	570,620		
Vehicles & Equipment	145,311	182,371	-	-	145,311	182,371		
Furniture & Fixtures	6,274	1	-	-	6,274	1		
Infrastructure	2,724,820	2,619,010	-	-	2,724,820	2,619,010		
Total	\$ 8,353,841	\$ 7,823,648	\$ 42,341	\$ 46,203	\$ 8,396,182	\$ 7,869,851		

Additional information regarding the City's capital assets can be found in Note 1(e)4 on pages 30-31, and Note 3(b) on pages 38-39.

Long-term liabilities. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Rolling Hills Estates had total long-term liabilities of \$407,786 down slightly from the previous year, which was \$456,223 due to staff reductions. The City had no bonded debt or certificates of participation debt as of June 30 2012.

City of Rolling Hills Estates Long Term Liabilities As of June 30, 2011		Govern Activ			Business-Type Activities			Total Activities				
	<u>20</u>	11-2012	20)10-2011	2011-2	012	<u>20</u>	10-2011	20	11-2012	20	10-2011
Employee Compensated												
Absences	\$	407,786	\$	391,532	\$	-	\$	64,691	\$	407,786	\$	456,223
Total	\$	407,786	\$	391,532	\$	-	\$	64,691	\$	407,786	\$	456,223

The City's total long-term liabilities decreased by \$48,437 (-10.6 percent) during the current fiscal year, due to employee retirements and paying out compensated absences to terminated employees.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 15 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City of Rolling Hills Estates is \$364,557,136. With no general obligation debt, the City operates well within the legal limit imposed by the State

Additional information on the City's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 3(e) on pages 40-41 of this report.

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CITY OF ROLLING HILLS ESTATES, CALIFORNIA

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- ➤ Local property values remain modest, and account for approximately 31 percent of General Fund revenues. Los Angeles County Net Local Roll of Assessed Property Valuations is forecasted to increase by 1.14%.
- Sales tax revenues remain affected by the "Triple Flip" mechanism, which reduces one-quarter of local sales tax revenue and supplements the loss with a new State subvention called "Property Tax in lieu of Sales Tax State" under the Revenues from Other Agencies category. Sales tax revenue for FY 2011-12 remained flat at \$871,060, a slight decrease from \$917,016 in FY 2010-11.
- Revenues from other agencies have eliminated the Motor Vehicle License Fees (VLF) for FY 2011-2012, and Property Tax in lieu of Sales Tax is anticipated to remain flat. As mentioned above, the "Triple Flip" increases State subventions to supplement the lost one-quarter of local sales tax revenues, however, the City receives back less than one-quarter after administration fees. The VLF backfill has been eliminated, replaced by a "Property Tax in lieu of VLF State" account which has a slight increase in revenue for FY 2011-2012.

All three of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for FY 2011-2012. The uncertainty of the economy and declining revenues has made the City's budgeting process more complex.

Additionally, the City has adjusted the fees and charges revenue for certain activities that are listed in the Fees and Charges book.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the financial position of the City of Rolling Hills Estates for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Administrative Services Department, 4045 Palos Verdes Drive North, Rolling Hills Estates, CA 90274. Also refer to the City's website www.ci.Rolling-Hills-Estates.ca.us for additional financial information (Click "City Departments and Services" and then click "Administrative Services Department").



Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		 Total
Assets:		_		_	 _
Cash and investments	\$	2,681,163	\$	94,545	\$ 2,775,708
Accounts receivable		1,116,786		16,921	1,133,707
Internal balances		489,512		(489,512)	-
Inventories		10,406		-	10,406
Capital assets:					
Not being depreciated		4,233,272		-	4,233,272
Being depreciated (net of accumulated					
depreciation)		4,120,569		42,341	4,162,910
Total assets		12,651,708		(335,705)	 12,316,003
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		584,335		1,558	585,893
Deposits payable		152,224		-	152,224
Unearned revenue		2,500		-	2,500
Non-current liabilities:					
Due within one year		40,779		-	40,779
Due in more than one year		367,007			 367,007
Total liabilities		1,146,845		1,558	 1,148,403
Net assets (deficit):					
Invested in capital assets		8,353,841		42,341	8,396,182
Restricted for:					
Cleep grant		27,172		-	27,172
Maintenance of Hawthorne Canyon		10,000		-	10,000
Transportation		962,549		-	962,549
Capital projects		97,901		-	97,901
Unrestricted		2,053,400		(379,604)	1,673,796
Total net assets (deficit)	\$	11,504,863	\$	(337,263)	\$ 11,167,600

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2012

		I	Program Revenu	evenues			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions			
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 2,881,374	\$ 1,213,944	\$ 53,731	\$ -			
Public safety	1,588,967	123,578	100,000	-			
Public works	846,106	579,149	528,443	-			
Community services	1,285,501	61,664	186,853	356,336			
Public health	16,568		16,371				
Total governmental activities	6,618,516	1,978,335	885,398	356,336			
Business-type activities:							
Equestrian	431,121	333,106	-	-			
Tennis	79,373	60,849					
Total business-type activities	510,494	393,955					
Total	\$ 7,129,010	\$ 2,372,290	\$ 885,398	\$ 356,336			

General revenues:

Intergovernmental:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Taxes:

Business license taxes

Franchise taxes

Other taxes

Use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets (deficit), beginning

Net assets (deficit), ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
\$ (1,613,699) (1,365,389) 261,486 (680,648) (197)	\$ - - - -	\$ (1,613,699) (1,365,389) 261,486 (680,648) (197)
(3,398,447)		(3,398,447)
- - -	(98,015) (18,524) (116,539)	(98,015) (18,524) (116,539)
(3,398,447)	(116,539)	(3,514,986)
2,492,529 871,060 236,334	- -	2,492,529 871,060 236,334
551,059	-	551,059
69,824	- 210	69,824
8,706 121,641	310	9,016 121,641
4,351,153	310	4,351,463
952,706	(116,229)	836,477
10,552,157	(221,034)	10,331,123
\$ 11,504,863	\$ (337,263)	\$ 11,167,600

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	General	Federal STIP	Proposition A - Parks
Assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,273,339	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts receivable	903,747	123,790	-
Due from other funds	1,262,708	-	-
Inventories	10,406		
Total assets	\$ 3,450,200	\$ 123,790	\$ -
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 497,412	\$ 11,785	\$ 54
Due to other funds	-	176,234	368,429
Deposits payable	152,224	-	-
Deferred revenue			
Total liabilities	649,636	188,019	368,483
Fund balances (deficit):			
Nonspendable:			
Inventories	10,406	-	-
Restricted for:			
Cleep grant	27,172	-	-
Maintenance of Hawthorne Canyon	10,000	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-
Capital projects	-	-	-
Assigned to:			
Equipment	100,000	-	-
Capital asset replacement	327,890	-	-
Capital projects	173,333	-	-
Insurance claims	50,000	-	-
Unassigned	2,101,763	(64,229)	(368,483)
Total fund balances (deficit)	2,800,564	(64,229)	(368,483)
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 3,450,200	\$ 123,790	\$ -

_	Quimby Fees	Nonmajor vernmental	Go	Total overnmental
\$	617,688 417 -	\$ 790,136 88,832 -	\$	2,681,163 1,116,786 1,262,708 10,406
\$	618,105	\$ 878,968	\$	5,071,063
\$	4,125	\$ 70,959	\$	584,335
	-	228,533		773,196
	-	2 500		152,224
		 2,500		2,500
	4,125	 301,992		1,512,255
	-	-		10,406
	-	-		27,172
	-	-		10,000
	613,980	348,569		962,549
	-	97,901		97,901
	_	_		100,000
	-	-		327,890
	-	-		173,333
	-	-		50,000
	_	 130,506		1,799,557
	613,980	576,976		3,558,808
\$	618,105	\$ 878,968	\$	5,071,063

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

Total fund balances, governmental funds	\$	3,558,808
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		8,353,841
Long-term liabilities, such as compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in		(407.70.6)
the funds.	-	(407,786)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$	11,504,863

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2012

		General	Federal STIP		Proposition A - Parks	
Revenues:		_		_		_
Sales and use taxes	\$	871,060	\$	-	\$	-
Business license taxes		236,334		-		-
Property taxes		2,492,529		-		-
Other taxes		620,883		-		-
Licenses and permits		1,345,463		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		71,657		-		-
Use of money and property		22,352				-
Charges for services		294,792		-		-
Revenues from other agencies		372,278		231,064		17,453
Other revenues		39,642				-
Total revenues		6,366,990		231,064		17,453
Expenditures:			<u> </u>			
Current:						
General government		2,814,832		-		-
Public safety		1,533,663		-		-
Public works		235,675				-
Community services		1,142,035		-		17,453
Public health		16,568		-		-
Capital outlay		223,701		268,921		65,567
Total expenditures		5,966,474		268,921		83,020
Excess (deficiency of revenues						
over expenditures)		400,516		(37,857)		(65,567)
Other financing sources:		_		_		_
Transfers in		7,079		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-
Donations		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		7,079		-		-
Net change in fund balances		407,595		(37,857)		(65,567)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning		2,392,970		(26,372)		(302,915)
Fund balances (deficit), ending	\$	2,800,565	\$	(64,229)	\$	(368,482)

Net change in fund balances

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay
Depreciation expense

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in net assets of governmental activities

Quimby			onmajor	~	Total		
	Fees	Gov	ernmental	Go	vernmental		
\$	_	\$	_	\$	871,060		
Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	236,334		
	_		_		2,492,529		
	_		_		620,883		
	_		_		1,345,463		
	_		51,642		123,299		
	1,966		2,023		26,341		
	-		41,545		336,337		
	47,540		711,002		1,379,337		
	-		-		39,642		
	49,506		806,212		7,471,225		
	-		6,685		2,821,517		
	-		55,304		1,588,967		
	-		310,322		545,997		
	-		29,138		1,188,626		
	-		-		16,568		
	92,605		319,987		970,781		
	92,605		721,436		7,132,456		
	(43,099)		84,776		338,769		
			6,316		13,395		
	-		(13,395)		(13,395)		
	-		100,000		100,000		
	-		92,921		100,000		
	(43,099)		177,697		438,769		
	(43,099)		177,097		430,709		
_	657,079		399,279		3,120,041		
\$	613,980	\$	576,976	\$	3,558,810		
				\$	438,769		
					809,394		
					(279,201)		
					(217,201)		
					(16,254)		
				\$	952,708		

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2012

	Equestrian Operations		Nonmajor Tennis Operations		Total	
Assets:						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	94,545	\$	94,545
Accounts receivable		9,588		7,333		16,921
Total current assets		9,588		101,878		111,466
Capital assets						
being depreciated, net		33,123		9,218		42,341
Total assets		42,711		111,096		153,807
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and						
accrued liabilities		-		1,558		1,558
Due to other funds		489,512				489,512
Total liabilities		489,512		1,558		491,070
Net assets (deficit):						
Invested in capital assets		33,123		9,218		42,341
Unrestricted		(479,924)		100,320		(379,604)
Total net assets (deficit)	\$	(446,801)	\$	109,538	\$	(337,263)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2012

	questrian perations	onmajor Tennis perations	Total
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 333,106	\$ 60,849	\$ 393,955
Operating expenses:			
Personnel	280,947	53,319	334,266
Administrative	15,417	12,000	27,417
Materials and supplies	133,955	10,994	144,949
Depreciation	 802	 3,060	 3,862
Total operating expenses	431,121 (98,015)	 79,373	510,494
Operating loss	(98,013)	(18,524)	(116,539)
Nonoperating revenues: Interest income	_	310	310
interest meone	 	 310	 310
Change in net assets	(98,015)	(18,214)	(116,229)
Total net assets (deficit), beginning	 (348,786)	 127,752	(221,034)
Total net assets (deficit), ending	\$ (446,801)	\$ 109,538	\$ (337,263)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2012

		questrian perations	onmajor Tennis perations	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from customers	\$	303,863	\$ 57,453	\$ 361,316
Cash paid to suppliers of				
goods and services		(166,939)	(23,210)	(190,149)
Cash paid to employees	_	(345,638)	(53,319)	(398,957)
Net cash used for				
operating activities		(208,714)	(19,076)	(227,790)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Cash received from other funds		208,714	-	208,714
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest on investments			 310	 310
Net decrease				
in cash and cash equivalents		-	(18,766)	(18,766)
Cash and cash equivalents,				
beginning		_	113,311	 113,311
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	-	\$ 94,545	\$ 94,545

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2012

	questrian perations	onmajor Tennis perations	Total
Reconciliation of operating loss			
to net cash used for			
operating activities:			
Operating loss	\$ (98,015)	\$ (18,524)	\$ (116,539)
Adjustments to reconcile operating			
loss to net cash used for			
operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	802	3,060	3,862
Changes in operating assets			
and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	18,106	(3,396)	14,710
Decrease in inventory	13,030	-	13,030
(Decrease) in accounts payable			
and accrued liabilities	(30,597)	(216)	(30,813)
(Decrease) in unearned revenue	(13,600)	-	(13,600)
(Decrease) in deposits	(33,749)	-	(33,749)
(Decrease) in compensated absences	 (64,691)	_	 (64,691)
Net cash used for			
operating activities	\$ (208,714)	\$ (19,076)	\$ (227,790)

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund June 30, 2012

		insula rking
Assets: Cash and investments	<u>\$</u>	810
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	810

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2012

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Reporting Entity

The City of Rolling Hills Estates (City) was incorporated on September 18, 1957, as a general law city and operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The Council is composed of five members. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements present the government and its component unit for which the government is considered financially accountable. A blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from this unit is combined with the data of the primary government.

Peppertree Foundation (the Foundation)

The Foundation is an organization responsible for the development and maintenance of the parks in the City. The City is financially accountable for the Foundation as the City Council serves as members of the Foundation's governing board and controls its operations. The financial transactions and balances of the Peppertree Foundation have been blended into the City's basic financial statements and are presented in a special revenue fund. Additional information on the Foundation are available at:

City of Rolling Hills Estates 4045 Palos Verdes Drive North Rolling Hills Estates, California 90274

Joint Ventures

The City is a member of the Palos Verdes Peninsula Transit Joint Powers Authority. The Transit Authority is comprised of three member cities and is organized under a Joint Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. Each member City provides an annually determined contribution towards the ongoing operation. The City does not have a specified equity interest; however, in the event of dissolution of the Authority, available assets shall be distributed to the member agencies in proportion to the aggregate contribution made by each member agency during the entire term of the agreement. The purpose of the Authority is to study, implement, and provide a public transit system within and around the Palos Verdes Peninsula. These transit services include Palos Verdes Transit (expanded to include two Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (LACMTA) routes effective July 1, 2006), Dial-A-Ride, and a fixed route shuttle service.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

The Palos Verdes Peninsula Transit Authority's fiscal year ended on June 30. As of June 30, 2011 (most recent information available), audited financial statements indicated the following:

Total assets	\$ 2,270,922
Total liabilities	\$ 155,019
Total equity	\$ 2,115,903
Charges for services	\$ 382,955
JPA member contributions and other income	248,275
Total operating revenues	631,230
Total operating expenses	(2,269,835)
Total non-operating revenues	1,664,087
Net income	\$ 25,482

Separate financial statements are available at:

Palos Verdes Peninsula Transit Joint Powers Authority 38 Crest Road West Rolling Hills, CA 90274

(b) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements and eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

(c) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments are not recognized until paid.

Property taxes, motor vehicle in lieu taxes, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales taxes collected and held by the State of California (State) at year-end on behalf of the City are also recognized as revenue. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirement have been met. Grant funds received before the revenue recognition criteria have been met are reported as deferred revenues.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government, which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

The Federal STIP Special Revenue Fund is used to account for grant monies received from the State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) for transportation projects.

The Proposition A - Parks Special Revenue Fund is used to account for grant monies received from Los Angeles County for the maintenance and development of parks.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

The Quimby Fees Special Revenue Fund is used to account for park-in-lieu fees for all new residential projects from developers who cannot provide land and park improvements as part of their development.

The City reports one major proprietary fund:

The Equestrian Operation Fund is used to account for the financial activity of the City-owned stables and horse shows. The costs of providing these services to the general public are financed or recovered primarily through user charges. Effective December 1, 2011, the City turned over operations of the stables and horse shows to a concessionaire.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds:

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or otherwise designated for specific purposes.

Proprietary Funds:

The Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Costs are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary Fund financial statements include a statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities. The City fiduciary funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City has one agency fund. The agency fund is accounted for on an accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary funds explained above.

The City reports the following fiduciary fund which is excluded from the government-wide financial statements:

<u>Peninsula Parking Fund</u> – To account for monies received from parking citation processing under a joint three-city agreement and held by Rolling Hills Estates on behalf of the cities of Rancho Palos Verdes and Rolling Hills.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the business-type activities in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

charges between the government's enterprise function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to members, customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Equestrian Operations Enterprise Fund and the Tennis Operations Enterprise Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then use unrestricted resources as needed.

(d) Property Taxes

Under California law, the property tax rate is limited to 1% of market value plus other increases approved by the voters. Property taxes are levied by the County Tax Assessor and shared among local taxing authorities. The County of Los Angeles collects and distributes property taxes on the basis of each taxing authority's tax rate percentage.

As a "No Property Tax City," Rolling Hills Estates' city tax rate is zero. However, under State legislation (Assembly Bill (AB) 1197), the City began receiving a share of property tax revenue in 1990.

Property taxes are levied on July 1 and are due on November 1 and February 1. Property taxes become delinquent after December 10 and April 10 for the first and second installments, respectively. The lien date is January 1. The City recognizes property tax revenue based upon distributions received from the County of Los Angeles which occurs shortly after the delinquency dates.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

(e) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Investments

Investments are reported in the accompanying statement of net assets at fair value. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as investment income reported for that fiscal year. Investment income includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments.

The City pools cash and investments of all funds, except for assets held by fiscal agents. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as cash and investments. Investment income, earned by the pooled investments, is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash invested in the City's cash management pool is also considered to be cash equivalents.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (the current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

The amounts recorded as a receivable due from other governments include amounts collected or provided by Federal, State and County governments and not remitted to the City as of June 30, 2012. The County of Los Angeles assesses, bills, and collects taxes for the City.

3. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost using the average-cost method. Inventories in the governmental fund types are accounted for using the consumption method.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. As a phase 3 government under GASB Statement 34, the City has elected to report only major general infrastructure assets acquired subsequent to June 30, 2003. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are valued at the fair value of the assets on the date on which they were contributed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

not capitalized. The City utilizes a capitalization threshold of \$5,000.

Depreciation is charged to operations using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings and improvements	35-50 years
Facilities and improvements	7-20 years
Vehicles and equipment	4-18 years
Furniture and fixtures	3-13 years
Infrastructure	20-50 years

5. Compensated Absences

City employees receive from 10 to 20 days vacation each year depending upon length of service. An employee may accumulate earned vacation time to a maximum not to exceed 35 days. Upon termination, employees are paid the full value of their unused vacation time at their existing salary. City employees receive 12 personal necessity/sick leave days each year to a maximum not to exceed 60 days. Upon termination, employees with a minimum of 30 days accumulated are paid the full value of their unused personal necessity/sick leave time at their existing salary.

In the government-wide financial statements, a liability is accrued for all earned but unused vacation leave benefits relating to the operations of the funds. This liability will be liquidated as either additional cash payments in the event of employee termination or as part of budgeted salary expenditures if used by employees as compensated leave time while still employed by the City. Non-current amounts will be recorded in the long-term liability section of the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds accrue current liabilities for material vacation leave benefits due on demand to governmental fund employees that have terminated prior to year-end. Non-current amounts will be recorded, as fund expenditures in the year in which they are paid or become due on demand to terminated employees.

6. Fund Equity

Fund balance for governmental funds is classified as follows:

- Nonspendable includes amounts that are (a) not in a spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, and long-term notes receivable.
- Restricted includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.
- Committed includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority,

the City Council. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally (for example: resolution and ordinance).

- Assigned comprises amounts intended to be used by the City for specific purposes
 that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the City Council or
 (b) a body (for example: a budget or finance committee) or Administrative Service
 Director.
- Unassigned is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

The City Council adopts the City Fund Balance Policy annually. The policy establishes guidelines for budget decisions as to the appropriate use of General Fund resources and the maintenance of adequate reserves for contingencies, emergencies, capital improvements, and other such uses as determined by the City Council. Assigned fund balance for capital projects expenditures is based on the Six Year Capital Improvement plan forecast, within the limits of the overall Fund Balance Policy. Capital improvements are funded by prior year operating surpluses.

General Fund reserve requirements - Appropriation for contingencies are maintained at approximately two months of operating expenditures. Unassigned fund balance is eligible for use at the discretion of the City Council at a time of an unforeseen fiscal crisis. Such determinations are made by the City Council on a case-by-case basis. The unassigned fund balance of the General Fund must not be less than \$1.2 million at any time. At June 30, 2012, \$200,000 of unassigned fund balance has been identified for PERS rate stabilization, which is for any unforeseen change in the City's PERS rates.

(2) STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

(a) Budgetary Data

On or before June 30 of each year, the City Council adopts a budget for the ensuing fiscal year. The City Manager is responsible for the preparation and administration of the annual budget.

Budgets are reported on the same basis as the fund types and are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds. The legal level of control or the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is at the program level. The program level includes General Government, Public Safety, Public Works, Community Services, Public Health and Capital Outlay. Unexpended budgetary appropriations lapse at year-end.

Management may amend budgets within the program level. Budgetary revisions that alter the total appropriations of a program must be approved by City Council.

(b) Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

The following individual funds exceeded the expenditures budget:

Fund	 Amounts Over Budget		
General Fund- General government	\$ 88,138		
General Fund- Community services	31,820		
General Fund- Public health	16,568		
Federal STIP	12,921		
Special revenue funds:			
Local Transportation- Capital outlay	500		
Traffic Safety - Public safety	9,131		
Transit Improvement Tax - Public works	248		
State Park Grant - Capital outlay	54,296		
PEG Fees - Capital outlay	3,074		
Peppertree Foundation - Capital outlay	177		
State Gas Tax - Public works	42,926		
ARRA EECBG - Capital outlay	43,662		

These expenditures are funded with a combination of excess revenues or by the available fund balance.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

(c) Deficit Fund Equity

The following funds have an accumulated deficit at June 30, 2012:

Proprietary:	
Equestrian Operations \$	446,801
Special Revenue:	
Federal STIP	64,229
Proposition A Parks	368,483
Traffic Safety	17,514
Peppertree Foundation	21,385
Proposition 40 Parks Grant	53,442
State SR2S	13,076
ARRA EECBG	12,121
Prop A 4th District	39,117

These deficits will be funded with future grant revenues or transfers from other funds.

(3) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

(a) Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2012 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets: Cash and investments Fiduciary funds:	\$ 2,775,708
Cash and investments	 810
	\$ 2,776,518

Cash and investments were comprised of the following as of June 30, 2012:

Cash on hand	\$ 685
Deposits with financial institution	1,046,648
Investments	 1,729,185
Total cash and investments	\$ 2,776,518

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

Investments Authorized by the Entity's Investment Policy

The City of Rolling Hills Estates' Statement of Investment Policy is reviewed and adopted by the City Council each year. The investment policy is more conservative and the investment types authorized are more restrictive than the investment vehicles authorized by Section 53601 of the California Government Code. Investment vehicles not specifically mentioned in the City's investment policy are not authorized unless the policy is amended by the City Council or are approved as part of the provisions of the bond indentures. Investments are limited to:

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentages of	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	Portfolio *	in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Bills **	1 year	N/A	90%
U.S. Treasury Notes **	10 years	N/A	90%
U.S. Treasury Bonds **	30 years	N/A	90%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	90% ***	\$50M
Savings Passbook	N/A	None	90%

^{*} Excluding amounts held by bond trustees that are not subject to California Government Code restrictions.

The City's investment policy does not contain any specific provisions intended to limit the City's exposure to interest rate risk and credit risk. The primary objective of the City's investment function shall be safety, since the safeguarding of City assets is of paramount importance. Most investments will be highly liquid with maturities selected to anticipate cash needs and avoid the need for forced liquidations. Yield shall be a consideration only after the basic requirements of safety and liquidity have been met.

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

Information about the sensitivity of fair values of the City's investments to market interest rate is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

^{**} A maximum of 25% of the total investment portfolio may be invested for a period exceeding 5 years.

^{***}When LAIF yields exceed those of other allowable investment vehicles, the City is permitted to maintain up to 100% of excess funds in LAIF.

	Remaining Maturity (in Months)		
Investment Types	12 Months Or Less		
LAIF	\$	1,527,240	
Negotiable certificates of deposit Total	\$	201,945 1,729,185	

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by the California Government Code or the City's investment policy, and the actual rating as of year end for each investment type.

	Minimum										
T		Total	Legal		Not						
Investment Type	Inv	vestment	Rating		Rated						
LAIF	\$	1,527,240	N/A	\$	1,527,240						
Negotiable certificates of deposit		201,945	N/A		201,945						
Total	\$	1,729,185		\$	1,729,185						

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investments are as follows:

		1	Reported	% of		
Issuer	Investment Type		Amount	Portfolio		
_			_			
Malaga Bank	Negotiable certificate of deposit	\$	201,945	11.7%		

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

The total amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF as of June 30, 2012 was \$21.9 billion. LAIF is part of the California Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA), which at June 30, 2012 had a balance of \$60.5 billion. Of that amount 3.47% was invested in medium-term and short-term structured notes and asset-backed securities. The average maturity of PMIA investments was 270 days as of June 30, 2012. LAIF is unrated as to credit quality.

June 30, 2012

(b) Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital asset activity for the City's governmental and business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2012 is as follows:

	Balance at			_	_		Balance at		
	J	Tuly 1, 2011		Increases	<u>De</u>	creases	Ju	me 30, 2012	
Governmental activities									
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	3,864,943	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,864,943	
Construction in progress		<u>-</u>		368,329			_	368,329	
Total capital assets,									
not being depreciated		3,864,943	_	368,329				4,233,272	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Buildings and improvements		1,444,516		51,343		_		1,495,859	
Facilities and improvements		1,626,512		138,809		_		1,765,321	
Vehicles and equipment		852,255		-		-		852,255	
Furniture and fixtures		86,064		6,380		-		92,444	
Infrastructure		3,221,723		244,533		-	_	3,466,256	
Total capital assets,									
being depreciated		7,231,070	_	441,065		-		7,672,135	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings and improvements		(852,141)		(42,236)		-		(894,377)	
Facilities and improvements		(1,061,564)		(61,075)		-		(1,122,639)	
Vehicles and equipment		(669,884)		(37,060)		-		(706,944)	
Furniture and fixtures		(86,063)		(107)		-		(86,170)	
Infrastructure		(602,713)		(138,723)				(741,436)	
Total accumulated									
depreciation		(3,272,365)		(279,201)				(3,551,566)	
Total capital assets, being									
depreciated, net		3,958,705		161,864		-	_	4,120,569	
Governmental activities									
capital assets, net	\$	7,823,648	\$	530,193	\$	-	\$	8,353,841	

Business-type activities	_	Balance at uly 1, 2011	Increases		Decreases			alance at ne 30, 2012
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	287,570	\$	-	\$	-	\$	287,570
Facilities and improvements		237,951		-		-		237,951
Vehicles and equipment		41,055		-		-		41,055
Furniture and fixtures		21,033						21,033
Total capital assets,								
being depreciated		587,609		-				587,609
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		(247,702)		(1,462)		-		(249,164)
Facilities and improvements		(231,616)		(2,400)		-		(234,016)
Vehicles and equipment		(41,055)		-		-		(41,055)
Furniture and fixtures		(21,033)					_	(21,033)
Total accumulated								
depreciation		(541,406)		(3,862)				(545,268)
Business-type activities								
capital assets, net	\$	46,203	\$	(3,862)	\$	-	\$	42,341

Depreciation expense of \$283,063 was charged to the following functions:

	Gov A	Business-type Activities			
General government	\$	43,604	\$	_	
Community services		96,875		-	
Public works		138,722		-	
Equestrian operations		-		802	
Tennis operations		-		3,060	
Total	\$	279,201	\$	3,862	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

(c) Interfund Receivable and Payable

Due to/from other funds:

	Due fro				
		General			
Due to other funds		Fund			
Federal STIP	\$	176,234			
Proposition A- Parks Special Revenue Fund		368,429			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		228,533			
Equestrian Operations Enterprise Fund		489,512			
	\$	1,262,708			

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, (3) payments between funds are made, and (4) short-term borrowings.

(d) Interfund Tranfers

	 Transfer In								
			Federal ARRA						
Transfer Out	 General Fund		Special Revenue Fund						
Traffic Signal Grant Special Revenue Fund	\$ 7,079	\$							
Local Transporation Special Revenue Fund			6,316						

The amount of \$7,079 represents reimbursement from the Traffic Signal Grant Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund for the street resurfacing project.

The Federal ARRA Special Revenue Fund received \$6,316 from the Local Transportation Special Revenue Fund to close out the fund due to completion of projects.

(e) Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental Activities:

Compensated Absences Payable

The City's policies relating to compensated absences are described in Note (1)(e)5. This liability will be paid from future resources primarily from the General Fund.

\$ 407,786

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

Summary of Changes in Long-term Liabilities for Governmental Activities:

	В	alance at					В	alance at	Dι	ıe within
	Ju	ly 1, 2011	Additions Reductions June 30, 2012		1 Additions Reductions June 30, 20			0	ne year	
Compensated Absences										
Payable	\$	391,532	\$	31,983	\$	(15,729)	\$	407,786	\$	40,779

Business-type Activities:

Compensated Absences Payable

Summary of Changes in Long-term Liabilities for Business-type Activities:

Balance at							Bala	ance at	Due within		
	Jul	y 1, 2011	Additions		R	eductions	June	30, 2012	one year		
Compensated Absences											
Payable	\$	64,691	\$		\$	(64,691)	\$		\$	-	

(4) OTHER INFORMATION

(a) Liability, Property and Workers' Compensation Protection

1. Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement

The City of Rolling Hills Estates is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Authority). The Authority is composed of 123 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

2. Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority

Each member pays an annual contribution (formerly called the primary deposit) to cover estimated losses for the coverage period. This initial funding is paid at the beginning of the coverage period. After the close of the coverage period, outstanding claims are valued. A retrospective deposit computation is then conducted annually thereafter until all claims incurred during the coverage period are closed on a pool-wide basis. This subsequent cost re-allocation among members based on actual claim development can result in adjustments of either refunds or additional deposits required.

The total funding requirement for self-insurance programs is estimated using actuarial models and pre-funded through the annual contribution. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on exposure (payroll) and experience (claims) relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool. Additional information regarding the cost allocation methodology is provided below.

<u>Liability</u> – In the liability program claims are pooled separately between police and nonpolice exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$30,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$30,000 to \$750,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs in excess of \$750,000 up to the reinsurance attachment point of \$5 million are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers. (5) Costs of covered claims from \$5 million to \$10 million are paid under a reinsurance contract subject to a \$2.5 million annual aggregate deductible. Costs of covered claims from \$10 million to \$15 million are paid under two reinsurance contracts subject to a combined \$3 million annual aggregate deductible. On a cumulative basis for all 2011-12 reinsurance contracts the annual aggregate deductible is \$5.5 million. (6) Costs of covered claims from \$15 million up to \$50 million are covered through excess insurance policies.

Workers' Compensation – The City of Rolling Hills Estates also participates in the workers' compensation pool administered by the Authority. In the workers' compensation program claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and non-public safety exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$50,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$50,000 to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs in excess of \$100,000 up to the reinsurance attachment point of \$2 million are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers. (5) Costs of covered claims from \$2 million up to statutory limits are paid under a reinsurance policy. Protection is provided per statutory liability under California Workers' Compensation Law.

Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$2 million. Coverage from \$2 million to \$5 million is purchased as part of a reinsurance policy, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

3. Purchased Insurance

Pollution Legal Liability Insurance – The City of Rolling Hills Estates participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program (formerly called environmental insurance) which is available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City of Rolling Hills Estates. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$50,000 deductible. The Authority has a limit of \$50 million for the 3-year period from July 1, 2011 through July 1, 2014. Each member of the Authority has a \$10 million sub-limit during the 3-year term of the policy.

<u>Property Insurance</u> – The City of Rolling Hills Estates participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. City of Rolling Hills Estates property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City of Rolling Hills Estates to the Authority. City of Rolling Hills Estates property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$5,356,629. There is a \$5,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$1,000 deductible. Premiums for the coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retrospective adjustments.

<u>Earthquake and Flood Insurance</u> – The City of Rolling Hills Estates purchases earthquake and flood insurance on a portion of its property. The earthquake insurance is part of the property protection insurance program of the Authority. City of Rolling Hills Estates property currently has earthquake protection in the amount of \$5,182,125. There is a deductible of 5% per unit of value with a minimum deductible of \$100,000. Premiums for the coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retrospective adjustments.

<u>Crime Insurance</u> – The City of Rolling Hills Estates purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through the Authority. Premiums are paid annually and are not subject to retrospective adjustments.

Special Event Tenant User Liability Insurance – The City of Rolling Hills Estates further protects against liability damages by requiring tenant users of certain property to purchase low-cost tenant user liability insurance for certain activities on agency property. The insurance premium is paid by the tenant user and is paid to the City of Rolling Hills Estates according to a schedule. The City of Rolling Hills Estates then pays for the insurance. The insurance is arranged by the Authority.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

4. Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2011-12.

(b) City Employees Retirement Plans

6/30/12

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description: The City of Rolling Hills Estates contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and city ordinance. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office: 400 "P" Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

Funding Policy: Participants are required to contribute 7% of their annual covered salary. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 20.50% for non-safety employees of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by PERS.

Annual Pensions Cost: For 2012, the City's annual pension cost of \$380,203 for PERS was equal to the City's required and actual contributions.

Three-Year Trend Information for PERS

Schedule of Employer Contributions (\$ Amount in Thousands) Annual **Fiscal Pension** Percentage of **Net Pension** Year Cost (APC) **APC Contributed Obligation** 6/30/10 \$ 401 100% \$ 391 6/30/11 100%

100%

380

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

2. Defined Contribution Retirement System

The City contributes to the Public Agency Retirement System (PARS), which is a defined contribution retirement plan. A defined contribution retirement plan provides retirement benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant, and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and city ordinance.

Under a defined contribution pension plan, the benefits a participant will receive depend solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account, the returns earned on investments of those contributions, and forfeitures of other participant's benefits that may be allocated to such participant's account.

The City of Rolling Hills Estates has adopted this tax qualified governmental defined contribution plan for the benefit of its eligible employees (full-time employee) to provide supplemental retirement benefits to eligible employees in addition to the benefits employees will receive from the Public Employees' Retirement System (Note (4)(b)1).

The City contributes a percentage of gross earnings based on the number of years of service.

As of July 2011, the City suspended contributions to PARS, except for \$400 per month for administrative fees.

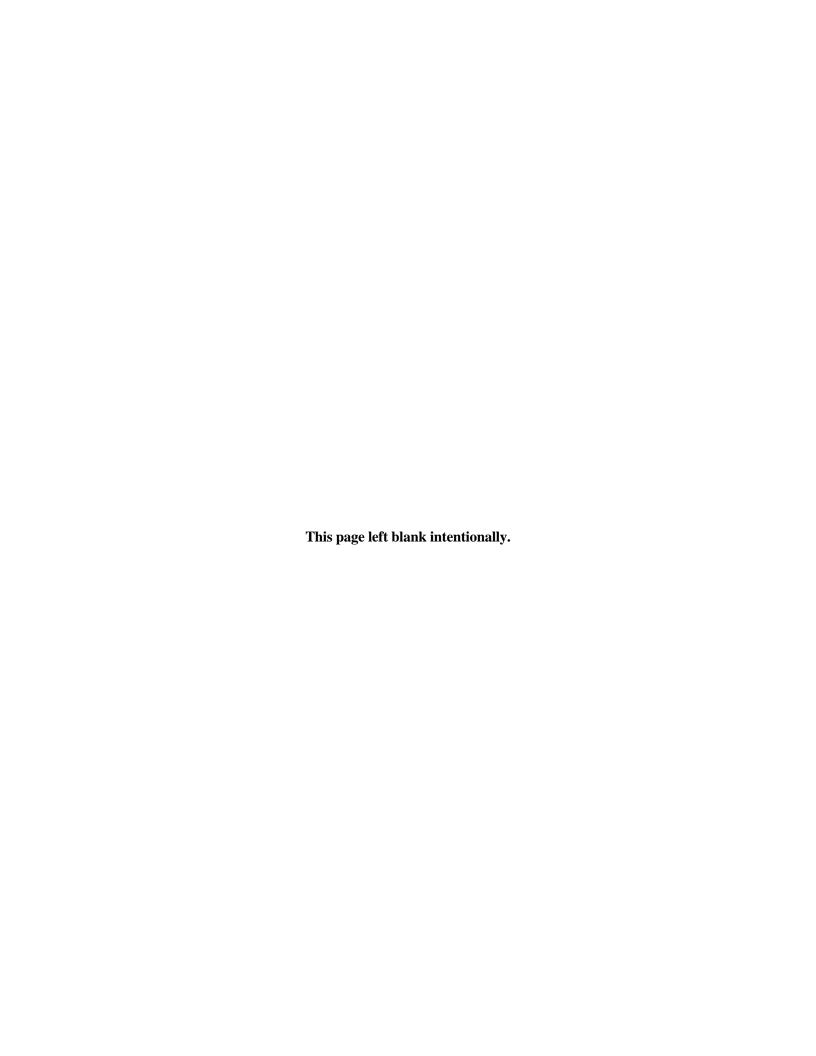
No changes in the plan provisions occurred during the year. The plan held no securities of the City or other related parties during or at the close of the fiscal year.

(c) Subsequent Event

In August 2012, the City issued \$1,807,000 of 2012 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds to refinance the outstanding "side fund" obligations to the CalPERS retirement system. The bonds will mature on June 30, 2021, at an interest rate of 3.62% per year

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General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Original Budget Amounts	 Final Budget Amounts	 Actual		Variance With Final Budget
Revenues:						_
Sales and use taxes	\$	949,903	\$ 898,723	\$ 871,060	\$	(27,663)
Business license taxes		240,000	240,000	236,334		(3,666)
Property taxes		2,662,923	2,662,923	2,492,529		(170,394)
Other taxes		548,000	515,000	620,883		105,883
Licenses and permits		897,000	1,307,000	1,345,463		38,463
Fines and forfeitures		69,000	69,000	71,657		2,657
Use of money and property		45,000	24,000	22,352		(1,648)
Charges for services		271,000	271,000	294,792		23,792
Revenues from other agencies		198,341	701,807	372,278		(329,529)
Other revenues		70,000	 103,421	 39,642		(63,779)
Total revenues		5,951,167	6,792,874	 6,366,990		(425,884)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		2,901,360	2,726,694	2,814,832		(88,138)
Public safety		1,573,297	1,566,297	1,533,663		32,634
Public works		241,075	241,075	235,675		5,400
Community services		1,077,215	1,110,215	1,142,035		(31,820)
Public health		-	-	16,568		(16,568)
Capital outlay	_	350,000	279,000	 223,701	_	55,299
Total expenditures		6,142,947	 5,923,281	 5,966,474		(43,193)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	ues					
over expenditures		(191,780)	869,593	400,516		(382,691)
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in		-	-	7,079		7,079
Transfers out			 	 	_	
Net change in fund balance		(191,780)	869,593	407,595		(469,077)
Fund balance, beginning		2,392,970	2,392,970	 2,392,970		
Fund balance, ending	\$	2,201,190	\$ 3,262,563	\$ 2,800,565	\$	(469,077)

Federal STIP Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Original Budget Amounts		1	Final Budget Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget			
Revenues:									
Revenue from other agencies	\$	256,000	\$	256,000	\$ 231,064	\$	(24,936)		
Expenditures: Capital outlay		256,000		256,000	 268,921		(12,921)		
Net change in fund balance		-		-	(37,857)		(12,015)		
Fund balance (deficit), beginning		(26,372)		(26,372)	 (26,372)				
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	(26,372)	\$	(26,372)	\$ (64,229)	\$	(12,015)		

Proposition A - Parks Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Original Final Budget Budget				Variance With	
	Amounts		Amounts	Actual	F	inal Budget
Revenues:						
Revenues from other agencies	\$ 969,000	\$	969,000	\$ 17,453	\$	(951,547)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Community services	19,000		19,000	17,453		1,547
Capital outlay	 655,000		655,000	 65,567		589,433
Total expenditures	 674,000		674,000	83,020		590,980
Net change in fund balance	295,000		295,000	(65,567)		(360,567)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	 (302,915)		(302,915)	(302,915)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (7,915)	\$	(7,915)	\$ (368,482)	\$	(360,567)

Quimby Fees Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Original Budget Amounts		Final Budget Amounts		Actual		Variance With Final Budget
Revenues:		Amounts	_	Amounts	_	Actual	_	Final Budget
Use of money and property	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	1,966	\$	966
Revenues from other agencies		342,500		47,540		47,540	_	
Total revenues		343,500		48,540		49,506		966
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay	-	235,750		236,750		92,605		144,145
Net change in fund balance		107,750		(188,210)		(43,099)		(143,179)
Fund balance, beginning		657,079		657,079		657,079		<u>-</u>
Fund balance, ending	\$	1,344,079	\$	754,159	\$	613,980	\$	1,932

CITY OF ROLLING HILLS ESTATES Note to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2012

(1) Budgetary Data

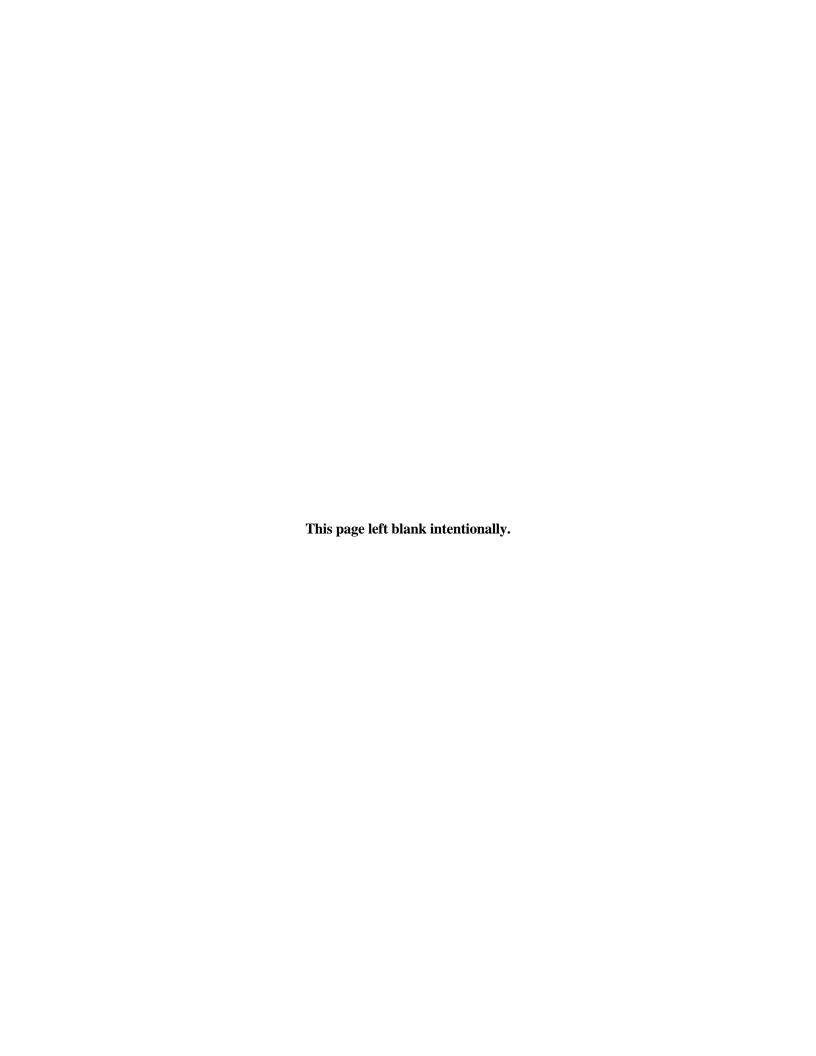
On or before June 30 of each year, the City Council adopts a budget for the ensuing fiscal year. The City Manager is responsible for the preparation and administration of the annual budget.

Budgets are reported on the same basis as the fund types and are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The legal level of control or the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is at the program level. The program level includes general government, public safety, public works, community services, public health and capital outlay. Unexpended budgetary appropriations lapse at year-end.

Management may amend budgets within the program level. Budgetary revisions that alter the total appropriations of a program must be approved by City Council.

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DESCRIPTION OF NONMAJOR FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative regulation for specified purposes. Special Revenue Funds include the following:

<u>Local Transportation Fund</u> - To account for grant moneys received from the State of California for the development of bike lanes.

<u>Traffic Safety Fund</u> - To account for traffic fines to be used for traffic safety purposes.

<u>Transit Improvement Tax Fund</u> - To account for funds received through the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transit Authority to be used to provide transportation services.

<u>Proposition C Fund</u> - To account for the City's share of an additional one-half cent sales tax collected by the County of Los Angeles to finance transit projects within the City.

<u>Air Quality Improvement Fund</u> - To account for monies received from the Department of Motor Vehicles to be used for the purpose of reducing air pollution.

<u>State Park Grant Fund</u> - To account for revenues received from developers for the purpose of park development.

<u>PEG Fees Fund</u> - To account for revenues received from the cable operator to be used for equipment, upgrades and maintenance.

<u>Peppertree Foundation Fund</u> - To account for monies received from donations for special recreational purposes.

<u>Proposition 40 Parks Grant Fund</u> - To account for grant monies received from the State of California for the maintenance and development of parks, recreation facilities, and open space.

<u>Traffic Signal Fund</u> - To account for grant monies received for the upgrade of traffic signals city-wide that included the installation of UPS (Uninterruptible Power Source) units and energy efficient LED modules.

<u>Measure R Fund</u> - To account for the City's share of the half-cent sales tax approved by of Los Angeles County voters to finance new transportation projects and programs within the City.

<u>State Gas Tax Fund</u> - To account for State gasoline taxes received by the City. Revenue received is used for street maintenance, construction, and/or right of way acquisition.

State SR2S Fund - To account for funds received for projects to promote safe routes to school.

<u>Federal ARRA Fund</u> - To account for grant monies received from the American Recovery and Reinvestments Act (ARRA) for the street name sign, traffic signal modification and street resurfacing projects.

<u>ARRA Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant (EECBG) Fund</u> - To account for grant monies received from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) for upgrades to the City Council's HVAC and lighting..

<u>Prop A 4th District Fund</u> - To account for grant monies received for the replacement of three-rail fending in the City.

<u>Chandler Equestrian Fund</u> - To account for donations received from developers and advances from the City's Quimby Fees for future park and equestrian improvements within the City.

AGENCY FUND

The Agency Fund is used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, other governments and/or other funds.

<u>Peninsula Parking Fund</u> - To account for monies received from parking citation processing under a joint three-city agreement and held by Rolling Hills Estates on behalf of the Cities of Rancho Palos Verdes and Rolling Hills.

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Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	Trai	Local nsportation	Traffic Safety		Transit Improvemen Tax		P	Proposition C		Air Quality mprovement
Assets:										
Cash and investments	\$	12,525	\$		\$	58,572	\$	283,928	\$	21,103
Accounts receivable		3		3,515		33		186		2,520
Due from other funds		-	_					-		
Total assets	\$	12,528	\$	3,515	\$	58,605	\$	284,114	\$	23,623
Liabilities and fund balances (deficits):										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	10,500	\$	448	\$	687	\$	19,114	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		20,581		-		-		-
Deferred Revenue		-	_	-		-	_	-		-
Total liabilities		10,500		21,029		687		19,114		
Fund balances (deficits):										
Restricted for:										
Transportation		2,028		-		57,918		265,000		23,623
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-	_	(17,514)		-		-		-
Total fund balances (deficits)		2,028		(17,514)		57,918		265,000		23,623
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$	12,528	\$	3,515	\$	58,605	\$	284,114	\$	23,623
	-								_	(Continued)

56

State ork Grant	PEG Fees	ppertree undation	position 40 rks Grant	raffic Signal	N	Ieasure R	 State Gas Tax		State SR2S
\$ 62,030 40 -	\$ 29,209 6,622 -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$	69,293 40 -	\$ 153,249 1,449 -	\$	- - -
\$ 62,070	\$ 35,831	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$	69,333	\$ 154,698	\$	
\$ - - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 103 18,782 2,500 21,385	\$ 53,442	\$ - - -	\$	7,620 - - 7,620	\$ 29,541	\$	2,946 10,130 - 13,076
 62,070	35,831	 (21,385)	(53,442)	 - - -		61,713 61,713	 125,157 125,157		(13,076) (13,076)
\$ 62,070	\$ 35,831	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	69,333	\$ 154,698	\$ (Co	ontinued)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	 ederal .RRA		ARRA EECBG	Prop A h District	Chandler questrian	Total Ionmajor vernmental
Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 100,227	\$ 790,136
Accounts receivable	-		43,580	30,780	64	88,832
Due from other funds	 -			 	 -	
Total assets	\$ -	\$	43,580	\$ 30,780	\$ 100,291	\$ 878,968
Liabilities and fund balances (deficits):						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,959
Due to other funds	-		55,701	69,897	-	228,533
Deferred Revenue	 -		-	 	 -	 2,500
Total liabilities	 -		55,701	 69,897	 -	 301,992
Fund balances (deficits):						
Restricted for:						
Transportation	-		-	-	-	348,569
Capital projects	-		-	-	-	97,901
Unassigned	 -		(12,121)	 (39,117)	 100,291	 130,506
Total fund balances (deficits)	 -	_	(12,121)	 (39,117)	 100,291	576,976
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$ -	\$	43,580	\$ 30,780	\$ 100,291	\$ 878,968

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Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Local sportation		Traffic Safety	Transit provement Tax	P	roposition C	Ç	Air Quality rovement
Revenues:	 ,							,
Fines and forfeitures	\$ -	\$	51,642	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Use of money and property	30		-	149		816		47
Charges for services	-		-	-		-		-
Revenues from other agencies	 7,320		-	 119,198		99,097		10,151
Total revenues	 7,350	_	51,642	 119,347		99,913		10,198
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government	-		-	-		-		6,685
Public safety	-		55,304	-		-		-
Public works	-		-	133,396		-		-
Community services	-		-	-		-		-
Capital outlay	 10,500		-	 -		79,928		-
Total expenditures	 10,500	_	55,304	 133,396		79,928		6,685
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	(3,150)		(3,662)	(14,049)		19,985		3,513
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in	-		-	-		-		-
Transfers out	(6,316)		-	-		-		-
Donations	 -		-			-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (6,316)		-	-		-		-
Net change in fund balances	(9,466)		(3,662)	(14,049)		19,985		3,513
Fund balances (deficits), beginning	 11,494	_	(13,852)	 71,967		245,015		20,110
Fund balances (deficits), ending	\$ 2,028	\$	(17,514)	\$ 57,918	\$	265,000	\$ (C	23,623 ontinued)

State Park Gran	<u>t</u> _	_	PEG Fees	eppertree oundation	position 40 rks Grant		Traffic Signal		Measure R	 State Gas Tax		State SR2S
\$ -		\$	-	\$ _	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
154	1		58	-	-		20		98	360		-
-			-	41,545	-		-		-	-		-
54,296	<u></u>	_	26,018	 	 		-	_	73,674	 226,070		20,818
54,450)	_	26,076	 41,545	 	_	20		73,772	 226,430		20,818
-			-	-	-		-		-	-		-
-			-	-	-		-		-	-		-
-			-	-	-		-		-	176,926		-
-	_		-	29,138	-		-			-		-
54,296	<u> </u>	_	3,074	 5,077	 		-		7,620	 		33,894
54,296	<u> </u>	_	3,074	 34,215	 -	_	-		7,620	 176,926		33,894
154	1		23,002	7,330	-		20		66,152	49,504		(13,076)
_			_	_	_		_		_	_		_
-			-	-	-		(7,079)		-	-		-
-			-	-	-		-		-	-		-
-			-	 -	-		(7,079)		-	-		-
154	1		23,002	7,330	-		(7,059)		66,152	49,504		(13,076)
61,916	<u> </u>	_	12,829	 (28,715)	 (53,442)	_	7,059		(4,439)	 75,653		
\$ 62,070)	\$	35,831	\$ (21,385)	\$ (53,442)	\$		\$	61,713	\$ 125,157	\$ (0	(13,076) Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2012

	ederal	ARRA EECBG		Prop A	Chandler questrian	Total onmajor vernmental
Revenues:						
Fines and forfeitures	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 51,642
Use of money and property	-	-		-	291	2,023
Charges for services	-	-		-	-	41,545
Revenues from other agencies	 	 43,580	_	30,780	 	 711,002
Total revenues	 	 43,580		30,780	 291	 806,212
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	-	-		-	-	6,685
Public safety	-	-		-	-	55,304
Public works	-	-		-	-	310,322
Community services	-	-		-	-	29,138
Capital outlay	 	 55,701	_	69,897	 -	 319,987
Total expenditures	 	 55,701	_	69,897	 	 721,436
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures	-	(12,121)		(39,117)	291	84,776
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in	6,316	-		-	-	6,316
Transfers out	-	-		-	-	(13,395)
Donations	 -	 -		-	 100,000	 100,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,316	-		-	100,000	92,921
Net change in fund balances	6,316	(12,121)		(39,117)	100,291	177,697
Fund balances (deficits), beginning	 (6,316)	 			 	 399,279
Fund balances (deficits), ending	\$ 	\$ (12,121)	\$	(39,117)	\$ 100,291	\$ 576,976

Local Transportation Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Final Budget mounts	Actual	Variance		
Revenues:					
Use of money and property	\$ 1	\$ 30	\$	29	
Revenues from other agencies	 5,000	7,320		2,320	
Total revenues	5,001	7,350		2,349	
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay	 10,000	10,500		(500)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(4,999)	(3,150)		2,849	
Other Financing Uses:		(6.216)		(6.216)	
Transfers out	 	 (6,316)		(6,316)	
Net change in fund balance	(4,999)	(9,466)		(3,467)	
Fund balance, beginning	11,494	11,494			
Fund balance, ending	\$ 6,495	\$ 2,028	\$	(3,467)	

Traffic Safety Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Final			
	Budget	A -41	Τ:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Revenues:	 Amounts	 Actual		<u>ariance</u>
Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property	\$ 42,000 200	\$ 51,642	\$	9,642 (200)
Total revenues	 42,200	51,642		9,442
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public safety	46,173	 55,304		(9,131)
Net change in fund balance	(3,973)	(3,662)		311
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	 (13,852)	 (13,852)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (17,825)	\$ (17,514)	\$	311

Transit Improvement Tax Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Final Budget		
	A	mounts	 Actual	 Variance
Revenues:				
Use of money and property	\$	400	\$ 149	\$ (251)
Revenues from other agencies		127,000	 119,198	 (7,802)
Total revenues		127,400	119,347	(8,053)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public works		133,148	 133,396	 (248)
Net change in fund balance		(5,748)	(14,049)	(8,301)
Fund balance, beginning		71,967	 71,967	
Fund balance, ending	\$	66,219	\$ 57,918	\$ (8,301)

Proposition C Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Final Budget Amounts	Actual		Variance
Revenues:			-	
Use of money and property	\$ 750	\$ 816	\$	66
Revenues from other agencies	 108,000	 99,097		(8,903)
Total revenues	108,750	99,913		(8,837)
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	 105,000	 79,928		25,072
Net change in fund balance	3,750	19,985		16,235
Fund balance, beginning	 245,015	 245,015		
Fund balance, ending	\$ 248,765	\$ 265,000	\$	16,235

Air Quality Improvement Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

]	Final Budget mounts	Actual	Variance		
Revenues:						
Use of money and property	\$	800	\$ 47	\$	(753)	
Revenues from other agencies		9,100	 10,151		1,051	
Total revenues		9,900	10,198		298	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		7,435	 6,685		750	
Net change in fund balance		2,465	3,513		1,048	
Fund balance, beginning		20,110	 20,110			
Fund balance, ending	\$	22,575	\$ 23,623	\$	1,048	

State Park Grant Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	 Final Budget Amounts	 Actual	Variance			
Revenues:						
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ 154	\$	154		
Revenues from other agencies	 54,296	 54,296				
Total revenues	54,296	54,450		154		
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay	 	 54,296		(54,296)		
Net change in fund balance	54,296	154		154		
Fund balance, beginning	 61,916	 61,916				
Fund balance, ending	\$ 116,212	\$ 62,070	\$	154		

PEG Fees Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Final Budget mounts	 Actual	Variance		
Revenues:					
Use of money and property	\$ 100	\$ 58	\$	(42)	
Revenues from other agencies	 24,000	26,018		2,018	
Total revenues	24,100	26,076		1,976	
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay	 	3,074		(3,074)	
Net change in fund balance	24,000	23,002		1,976	
Fund balance, beginning	 12,829	 12,829			
Fund balance, ending	\$ 36,829	\$ 35,831	\$	1,976	

Peppertree Foundation Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	A	Actual	Variance		
Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	44,000	\$ 41,545	\$	(2,455)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Community services		37,950	29,138		8,812
Capital outlay		4,900	 5,077		(177)
Total expenditures		42,850	 34,215		8,635
Net change in fund balance		1,150	7,330		6,180
Fund balance (deficit), beginning		(28,715)	(28,715)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	(27,565)	\$ (21,385)	\$	6,180

Propostion 40 - Parks Grant Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Final Budget			
D	 Amounts	 Actual	<u>Va</u>	<u>riance</u>
Revenues:				
Revenue from other agencies	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Expenditures: Capital outlay	 	 		
Net change in fund balance	-	-		-
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	 (53,442)	 (53,442)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (53,442)	\$ (53,442)	\$	_

Traffic Signal Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	В	Final udget nounts		Actual	Variance		
Revenues:	Amounts			retuur			
Use of money and property	\$	20	\$	20	\$	-	
Other Financing Uses:							
Transfers out				(7,079)		(7,079)	
Net change in fund balance		20		(7,059)		(7,079)	
Fund balance, beginning		7,059		7,059		<u>-</u>	
Fund balance, ending	\$	7,079	\$	_	\$	(7,079)	

Measure R Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Final Budget mounts	Actual	Variance		
Revenues:					
Use of money and property	\$ 175	\$ 98	\$	(77)	
Revenues from other agencies	 80,000	 73,674		(6,326)	
Total revenues	80,175	73,772		(6,403)	
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay	 80,000	 7,620		72,380	
Net change in fund balance	175	66,152		65,977	
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	 (4,439)	(4,439)			
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (4,264)	\$ 61,713	\$	65,977	

State Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Final			
		Budget			
	Amounts			Actual	Variance
Revenues:					
Use of money and property	\$	150	\$	360	\$ 210
Revenues from other agencies		210,200		226,070	 15,870
Total revenues		210,350		226,430	16,080
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public works		134,000		176,926	 (42,926)
Net change in fund balance		76,350		49,504	(26,846)
Fund balance, beginning	_	75,653		75,653	
Fund balance, ending	\$	152,003	\$	125,157	\$ (26,846)

State SR2S Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Final Budget				
	A	Amounts	Actual	Variance		
Revenues:						
Revenue from other agencies	\$	496,980	\$ 20,818	\$	(476,162)	
Expenditures: Capital outlay		57,600	33,894		23,706	
Net change in fund balance		439,380	(13,076)		(499,868)	
Fund balance, beginning			 -			
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	439,380	\$ (13,076)	\$	(499,868)	

Federal ARRA Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Final Budget			
	Amounts		 Actual	Variance	
Revenues:		_	 	. <u></u>	
Revenues from other agencies	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Other Financing Uses:					
Transfers in		6,316	 6,316		
Net change in fund balance		(6,316)	6,316		-
Fund balance (deficit), beginning		(6,316)	(6,316)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	(12,632)	\$ 	\$	

ARRA EECBG Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Final Budget			
	Amounts	Actual	7	/ariance
Revenues:				
Revenues from other agencies	\$ 12,039	\$ 43,580	\$	31,541
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	 12,039	 55,701		(43,662)
Net change in fund balance	-	(12,121)		(12,121)
Fund balance, beginning	 			
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ -	\$ (12,121)	\$	(12,121)

Prop A 4th District Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Final Budget			
	Amounts	Actual	1	/ariance
Revenues:				,
Revenues from other agencies	\$ 75,000	\$ 30,780	\$	(44,220)
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	 75,000	 69,897		5,103
Net change in fund balance	-	(39,117)		(39,117)
Fund balance, beginning	 			
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ 	\$ (39,117)	\$	(39,117)

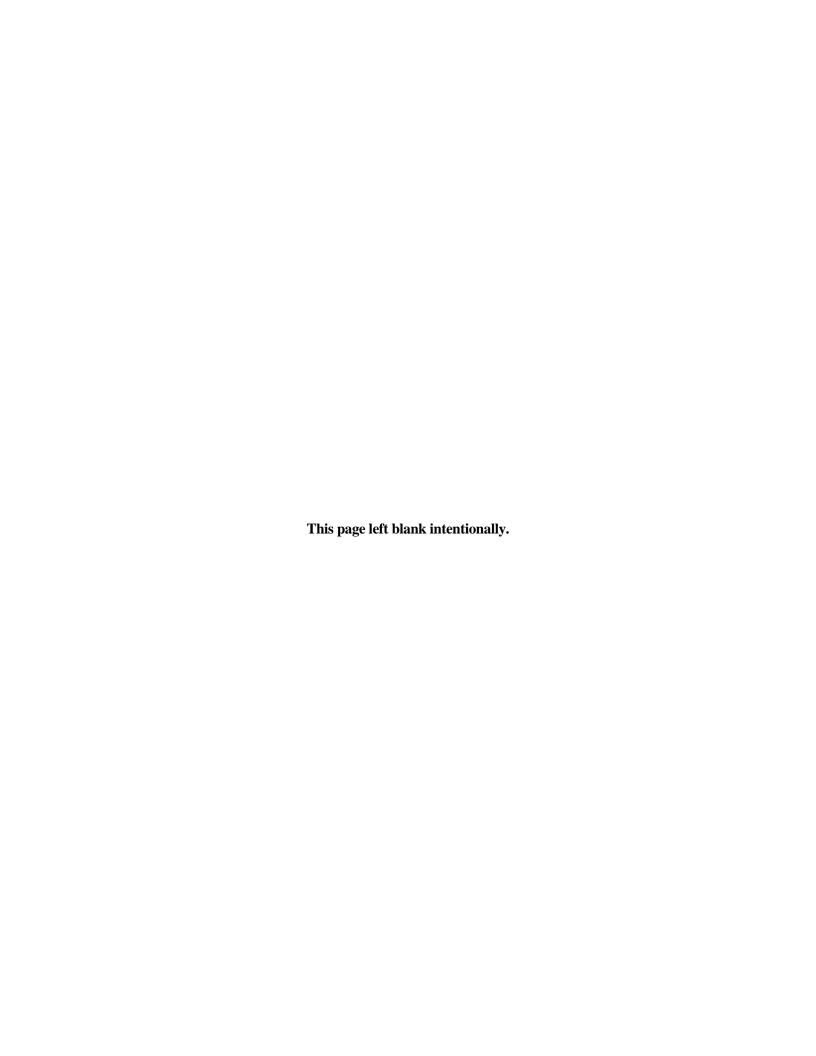
Chandler Equestrian Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

]	Final Budget			
	A	mounts	 Actual	Variance	
Revenues:					
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$ 291	\$	291
Other Financing Uses:					
Donations		100,000	 100,000		
Net change in fund balance		100,000	100,291		291
Fund balance, beginning			 		
Fund balance, ending	\$	100,000	\$ 100,291	\$	291

State of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund Year Ended June 30, 2012

Peninsula Parking	_	Salance e 30, 2011	A	dditions	D	eletions	 alance 30, 2012
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	2,318	\$	27,716	\$	29,224	\$ 810
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	2,318	\$	27,716	\$	29,224	\$ 810





Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2012

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Rolling Hills Estates comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Table of Contents

Page(s)
Financial Trends
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time
Revenue Capacity
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the government's most significant current local revenue source, the property tax
Debt Capacity
These schedules contain present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future
Demographic and Economic Information
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place
Operating Information
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs

Net Assets by Component Last Nine Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
		2004		2005		2006		2007
Governmental activities:								
Invested in capital assets	\$	5,251,555	\$	5,341,886	\$	5,987,248	\$	7,494,508
Restricted		179,635		215,475		529,600		144,809
Unrestricted		4,687,641	_	5,031,669		4,342,205	_	5,102,324
Total governmental								
activities net assets	\$	10,118,831	\$	10,589,030	\$	10,859,053	\$	12,741,641
Business-type activities:								
Invested in capital assets	\$	77,958	\$	70,600	\$	65,512	\$	61,650
Unrestricted	_	172,296	_	167,105	_	111,250	_	60,942
Total business-type								
activities net assets	\$	250,254	\$	237,705	\$	176,762	\$	122,592
Primary government:								
• 0	\$	5 220 512	\$	5 412 496	\$	6.052.760	\$	7 556 150
Invested in capital assets	Ф	5,329,513	Ф	5,412,486	Ф	6,052,760	Ф	7,556,158
Restricted		179,635		215,475		529,600		144,809
Unrestricted		4,859,937		5,198,774	_	4,453,455	_	5,163,266
Total primary government								
net assets	\$	10,369,085	\$	10,826,735	\$	11,035,815	\$	12,864,233

The City of Rolling Hills Estates implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. Therefore, the City only shows nine years of data for this schedule.

Source: City Administrative Services Department.

Fiscal Year

Fiscal Year									
2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
\$ 7,507,337 378,721 4,451,803	\$	7,522,061 533,470 2,733,165	\$	7,437,235 963,108 1,822,165	\$	7,823,648 1,200,294 1,528,215	\$	8,353,841 1,097,622 2,053,400	
\$ 12,337,861	\$	10,788,696	\$	10,222,508	\$	10,552,157	\$	11,504,863	
\$ 57,789 20,132	\$	53,927 (127,910)	\$	50,065 (180,723)	\$	46,203 (267,237)	\$	42,341 (379,604)	
\$ 77,921	\$	(73,983)	\$	(130,658)	\$	(221,034)	\$	(337,263)	
\$ 7,565,126 378,721 4,471,935	\$	7,575,988 533,470 2,605,255	\$	7,487,300 963,108 1,641,442	\$	7,869,851 1,200,294 1,260,978	\$	8,396,182 1,097,622 1,673,796	
\$ 12,415,782	\$	10,714,713	\$	10,091,850	\$	10,331,123	\$	11,167,600	

Changes in Net Assets Last Nine Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

T 1	T 7
Fiscal	Year

				1 15001	1 cui		
_		2004	_	2005		2006	 2007
Expenses:							
Governmental activities:	Φ.	2 200 7 -1					2 221 270
General government	\$	2,280,561	\$	2,254,568	\$	2,973,724	\$ 3,221,350
Public safety		1,666,584		1,666,787		1,705,592	1,878,066
Public works		493,892		765,218		606,608	711,452
Community services		1,352,068		1,408,536		1,531,124	1,712,418
Public health		31,600	_	34,968		37,026	 44,290
Total governmental							
activities expenses		5,824,705		6,130,077		6,854,074	 7,567,576
Business-type activities:			_			_	
Equestrian		596,933		627,980		704,009	716,304
Tennis		62,512		53,302		43,402	48,595
Total business-type		•	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
activities expenses		659,445		681,282		747,411	764,899
Total primary		327,110	_			, ,,,,,,	 ,
government expenses		6,484,150		6,811,359		7,601,485	8,332,475
		0,404,130	_	0,011,339		7,001,465	 6,332,473
Program revenues: Governmental activities:							
Charges for services:		900 002		1.062.064		1 107 772	1 (02 220
General government		809,092		1,063,064		1,187,773	1,683,238
Public safety Public works		117,180		106,084		110,482	107,778
		50,226		110,005		121,529	128,179
Community services		144,718		177,682		118,074	108,927
Operating grants and contributions		594,393		704,988		903,422	851,242
Capital grants and contributions			_				 570,000
Total governmental activities							
program revenues		1,715,609	_	2,161,823		2,441,280	 3,449,364
Business-type activities:							
Charges for services:							
Equestrian		535,648		619,158		630,146	650,405
Tennis		41,597		44,040		46,354	49,250
Capital grants and contributions		33,244.00	_			-	
Total business-type activities		610,489		663,198		676,500	699,655
Total primary government							
program revenues		2,326,098		2,825,021		3,117,780	4,149,019
Net revenues (expenses):							
Governmental activities		(4,109,096)		(3,968,254)		(4,412,794)	(4,118,212)
Business-type activities		(48,956)		(18,084)		(70,911)	(65,244)
Total net revenues (expenses)		(4,158,052)	_	(3,986,338)		(4,483,705)	(4,183,456)
			_				

Fiscal	Year
T ISCA	I Cai

		Fiscal Year		
2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Ф 2545255	Φ 2260.750	4 2 0 0 1 0 1 1	Φ 2075046	ф. 2 001 27 4
\$ 3,747,375	\$ 3,369,758	\$ 3,004,041	\$ 3,075,846	\$ 2,881,374
1,898,712	2,111,932	1,819,095	1,830,016	1,588,967
831,273	1,170,470	912,695	1,114,138	846,106
1,571,983	1,432,368	1,302,670	1,341,466	1,285,501
24,148	28,101	34,059	21,329	16,568
8,073,491	8,112,629	7,072,560	7,382,795	6,618,516
727,488	803,244	775,686	760,759	431,121
47,910	79,890	71,075	75,132	79,373
17,510	77,070	71,075	73,132	17,313
775,398	883,134	846,761	835,891	510,494
8,848,889	8,995,763	7,919,321	8,218,686	7,129,010
, ,		·	, ,	, ,
1,269,611	839,830	927,498	957,765	1,213,944
154,439	118,323	120,235	92,018	123,578
145,452	167,659	171,782	178,088	579,149
52,704	60,771	75,083	59,559	61,664
1,132,788	722,578	776,625	1,295,997	885,398
<u> </u>	76,110	158,306	758,259	356,336
2,754,994	1,985,271	2,229,529	3,341,686	3,220,069
2,134,774	1,765,271	2,227,327	3,341,000	3,220,007
C70 5 47	660 641	720 410	600.071	222 106
670,547	668,641	730,410	688,871	333,106
52,838	59,804	58,923	56,167	60,849
723,385	728,445	789,333	745,038	393,955
3,478,379	2,713,716	3,018,862	4,086,724	3,614,024
(5,318,497)	(6,127,358)	(4,843,031)	(4,041,109)	(3,398,447)
(52,013)			(90,853)	(116,539)
(5,370,510)	-	(4,900,459)	(4,131,962)	(3,514,986)
			<u> </u>	(Continued)

Changes in Net Assets Last Nine Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year 2004 2005 2006 2007 General revenues and other changes in net assets: governmental activities: Intergovernmental: Property taxes \$ 1,175,763 2,028,224 2,189,508 2,387,652 Sales taxes 1,519,280 1,176,372 1,252,817 1,192,703 Motor vehicle in lieu 390,246 196,408 60,142 47,500 taxes -general purpose Taxes: Business license taxes 414,400 469,858 447,760 508,260 Franchise taxes 381,790 360,033 449,007 474,638 Other taxes 82,115 83,640 88,058 156,565 Use of money and property 46,668 84,432 183,821 334,457 Loss on sale of capital asset 800,000 Miscellaneous 17,875 39,486 11,704 99,025 Total governmental activities 4,028,137 4,438,453 4,682,817 6,000,800 Business-type activities: Use of money and property 2,866 5,535 9,968 11,074 Total primary government 4,031,003 4,443,988 4,692,785 6,011,874 **Changes in net assets:** (80,959)470,199 270,023 1,882,588 Governmental activities Business-type activities (46,090)(12,549)(60,943)(54,170)Total primary government (127,049)457,650 209,080 \$ 1,828,418 (Continued)

The City of Rolling Hills Estates implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. Therefore, the City only shows nine years of data for this schedule.

Source: City Administrative Services Department.

T 1	T 7
Fiscal	Year

	Fiscal Year												
	2008 2009				2010		2011		2012				
\$	2,492,172	\$	2,525,072	\$	2,369,270	\$	2,494,828	\$	2,492,529				
	1,199,466		986,408		917,855		917,016		871,060				
							41,550		-				
	36,304		27,834		24,024								
	407.451		202 777		221 (00		067 177		226 224				
	407,451		383,777		221,600		267,177 518,175		236,334				
	530,806		513,902						551,059				
	52,394		40,548	65,435			72,779		69,824				
	206,181		91,946		30,770		18,467		8,706				
	(25,560) 15,503		- 8,706		155,143		- 10.766		121 641				
	13,303		8,700		133,143		40,766	_	121,641				
	4,914,717		4,578,193		4,276,843		4,370,758		4,351,153				
-	1,2 = 1,1 = 1		.,,		1,270,010		.,,		.,,				
	7,342		2,785		753		477		310				
	4,922,059		4,580,978		4,277,596		4,371,235		4,351,463				
	(403,780)		(1,549,165)		(566,188)		329,649		952,706				
	(44,671)		(151,904)		(56,675)		(90,376)		(116,229)				
\$	(448,451)	\$	(1,701,069)	\$	(622,863)	\$	239,273	\$	836,477				

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Nine Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year								
		2004		2005		2006			
General fund:									
Reserved	\$	143,075	\$	142,169	\$	151,099			
Unreserved		3,748,269		4,032,898		4,513,907			
Total general fund	\$	3,891,344	\$	4,175,067	\$	4,665,006			
All other governmental funds:									
Unreserved, reported in:									
Special revenue funds	\$	227,795	\$	353,650	\$	529,600			
Total all other governmental funds	\$	227,795	\$	353,650	\$	529,600			
		20101							
General fund:		2010 1	_	2011	_	2012			
Nonspendable	\$	247,242	\$	86,741	\$	10,406			
Restricted		44,823		37,172		37,172			
Assigned		642,800		502,264		651,223			
Unassigned		1,882,122		1,766,793		2,101,763			
Total general fund	\$	2,816,987	\$	2,392,970	\$	2,800,564			
All other governmental funds:									
Restricted	\$	918,285	\$	1,163,122	\$	1,060,450			
Unassigned		(494,826)		(436,051)		(302,206)			
Total other governmental funds	\$	423,459	\$	727,071	\$	758,244			

The City of Rolling Hills Estates has elected to show only nine years of data for this schedule.

Source: City Administrative Services Department.

Note:

¹ The City early implemented GASB Statement No. 54 under which governmental fund balances are reported as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned compared to reserved and unreserved.

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2007			2008		2009							
\$	833,201	\$	664,853	\$	502,156							
	4,606,973		3,836,098		2,838,092							
\$	5,440,174	\$	4,500,951	\$	3,340,248							
\$	144,809	\$	729,352	\$	361,329							
\$	144,809	\$	729,352	\$	361,329							

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Nine Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
		2004		2005		2006		2007
Revenues:		_	·	_		_		
Sales and use taxes	\$	1,519,280	\$	1,176,372	\$	1,252,817	\$	1,192,703
Business license taxes		404,400		469,858		447,760		508,260
Property taxes		1,175,763		2,028,224		1,252,817		2,387,652
Other taxes		463,906		443,673		1,473,756		631,202
Licenses and permits		728,509		943,695		1,012,310		968,981
Fines and forfeitures		110,207		97,555		104,315		100,602
Use of money and property		89,995		118,395		239,659		363,487
Charges for services		231,346		311,571		316,052		842,995
Revenues from other agencies		992,994		949,400		1,034,968		1,558,834
Other revenues		6,904		27,762		3,150		95,449
Total revenues		5,723,304		6,566,505		7,137,604		8,650,165
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		2,224,260		2,359,003		2,891,255		3,134,345
Public safety		1,666,584		1,666,786		1,705,599		1,878,066
Public works		445,103		678,543		428,794		589,891
Community services		1,327,666		1,365,740		1,444,252		1,617,366
Public health		31,600		34,968		37,026		44,290
Capital outlay		570,639		51,887		959,921		1,795,830
Total expenditures		6,265,852		6,156,927		7,466,847		9,059,788
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(542,548)		409,578	_	(329,243)	_	(409,623)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		-		67,874		-		-
Transfers out		-		(67,874)		-		-
Gain on sale of capital asset		-		-		-		800,000
Donations					_		_	
Total other financing sources (uses)						-		800,000
Net change in fund balances	\$	(542,548)	\$	409,578	\$	(329,243)	\$	390,377
Debt service as a percentage of								
noncapital expenditures		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

The City of Rolling Hills Estates has elected to show only nine years of data for this schedule.

Source: City Administrative Services Department.

Fiscal Year

Fiscal Year											
2008	2009	2010	2011	2012							
¢ 1 100 467	¢ 007.400	¢ 017.055	017.016	971.060							
\$ 1,199,467 407,452	\$ 986,408	\$ 917,855	917,016	871,060							
,	383,777	221,600	267,177	236,334							
2,492,172	2,525,072	2,369,270	2,494,828	2,492,529							
583,202	554,450 491,632	558,182	590,954 681,549	620,883 945,463							
733,268 150,491	114,203	674,137 123,547	103,258	123,299							
221,489	107,527	49,555	34,489	26,341							
630,758	442,179	345,137	345,871	336,337							
1,269,099	955,535	1,099,465	2,261,985	1,779,337							
7,873	2,681	1,099,403	15,317	39,642							
7,873	2,001	147,024	13,317	39,042							
7,695,271	6,563,464	6,506,372	7,712,444	7,471,225							
3,619,451	3,257,757	2,913,496	3,040,509	2,821,517							
1,898,712	2,111,932	1,819,095	1,830,016	1,588,967							
551,488	533,166	591,294	545,170	545,997							
1,472,495	1,347,204	1,215,844	1,300,490	1,188,626							
24,148	28,101	34,059	21,329	16,568							
483,657	814,030	393,715	1,095,335	970,781							
8,049,951	8,092,190	6,967,503	7,832,849	7,132,456							
(354,680)	(1,528,726)	(461,131)	(120,405)	338,769							
48,062	-	-	-	13,395							
(48,062)	-	-	-	(13,395)							
-	-	-	-	-							
				100,000							
				100,000							
\$ (354,680)	\$ (1,528,726)	\$ (461,131)	\$ (120,405)	\$ 438,769							
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A							

Business Tax Rates June 30, 2012

FEE TYPE	BUSINESS TYPE / DESCRIPTION
Application fee	
\$20	New license
\$10	Renewal
Flat fee	
\$40	Contractor
\$100	Delivery, gardener, maintenance, seasonal businesses
400	Horse trainer
\$25	Performing arts theatre
Base fee	
\$25	home occupation
Base + gross receipts	(gross receipt formulas vary according to business type)
\$25 + gross receipts formula	Retail, restaurant, private school, recreational business, wholesale
\$100 + gross receipts formula	Alarm companies
\$150 + gross receipts formula	
\$500 + gross receipts formula	Ready mix plants
\$75 + gross receipts formula	Vending machines
Base + owner/employee fee	
\$150 + \$15 per owner/employee	<u> </u>
\$75 + \$10 per owner/employee	Research & development
Base + square footage	
\$25 + square footage formula	Commercial property rental/leasing
AB 939	10% of any of the above fees for businesses located within Rolling Hills
	Estates, excluding home occupation, alarm and vending machine businesses.
Daily fee	
\$500/day	Motion picture filming - non-commercial/non-public areas
	Motion picture filming - commercial/public areas
\$200/day	Still photography - City property
\$100/day	Still photography - other property
Daily/Quarterly/Annually	
•	Solicitation permit (commercial)
	Solicitation permit (commercial)
\$500/annually	Solicitation permit (commercial)

Note: Business tax rates have not changed within the past three years.

Source: City's Administrative Services Department.

Business Tax Principal Payors June 30, 2012

2011-12 Principal Payors

Abercrombie & Fitch Ann Taylor Retail, Inc. Arco Am/Pm Mini Marts Banana Republic #8557 Bristol Farms Chico's

Coldwater Creek U.S. Inc. CVS/Pharmacy #9607 Domino's Pizza

Gap #279 Grace & Company J Crew

Marmalade, LLC
Morgan's Jewelers

Palos Verdes Bicycle Center Petco Animal Supplies Stores, Inc. Red Onion

> Rite Aid #5480 Rolling Hills Country Club Ruby's Diner Stein Mart Inc #701

T.J. Maxx Of Ca LLC

The Vons Companies, Inc. Trump National Golf Club Williams-Sonoma #408

2002-03 Principal Payors

Ann Taylor Retail, Inc. Arco Am/Pm Mini Marts Banana Republic #8557 Borders Book & Music **Bristol Farms** Chico's CVS/Pharmacy #9607 Domino's Pizza Gap #279 J Crew Marmalade, LLC Morgan's Jewelers Palos Verdes Auto Service Petco Animal Supplies Stores, Inc. Red Onion Restoration Hardware

Rite Aid #5480
Rolling Hills Country Club
Ruby's Diner
Saks Fifth Avenue
Standard Concrete Products Inc
T.J. Maxx Of Ca LLC
The Talbots Inc
The Vons Companies, Inc.
Williams-Sonoma

Source: MuniServices, LLC

Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2012

				Ci	ity's Share of
		Debt			Debt
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX		June 30, 2012	% Applicable (1)	\mathbf{J}_{1}	une 30, 2012
AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:					
Los Angeles County Flood Control District	\$	37,195,000	0.269%	\$	100,055
Metropolitan Water District		196,545,000	0.136%		267,301
Los Angeles Community College District		3,504,910,000	0.466%		16,332,881
Palos Verdes Peninsula Unified School District		79,376,639	13.659%		10,842,055
City of Rolling Hills Estates		0.00	100%		0.00
Palos Verdes Library District		5,575,000	12.991%		724,248
Los Angeles County Regional Park and					
and Open Space Assessment District		170,725,000	0.264%		450,714
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT	\$	3,994,326,639		\$	28,717,254
OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:					
Los Angeles County General Fund Obligations	\$	1,474,122,758	0.264%	\$	3,891,684
Los Angeles County Superintendent of					
Schools Certificates of Participation		11,269,678	0.264%		29,752
Los Angeles County Sanitation District					
No. 5 Authority		49,899,761	3.357%		1,675,135
Los Angeles County Sanitation					
District South Bay Cities Authority		8,501,885	0.027%		2,296
TOTAL OVERLAPPING GENERAL					
FUND DEBT	\$	1,543,794,082		\$	5,598,867
Less: LA County Landfill Revenues		(44,083)			(44,083)
TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING G.F. DEBT		1,543,749,999		\$	5,554,784
Cross Combined Total Debt	¢	5 529 120 721		¢	24 216 120 ⁽²⁾
Gross Combined Total Debt Net Combined Total Debt	\$ \$	5,538,120,721		\$ \$	34,310,120
Net Combined Total Debt	Þ	5,538,076,638		Ф	34,272,037

⁽¹⁾ Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the city.

Ratios to Assessed Valuation:

Direct Debt	0.00%
Total Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	1.17%
Gross Combined Total Debt	1.40%
Net Combined Total Debt	1.40%

STATE SCHOOL BUILDING AID REPAYABLE AS OF 6/30/12: \$0

Source: MuniServices, LLC

⁽²⁾ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue, and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

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Legal Debt Margin Information June 30, 2012

	Fiscal Year								
		2003		2004		2005		2006	
Assessed valuation	\$	1,627,324,230	\$	1,732,493,353	\$	1,909,388,088	\$	1,990,314,921	
Debt limit percentage		15%		15%		15%		15%	
Debt limit		244,098,635		259,874,003		286,408,213		298,547,238	
Total net debt applicable to limit General obligation bonds	:: 								
Legal debt margin	\$	244,098,635	\$	259,874,003	\$	286,408,213	\$	298,547,238	
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	į.	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	

Source: MuniServices, LLC

Legal Debt Margin Information June 30, 2012

Fiscal Year

	2007	_	2008		2009		2010		2011	2012
\$	2,111,502,850	\$	2,249,307,961	\$	2,316,877,079	\$	2,341,956,315	\$	2,354,374,158	\$ 2,430,380,908
_	15%		15%		15%		15%	_	15%	 15%
	316,725,428		337,396,194		347,531,562		351,293,447		353,156,124	364,557,136
				_		_		_		
\$	316,725,428	\$	337,396,194	\$	347,531,562	\$	351,293,447	\$	353,156,124	\$ 364,557,136
	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	0.0%

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (in millions) (2)	Per Capita Personal Income ⁽²⁾	Unemployment Rate (3)
2003	8,051	309,827	31,512	1.9%
2004	8,125	326,402	33,034	1.8%
2005	8,191	346,423	35,022	1.4%
2006	8,073	369,174	37,362	1.2%
2007	8,099	573,207	70,775	1.2%
2008	8,185	601,542	73,493	1.3%
2009	8,138	595,954	73,231	1.9%
2010	8,118	601,885	74,142	3.4%
2011	8,093	602,386	74,433	3.8%
2012	8,097	634,253	78,332	3.3%

Sources:

- (1) MuniSerices, LLC from the California Department of Finance Projections
- (2) MuniServices, LLC from the U.S. Census Data, 2010 American Community Survey Income estimates now incorporate 2010 Census counts as the benchmark. Therefore, 2011 and to 2006-07 have been updated to provide more accurate data.
- (3) MuniServices, LLC from the EDD's Bureau of Labor Statistics Department

Principal Employers Current Year

2012

Employer Employer	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment	
Palos Verdes Peninsula Unified School District	1,970 *	50.51%	
Equinox Palos Verdes	127	3.26%	
US Post Office	113	2.90%	
Rolling Hills Country Club	100	2.56%	
Pavilions	85	2.18%	
Rolling Hills Covenant Church	83	2.13%	
Bristol Farms	72	1.85%	
Marmalade Cafe	62	1.59%	
CVS Pharmacy	55	1.41%	
Abercrombie & Fitch	48	1.23%	
Total Top Employers	2,715	69.62%	
Total City Employment (1)	3,900		

The City of Rolling Hills Estates has elected to present only current year data.

Source: MuniServices, LLC

Results based on direct correspondence with City's local businesses.

⁽¹⁾ Total City Employment provided by EDD Local Force Data.

^{*}Palos Verdes Peninsula Unified School District's employment count represents the entire district, employee counts are not tracked by location.

Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function Last Five Fiscal Years

Full-Time and Part-Time Employees as of June 30,

Function	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
General government	15	15	15	13	14
Public safety	1	1	2	2	0
Community services	10	10	7	7	7
Equestrian	7	7	7	6	0
Tennis	3	4	4	3	4
Total	36	37	35	31	25

The City of Rolling Hills Estates has elected to show only five years of data for this schedule.

Source: City's Administrative Services Department

Operating Indicators by Function Last Five Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Police:					
Arrests	186	184	113	80	53
Parking citations issued	783	519	635	333	214
Fire:					
Number of emergency calls	*	487	531	691	706
Inspections	*	4	3	263	515
Public works:					
Street resurfacing (miles)	2	2	<1	1.2	<1
Community services:					
Number of recreation classes	21	5	5	5	5
Number of facility rentals	0	10	10	10	10
Equestrian:					
Number of equestrain classes	48	40	40	40	20
Number of facility rentals	16	16	16	16	15
Tennis:					
Number of tennis classes	80	80	80	80	80

The City of Rolling Hills Estates has elected to show only five years of data for this schedule.

Source: Various City's Departments, L.A. County Sheriffs Dept., & L.A. County Fire Dept.

^{*}Data not readily available

Capital Assets Statistics by Function Last Five Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year					
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	
Police:						
Stations	0	0	0	0	0	
Fire:						
Fire stations	1 LA County's					
Public works:						
Streets (miles)	28	28	28	28	28	
Streetlights	0	0	0	0	0	
Traffic signals	17 intersections	17 intersections	17 intersections	17 intersections	14 intersections	
Community services:						
Parks	7	7	7	7	7	
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	
Equestrian:						
Facilities	1	1	1	1	1	
Tennis:						
Facilities	1	1	1	1	1	

The City of Rolling Hills Estates has elected to show only five years of data for this schedule.

Source: Various City's Departments, L.A. County Sheriffs Dept., & L.A. County Fire Dept.

Miscellaneous Statistics June 30, 2012

Date of incorporation September 18, 1957

Population 8,093

Form of government Council/Manager

Contract Services:

Police protection County Sheriff

Fire protection County Fire Protection Dist.
Sewers County Sanitation Dist. #5

Utilities:

Water California Water Company
Gas Southern California Gas Co.
Electricity Southern California Edison

Telephone Verizon

City Facilities:

Streets 28 miles
Bike paths 10 miles
Bridle trails 16 miles

Parks 7 with 52.5 acres Stables 1 with 116 stalls

Employees:

Full-time 21 Other 4

Business licenses issued 1,300

Number of Registered Voters 5,823

Source: City Departments & Los Angeles County Registrar - Recorder